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Note: Addenda information is NOT included with the electronic documents available via electronic file transfer. Only bidder or non-bidder package holders listed with the Caltrans Plans and Bid Documents section as described above will receive addenda information.



**STATE OF CALIFORNIA**  
**DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

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**NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS**  
**AND**  
**SPECIAL PROVISIONS**  
**FOR BUILDING CONSTRUCTION IN**  
**GLENN COUNTY 8 km NORTH OF WILLOWS AT THE NORTHBOUND**  
**AND SOUTHBOUND WILLOWS SAFETY ROADSIDE REST AREA**

**DISTRICT 03, ROUTE 5**

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**For Use in Connection with Standard Specifications Dated JULY 1999, Standard Plans Dated JULY 1999, and Labor Surcharge and Equipment Rental Rates.**

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**CONTRACT NO. 03-1A1204**  
**03-Gle-5-R23.5**

**Federal Aid Project**  
**ACIMG-005-7(091)607E**

**Bids Open: April 17, 2001**  
**Dated: March 12, 2001**

**OSD**

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# IMPORTANT SPECIAL NOTICES

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- Attention is directed to the Notice to Contractor and Section 1, "Plans and Specifications," of the special provisions regarding references to the District and District Director's Office. The Office of the District Director for the Northern Region is located at Marysville.
- The Special Provisions for Federal-aid projects (with and without DBE goals) have been revised to incorporate changes made by new regulations governing the DBE Program (49 CFR Part 26).

Sections 2 and 5 incorporate the changes. Bidders should read these sections to become familiar with them. Attention is directed to the following significant changes:

Section 2, "Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE)" revises the counting of participation by DBE primes, and the counting of trucking performed by DBE firms. The section also revises the information that must be submitted to the Department in order to receive credit for trucking.

Section 2, "Submission of DBE Information" revises the information required to be submitted to the Department to receive credit toward the DBE goal. It also revises the criteria to demonstrate good faith efforts.

Section 5, "Subcontractor and DBE Records" revises the information required to be reported at the end of the project, and information related to trucking that must be submitted throughout the project.

Section 5, "DBE Certification Status" adds new reporting requirements related to DBE certification.

Section 5, "Subcontracting" describes the efforts that must be made in the event a DBE subcontractor is terminated or fails to complete its work for any reason.

Section 5, "Prompt Progress Payment to Subcontractors" requires prompt payment to all subcontractors.

Section 5, "Prompt Payment of Withheld Funds to Subcontractors" requires the prompt payment of retention to all subcontractors.

- **Payment Bonds**  
Attention is directed to Section 5 of the Special Provisions, regarding contract bonds. The payment bond shall be in a sum not less than one hundred percent of the total amount payable by the terms of the contract.



# TABLE OF CONTENTS

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.....	1
COPY OF ENGINEER'S ESTIMATE .....	3
SPECIAL PROVISIONS .....	5
SECTION 1. SPECIFICATIONS AND PLANS.....	5
SECTION 2. PROPOSAL REQUIREMENTS AND CONDITIONS.....	5
2-1.01 GENERAL.....	5
2-1.015 FEDERAL LOBBYING RESTRICTIONS.....	6
2-1.02 DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISE (DBE).....	6
2-1.02A DBE GOAL FOR THIS PROJECT .....	8
2-1.02B SUBMISSION OF DBE INFORMATION .....	8
SECTION 3. AWARD AND EXECUTION OF CONTRACT.....	9
SECTION 4. BEGINNING OF WORK, TIME OF COMPLETION AND LIQUIDATED DAMAGES .....	9
SECTION 5. GENERAL .....	10
SECTION 5-1. MISCELLANEOUS .....	10
5-1.01 PLANS AND WORKING DRAWINGS .....	10
5-1.011 EXAMINATION OF PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, CONTRACT, AND SITE OF WORK .....	10
5-1.012 DIFFERING SITE CONDITIONS.....	10
5-1.015 LABORATORY .....	10
5-1.017 CONTRACT BONDS .....	10
5-1.018 EXCAVATION SAFETY PLANS .....	11
5-1.019 COST REDUCTION INCENTIVE.....	11
5-1.02 LABOR NONDISCRIMINATION .....	11
5-1.03 INTEREST ON PAYMENTS .....	11
5-1.031 FINAL PAYMENT AND CLAIMS.....	12
5-1.04 PUBLIC SAFETY .....	12
5-1.05 SURFACE MINING AND RECLAMATION ACT.....	13
5-1.06 REMOVAL OF ASBESTOS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES.....	13
5-1.07 YEAR 2000 COMPLIANCE.....	13
5-1.075 BUY AMERICA REQUIREMENTS.....	14
5-1.08 SUBCONTRACTOR AND DBE RECORDS .....	14
5-1.083 DBE CERTIFICATION STATUS .....	14
5-1.086 PERFORMANCE OF DBE SUBCONTRACTORS AND SUPPLIERS .....	15
5-1.09 SUBCONTRACTING.....	15
5-1.10 PROMPT PROGRESS PAYMENT TO SUBCONTRACTORS .....	15
5-1.102 PROMPT PAYMENT OF WITHHELD FUNDS TO SUBCONTRACTORS .....	16
5-1.11 PARTNERING .....	16
5-1.12 AREAS FOR CONTRACTOR'S USE .....	16
5-1.13 SANITARY FACILITIES .....	16
5-1.14 PAYMENTS .....	16
5-1.15 WATER CONSERVATION .....	17
5-1.16 COOPERATION .....	17
5-1.17 OBSTRUCTIONS .....	17
5-1.18 PRESERVATION OF PROPERTY .....	17
SECTION 6. (BLANK).....	18
SECTION 7. (BLANK).....	18
SECTION 8. MATERIALS .....	18
SECTION 8-1. MISCELLANEOUS .....	18
8-1.01 SUBSTITUTION OF NON-METRIC MATERIALS AND PRODUCTS .....	18
8-1.02 APPROVED TRAFFIC PRODUCTS.....	24
PAVEMENT MARKERS, PERMANENT TYPE .....	24
PAVEMENT MARKERS, TEMPORARY TYPE.....	25
STRIPING AND PAVEMENT MARKING MATERIAL .....	25
CLASS 1 DELINEATORS.....	26
CHANNELIZERS .....	26

CONICAL DELINEATORS, 1070 mm .....	26
OBJECT MARKERS.....	27
TEMPORARY RAILING (TYPE K) REFLECTORS AND CONCRETE BARRIER MARKERS .....	27
THRIE BEAM BARRIER MARKERS.....	27
CONCRETE BARRIER DELINEATORS, 400 mm .....	27
CONCRETE BARRIER-MOUNTED MINI-DRUM (260 mm x 360 mm x 570 mm) .....	27
SOUND WALL DELINEATOR.....	27
GUARD RAILING DELINEATOR.....	27
RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING .....	28
SPECIALTY SIGN (All Plastic) .....	29
SIGN SUBSTRATE FOR CONSTRUCTION AREA SIGNS .....	29
8-1.03 STATE-FURNISHED MATERIALS .....	29
SECTION 8-2. CONCRETE.....	29
8-2.01 PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE.....	29
SECTION 9. (BLANK).....	39
SECTION 10. CONSTRUCTION DETAILS.....	39
SECTION 10-1. GENERAL .....	39
10-1.00 CONSTRUCTION PROJECT INFORMATION SIGNS .....	39
10-1.01 ORDER OF WORK.....	40
10-1.02 WATER POLLUTION CONTROL.....	40
WATER POLLUTION CONTROL PROGRAM PREPARATION, APPROVAL AND UPDATES .....	41
WPCP IMPLEMENTATION .....	42
MAINTENANCE .....	43
PAYMENT .....	43
10-1.03 TEMPORARY FENCE .....	43
10-1.04 PRESERVATION OF PROPERTY .....	44
10-1.05 DAMAGE REPAIR.....	44
10-1.06 RELIEF FROM MAINTENANCE AND RESPONSIBILITY.....	44
10-1.07 PROGRESS SCHEDULE .....	44
10-1.08 CONSTRUCTION AREA TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES .....	44
10-1.09 CONSTRUCTION AREA SIGNS .....	45
10-1.10 MAINTAINING TRAFFIC.....	45
10-1.11 BARRICADE .....	45
10-1.12 CHANNELIZER .....	46
10-1.13 EXISTING HIGHWAY FACILITIES .....	46
REMOVE THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING.....	46
REMOVE ROADSIDE SIGN .....	46
REMOVE FENCE.....	46
RELOCATE TABLE TOP .....	46
REMOVE CONCRETE.....	47
10-1.14 CLEARING AND GRUBBING.....	47
10-1.15 EARTHWORK.....	47
10-1.16 AGGREGATE BASE.....	47
10-1.17 SLURRY SEAL.....	47
10-1.18 ASPHALT CONCRETE .....	47
10-1.19 REPLACE ASPHALT CONCRETE SURFACING.....	48
10-1.20 ROADSIDE SIGNS.....	48
10-1.21 CORRUGATED METAL PIPE .....	48
10-1.22 MISCELLANEOUS FACILITIES.....	48
10-1.23 MISCELLANEOUS CONCRETE CONSTRUCTION .....	49
10-1.24 CHAIN LINK FENCE.....	49
10-1.25 METAL BEAM GUARD RAILING .....	49
TERMINAL SYSTEM (TYPE SRT) .....	49
10-1.26 THERMOPLASTIC TRAFFIC STRIPE AND PAVEMENT MARKING .....	50
10-1.27 PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING .....	50
10-1.28 PAVEMENT MARKERS (RETROREFLECTIVE).....	50
SECTION 10-2. HIGHWAY PLANTING AND IRRIGATION SYSTEMS .....	50
10-2.01 GENERAL.....	50
COST BREAK-DOWN .....	51

10-2.02 EXISTING HIGHWAY PLANTING .....	54
MAINTAIN EXISTING PLANTED AREAS.....	54
10-2.03 EXISTING HIGHWAY IRRIGATION FACILITIES.....	54
CHECK AND TEST EXISTING IRRIGATION FACILITIES.....	54
MAINTAIN EXISTING IRRIGATION FACILITIES .....	55
REMOVE EXISTING IRRIGATION FACILITIES.....	55
10-2.04 HIGHWAY PLANTING.....	55
ROADSIDE CLEARING.....	55
WEED CONTROL .....	56
CULTIVATE.....	56
TURF (SOD).....	56
PLANT ESTABLISHMENT WORK.....	57
10-2.05 IRRIGATION SYSTEMS .....	57
VALVE BOXES.....	57
ELECTRIC AUTOMATIC IRRIGATION COMPONENTS .....	57
10-2.06 IRRIGATION SYSTEMS .....	58
IRRIGATION SYSTEMS FUNCTIONAL TEST .....	58
PIPE .....	58
FINAL IRRIGATION SYSTEM CHECK .....	58
SECTION 10-3. ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS .....	59
10-3.01 DESCRIPTION .....	59
10-3.02 CONDUCTORS AND WIRING.....	59
10-3.03 DETECTORS .....	59
10-3.04 PAYMENT .....	59
SECTION 11. (BLANK).....	59
SECTION 12. BUILDING WORK.....	59
SECTION 12-1. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS .....	59
12-1.01 SCOPE.....	59
12-1.02 ABBREVIATIONS .....	60
12-1.03 GUARANTEE.....	60
12-1.04 SUBMITTALS .....	61
12-1.05 PROGRESS SCHEDULE .....	61
12-1.06 SCHEDULE OF VALUES.....	61
12-1.07 INSPECTION .....	62
12-1.08 UTILITY CONNECTION.....	62
12-1.09 TEMPORARY UTILITIES.....	62
12-1.10 REFERENCES .....	62
12-1.11 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT .....	62
12-1.12 FIELD ENGINEERING.....	62
12-1.13 SUBSTITUTION OF NON-METRIC MATERIALS AND PRODUCTS .....	63
SECTION 12-2. SITEWORK .....	74
12-2.01 REMOVING PORTIONS OF EXISTING FACILITIES .....	74
12-2.02 RELOCATING MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT .....	74
12-2.03 CORE CONCRETE.....	75
12-2.04 EARTHWORK FOR BUILDING WORK.....	75
12-2.05 AGGREGATE BASE.....	78
12-2.06 FREE DRAINING GRANULAR MATERIAL.....	79
12-2.07 SANITARY SEWAGE DISPOSAL SYSTEM.....	79
SECTION 12-3. CONCRETE AND REINFORCEMENT .....	82
12-3.01 CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE.....	82
SECTION 12-4. MASONRY.....	87
12-4.01 CONCRETE MASONRY UNITS.....	87
SECTION 12-5. METALS.....	91
12-5.01 STRUCTURAL STEEL FOR BUILDINGS.....	91
12-5.02 METAL DECKING.....	94
12-5.03 BUILDING MISCELLANEOUS METAL .....	96
SECTION 12-6. WOOD AND PLASTICS .....	98
12-6.01 ROUGH CARPENTRY .....	98
12-6.02 GLUED LAMINATED MEMBERS.....	100

12-6.03 PRE-ENGINEERED WOOD TRUSSES .....	101
12-6.04 CABINETS .....	103
SECTION 12-7. THERMAL AND MOISTURE PROTECTION .....	106
12-7.01 WATER REPELLENT COATING .....	106
12-7.02 INSULATION (GENERAL) .....	106
12-7.03 BATT AND BLANKET INSULATION .....	107
12-7.04 RIGID WALL INSULATION .....	108
12-7.05 METAL ROOFING .....	109
12-7.06 SHEET METAL FLASHING .....	112
12-7.07 SEALANTS AND CAULKING .....	114
SECTION 12-8. DOORS AND WINDOWS .....	115
12-8.01 HINGED DOORS .....	115
12-8.02 PRESSED METAL FRAMED WINDOWS .....	116
12-8.03 FINISH HARDWARE .....	117
12-8.04 GLAZING .....	121
SECTION 12-9. FINISHES .....	123
12-9.01 GYPSUM WALLBOARD .....	123
12-9.02 CERAMIC TILE .....	124
12-9.03 RUBBER BASE .....	130
12-9.04 VINYL COMPOSITION TILE .....	131
12-9.05 PAINTING .....	132
SECTION 12-10. SPECIALTIES .....	136
12-10.01 TACKBOARDS .....	136
12-10.02 MARKER BOARDS .....	136
12-10.03 TOILET PARTITIONS .....	137
12-10.04 LOUVERS .....	138
12-10.05 SIGNS .....	138
12-10.06 WARDROBE LOCKERS .....	140
12-10.07 FIRE EXTINGUISHERS AND CABINETS .....	141
12-10.08 FREE STANDING STEEL SHELVING AND CABINET .....	142
12-10.09 TOILET ROOM ACCESSORIES .....	143
SECTION 12-11. EQUIPMENT .....	144
12-11.01 SEWAGE PUMPING STATION EQUIPMENT .....	144
SECTION 12-12. THRU 12-14. (BLANK) .....	146
SECTION 12-15. MECHANICAL .....	146
12-15.01 MECHANICAL WORK .....	146
12-15.02 PIPE, FITTINGS AND VALVES .....	147
12-15.03 MECHANICAL INSULATION .....	153
12-15.04 PLUMBING FIXTURES .....	155
12-15.05 HEATING, VENTILATING AND AIR CONDITIONING EQUIPMENT AND SYSTEMS .....	158
SECTION 12-16. ELECTRICAL .....	160
12-16.01 ELECTRICAL WORK .....	160
12-16.02 BASIC MATERIALS AND METHODS .....	161
12-16.03 ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT .....	167
12-16.04 LIGHTING .....	169
12-16.05 SEWAGE PUMP CONTROL STATION .....	171
SECTION 13. (BLANK) .....	175
SECTION 14 FEDERAL REQUIREMENTS FOR FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS .....	176



# STANDARD PLANS LIST

The Standard Plan sheets applicable to this contract include, but are not limited to those indicated below. The Revised Standard Plans (RSP) and New Standard Plans (NSP) which apply to this contract are included as individual sheets of the project plans.

A10A	Abbreviations
A10B	Symbols
A20B	Pavement Markers and Traffic Lines, Typical Details
A20C	Pavement Markers and Traffic Lines, Typical Details
A24A	Pavement Markings - Arrows
A24C	Pavement Markings - Symbols and Numerals
A24E	Pavement Markings - Words and Crosswalks
A62A	Excavation and Backfill - Miscellaneous Details
A62F	Excavation and Backfill - Metal and Plastic Culverts
A73A	Object Markers
RSP A73C	Delineators, Channelizers and Barricades
A77A	Metal Beam Guard Railing – Typical Wood Post With Wood Block
A77B	Metal Beam Guard Railing - Standard Hardware
A77C	Metal Beam Guard Railing – Wood Post and Wood Block Details
A77D	Metal Beam Guard Railing – Typical Layouts
A77E	Metal Beam Guard Railing – Typical Layouts
A77FA	Metal Beam Guard Railing – Typical Line Post Installation
RSP A77G	Metal Beam Guard Railing – End Treatment, Terminal Anchor Assembly (Type SFT)
A77H	Metal Beam Guard Railing - Anchor Cable and Anchor Plate Details
RSP A77L	Metal Beam Guard Railing and Single Faced Barrier Railing Terminal System - End Treatments
A87	Curbs, Dikes and Driveways
A88A	Curb Ramp Details
A88B	Curb Ramp Details
A90	Accessible Parking
D94A	Metal and Plastic Flared End Sections
D97A	Corrugated Metal Pipe Coupling Details No. 1 - Annular Coupling Band Bar and Strap and Angle Connectors
D97B	Corrugated Metal Pipe Coupling Details No. 2 - Hat Band Coupler and Flange Details
D97C	Corrugated Metal Pipe Coupling Details No. 3 - Helical and Universal Couplers
D97D	Corrugated Metal Pipe Coupling Details No. 4 - Hugger Coupling Bands
D97E	Corrugated Metal Pipe Coupling Details No. 5 - Standard Joint
H1	Planting and Irrigation - Abbreviations
H2	Planting and Irrigation - Symbols
T10A	Traffic Control System for Lane and Complete Closures On Freeways and Expressways
RS1	Roadside Signs, Typical Installation Details No. 1
RS2	Roadside Signs - Wood Post, Typical Installation Details No. 2
ES-5A	Signal, Lighting and Electrical Systems - Detectors
ES-5B	Signal, Lighting and Electrical Systems - Detectors
ES-13A	Signal, Lighting and Electrical Systems - Splicing Details



DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

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NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

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CONTRACT NO. 03-1A1204

03-Gle-5-R23.5

Sealed proposals for the work shown on the plans entitled:

**STATE OF CALIFORNIA; DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION; PROJECT PLANS FOR BUILDING  
CONSTRUCTION IN GLENN COUNTY 8 km NORTH OF WILLOWS AT THE NORTHBOUND AND  
SOUTHBOUND WILLOWS SAFETY ROADSIDE REST AREA**

will be received at the Department of Transportation, 1120 N Street, Room 0200, MS #26, Sacramento, CA 95814, until 2 o'clock p.m. on April 17, 2001, at which time they will be publicly opened and read in Room 0100 at the same address.

Proposal forms for this work are included in a separate book entitled:

**STATE OF CALIFORNIA; DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION; PROPOSAL AND CONTRACT FOR  
BUILDING CONSTRUCTION IN GLENN COUNTY 8 km NORTH OF WILLOWS AT THE NORTHBOUND  
AND SOUTHBOUND WILLOWS SAFETY ROADSIDE REST AREA**

General work description: Upgrade safety roadside rest area.

This project has a goal of 12 percent disadvantaged business enterprise (DBE) participation.  
No prebid meeting is scheduled for this project.

**THIS PROJECT IS SUBJECT TO THE "BUY AMERICA" PROVISIONS OF THE SURFACE  
TRANSPORTATION ASSISTANCE ACT OF 1982 AS AMENDED BY THE INTERMODAL SURFACE  
TRANSPORTATION EFFICIENCY ACT OF 1991.**

Bids are required for the entire work described herein.

At the time this contract is awarded, the Contractor shall possess either a Class A license or Class B license or a combination of Class C licenses which constitutes a majority of the work.

This contract is subject to state contract nondiscrimination and compliance requirements pursuant to Government Code, Section 12990.

The District in which the work for this project is located has been incorporated into the Department's Northern Region. References in the Standard Specifications or in the special provisions to the district shall be deemed to mean the Northern Region. The office of the District Director for the Northern Region is located at Marysville.

Project plans, special provisions, and proposal forms for bidding this project can only be obtained at the Department of Transportation, Plans and Bid Documents, Room 0200, MS #26, Transportation Building, 1120 N Street, Sacramento, California 95814, FAX No. (916) 654-7028, Telephone No. (916) 654-4490. Use FAX orders to expedite orders for project plans, special provisions and proposal forms. FAX orders must include credit card charge number, card expiration date and authorizing signature. Project plans, special provisions, and proposal forms may be seen at the above Department of Transportation office and at the offices of the District Directors of Transportation at Irvine, Oakland, and the district in which the work is situated. Standard Specifications and Standard Plans are available through the State of California, Department of Transportation, Publications Unit, 1900 Royal Oaks Drive, Sacramento, CA 95815, Telephone No. (916) 445-3520.

Cross sections for this project are not available.

The successful bidder shall furnish a payment bond and a performance bond.

The Department of Transportation hereby notifies all bidders that it will affirmatively insure that in any contract entered into pursuant to this advertisement, disadvantaged business enterprises will be afforded full opportunity to submit bids in response to this invitation.

The U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT) provides a toll-free "hotline" service to report bid rigging activities. Bid rigging activities can be reported Mondays through Fridays, between 8:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m., eastern time, Telephone No. 1-800-424-9071. Anyone with knowledge of possible bid rigging, bidder collusion, or other fraudulent activities should use the "hotline" to report these activities. The "hotline" is part of the DOT's continuing effort to identify and investigate highway construction contract fraud and abuse and is operated under the direction of the DOT Inspector General. All information will be treated confidentially and caller anonymity will be respected.

Pursuant to Section 1773 of the Labor Code, the general prevailing wage rates in the county, or counties, in which the work is to be done have been determined by the Director of the California Department of Industrial Relations. These wages are set forth in the General Prevailing Wage Rates for this project, available at the Labor Compliance Office at the offices of the District Director of Transportation for the district in which the work is situated, and available from the California Department of Industrial Relations' Internet Web Site at: <http://www.dir.ca.gov>. The Federal minimum wage rates for this project as predetermined by the United States Secretary of Labor are set forth in the books issued for bidding purposes entitled "Proposal and Contract," and in copies of this book that may be examined at the offices described above where project plans, special provisions, and proposal forms may be seen. Addenda to modify the Federal minimum wage rates, if necessary, will be issued to holders of "Proposal and Contract" books. Future effective general prevailing wage rates which have been predetermined and are on file with the California Department of Industrial Relations are referenced but not printed in the general prevailing wage rates.

Attention is directed to the Federal minimum wage rate requirements in the books entitled "Proposal and Contract." If there is a difference between the minimum wage rates predetermined by the Secretary of Labor and the general prevailing wage rates determined by the Director of the California Department of Industrial Relations for similar classifications of labor, the Contractor and subcontractors shall pay not less than the higher wage rate. The Department will not accept lower State wage rates not specifically included in the Federal minimum wage determinations. This includes "helper" (or other classifications based on hours of experience) or any other classification not appearing in the Federal wage determinations. Where Federal wage determinations do not contain the State wage rate determination otherwise available for use by the Contractor and subcontractors, the Contractor and subcontractors shall pay not less than the Federal minimum wage rate which most closely approximates the duties of the employees in question.

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Deputy Director Transportation Engineering

Dated March 12, 2001

MCT

**COPY OF ENGINEER'S ESTIMATE**  
**(NOT TO BE USED FOR BIDDING PURPOSES)**

**03-1A1204**

Item	Item Code	Item	Unit of Measure	Estimated Quantity
1	071322	TEMPORARY FENCE (TYPE CL-1.8)	M	410
2	120090	CONSTRUCTION AREA SIGNS	LS	LUMP SUM
3	120100	TRAFFIC CONTROL SYSTEM	LS	LUMP SUM
4	120120	TYPE III BARRICADE	EA	8
5	120165	CHANNELIZER (SURFACE MOUNTED)	EA	20
6	150605	REMOVE FENCE	M	660
7	150715	REMOVE THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING	M2	84
8	150742	REMOVE ROADSIDE SIGN	EA	6
9	020891	RELOCATE TABLE TOP	EA	1
10	153214	REMOVE CONCRETE CURB	M	120
11	153218	REMOVE CONCRETE SIDEWALK	M2	290
12	190101	ROADWAY EXCAVATION	M3	120
13	200001	HIGHWAY PLANTING	LS	LUMP SUM
14	204099	PLANT ESTABLISHMENT WORK	LS	LUMP SUM
15	208000	IRRIGATION SYSTEM	LS	LUMP SUM
16	260201	CLASS 2 AGGREGATE BASE	M3	94
17	377501	SLURRY SEAL	TONN	130
18	390145	REPLACE ASPHALT CONCRETE SURFACING	M3	170
19	390189	ASPHALT CONCRETE (TYPE A, 19-MM MAXIMUM GRADING)	TONN	52
20	566011	ROADSIDE SIGN - ONE POST	EA	10

Item	Item Code	Item	Unit of Measure	Estimated Quantity
21	566012	ROADSIDE SIGN - TWO POST	EA	2
22	667050	525 MM X 375 MM CORRUGATED STEEL PIPE ARCH (2.01 MM THICK)	M	10
23	705474	525 MM X 375 MM STEEL FLARED END PIPE ARCH SECTION	EA	2
24	731501	MINOR CONCRETE (CURB)	M	110
25	731512	MINOR CONCRETE (EXPOSED AGGREGATE SIDEWALK)	M3	67
26	731623	MINOR CONCRETE (CURB RAMP)	M3	4
27	800385	CHAIN LINK FENCE (TYPE CL-1.2)	M	500
28	832003	METAL BEAM GUARD RAILING (WOOD POST)	M	500
29	839565	TERMINAL SYSTEM (TYPE SRT)	EA	2
30	839568	TERMINAL ANCHOR ASSEMBLY (TYPE SFT)	EA	2
31	840515	THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING	M2	87
32	840561	100 MM THERMOPLASTIC TRAFFIC STRIPE	M	1490
33	840563	200 MM THERMOPLASTIC TRAFFIC STRIPE	M	60
34	840666	PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING (2-COAT)	M2	305
35	850111	PAVEMENT MARKER (RETROREFLECTIVE)	EA	220
36	860810	INDUCTIVE LOOP DETECTOR	EA	2
37	994650	BUILDING WORK	LS	LUMP SUM

**STATE OF CALIFORNIA**  
**DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

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**SPECIAL PROVISIONS**

**Annexed to Contract No. 03-1A1204**

**SECTION 1. SPECIFICATIONS AND PLANS**

The work embraced herein shall conform to the provisions in the Standard Specifications dated July 1999, and the Standard Plans dated July 1999, of the Department of Transportation insofar as the same may apply, and these special provisions.

Amendments to the Standard Specifications set forth in these special provisions shall be considered as part of the Standard Specifications for the purposes set forth in Section 5-1.04, "Coordination and Interpretation of Plans, Standard Specifications and Special Provisions," of the Standard Specifications. Whenever either the term "Standard Specifications is amended" or the term "Standard Specifications are amended" is used in the special provisions, the indented text or table following the term shall be considered an amendment to the Standard Specifications. In case of conflict between such amendments and the Standard Specifications, the amendments shall take precedence over and be used in lieu of the conflicting portions.

The District in which the work for this project is located has been incorporated into the Department's Northern Region. References in the Standard Specifications or in these special provisions to the district shall be deemed to mean the Northern Region. The office of the District Director for the Northern Region is located at Marysville.

In case of conflict between the Standard Specifications and these special provisions, the special provisions shall take precedence over and shall be used in lieu of the conflicting portions.

**SECTION 2. PROPOSAL REQUIREMENTS AND CONDITIONS**

**2-1.01 GENERAL**

The bidder's attention is directed to the provisions in Section 2, "Proposal Requirements and Conditions," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions for the requirements and conditions which the bidder must observe in the preparation of the Proposal form and the submission of the bid.

In addition to the subcontractors required to be listed in conformance with Section 2-1.054, "Required Listing of Proposed Subcontractors," of the Standard Specifications, each proposal shall have listed therein the portion of work that will be performed by each subcontractor listed.

The Bidder's Bond form mentioned in the last paragraph in Section 2-1.07, "Proposal Guaranty," of the Standard Specifications will be found following the signature page of the Proposal.

Submit request for substitution of an "or equal" item, and the data substantiating the request to the Department of Transportation, P.O. Box 911, Marysville, CA 95901, Attn: NRCO/Contract Administration Engineer, so that the request is received by the Department by close of business on the fourth day, not including Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays, following bid opening.

In conformance with Public Contract Code Section 7106, a Noncollusion Affidavit is included in the Proposal. Signing the Proposal shall also constitute signature of the Noncollusion Affidavit.

The contractor, sub recipient or subcontractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the performance of this contract. The contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR part 26 in the award and administration of DOT-assisted contracts. Failure by the contractor to carry out these requirements is a material breach of this contract, which may result in the termination of this contract or such other remedy as the recipient deems appropriate. Each subcontract signed by the bidder must include this assurance.

## **2-1.015 FEDERAL LOBBYING RESTRICTIONS**

Section 1352, Title 31, United States Code prohibits Federal funds from being expended by the recipient or any lower tier subrecipient of a Federal-aid contract to pay for any person for influencing or attempting to influence a Federal agency or Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal-aid contract, the making of any Federal grant or loan, or the entering into of any cooperative agreement.

If any funds other than Federal funds have been paid for the same purposes in connection with this Federal-aid contract, the recipient shall submit an executed certification and, if required, submit a completed disclosure form as part of the bid documents.

A certification for Federal-aid contracts regarding payment of funds to lobby Congress or a Federal agency is included in the Proposal. Standard Form - LLL, "Disclosure of Lobbying Activities," with instructions for completion of the Standard Form is also included in the Proposal. Signing the Proposal shall constitute signature of the Certification.

The above-referenced certification and disclosure of lobbying activities shall be included in each subcontract and any lower-tier contracts exceeding \$100,000. All disclosure forms, but not certifications, shall be forwarded from tier to tier until received by the Engineer.

The Contractor, subcontractors and any lower-tier contractors shall file a disclosure form at the end of each calendar quarter in which there occurs any event that requires disclosure or that materially affects the accuracy of the information contained in any disclosure form previously filed by the Contractor, subcontractors and any lower-tier contractors. An event that materially affects the accuracy of the information reported includes:

- A. A cumulative increase of \$25,000 or more in the amount paid or expected to be paid for influencing or attempting to influence a covered Federal action; or
- B. A change in the person(s) or individual(s) influencing or attempting to influence a covered Federal action; or,
- C. A change in the officer(s), employee(s), or Member(s) contacted to influence or attempt to influence a covered Federal action.

## **2-1.02 DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISE (DBE)**

This project is subject to Part 26, Title 49, Code of Federal Regulations entitled "Participation by Disadvantaged Business Enterprises in Department of Transportation Financial Assistance Programs." The Regulations in their entirety are incorporated herein by this reference.

Bidders shall be fully informed respecting the requirements of the Regulations and the Department's Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) program developed pursuant to the Regulations; particular attention is directed to the following matters:

- A. A DBE must be a small business concern as defined pursuant to Section 3 of U.S. Small Business Act and relevant regulations promulgated pursuant thereto.
- B. A DBE may participate as a prime contractor, subcontractor, joint venture partner with a prime or subcontractor, vendor of material or supplies, or as a trucking company.
- C. A DBE bidder, not bidding as a joint venture with a non-DBE, will be required to document one or a combination of the following:
  - 1. The bidder will meet the goal by performing work with its own forces.
  - 2. The bidder will meet the goal through work performed by DBE subcontractors, suppliers or trucking companies.
  - 3. The bidder, prior to bidding, made adequate good faith efforts to meet the goal.
- D. A DBE joint venture partner must be responsible for specific contract items of work, or portions thereof. Responsibility means actually performing, managing and supervising the work with its own forces. The DBE joint venture partner must share in the capital contribution, control, management, risks and profits of the joint venture. The DBE joint venturer must submit the joint venture agreement with the proposal or the DBE Information form required in the Section entitled "Submission of DBE Information" of these special provisions.
- E. A DBE must perform a commercially useful function, i.e., must be responsible for the execution of a distinct element of the work and must carry out its responsibility by actually performing, managing and supervising the work.
- F. DBEs must be certified by either the California Department of Transportation, or by a participating State of California or local agency which certifies in conformance with Title 49, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 26, as of the date of bid opening. It is the Contractor's responsibility to verify that DBEs are certified. Listings of DBEs certified by the Department are available from the following sources:



1. The Department's DBE Directory, which is published quarterly. This Directory may be obtained from the Department of Transportation, Materiel Operations Branch, Publication Distribution Unit, 1900 Royal Oaks Drive, Sacramento, California 95815, Telephone: (916) 445-3520.
2. The Department's Electronic Information Bulletin Board Service, which is accessible by modem and is updated weekly. The Bulletin Board may be accessed by first contacting the Department's Business Enterprise Program at Telephone: (916) 227-8937 and obtaining a user identification and password.
3. The Department's web site at <http://www.dot.ca.gov/hq/bep/index.htm>.
4. The organizations listed in the Section entitled "DBE Goal for this Project" of these special provisions.

G. Credit for materials or supplies purchased from DBEs will be as follows:

1. If the materials or supplies are obtained from a DBE manufacturer, 100 percent of the cost of the materials or supplies will count toward the DBE goal. A DBE manufacturer is a firm that operates or maintains a factory or establishment that produces, on the premises, the materials, supplies, articles, or equipment required under the contract and of the general character described by the specifications.
2. If the materials or supplies are purchased from a DBE regular dealer, 60 percent of the cost of the materials or supplies will count toward the DBE goal. A DBE regular dealer is a firm that owns, operates, or maintains a store, warehouse, or other establishment in which the materials, supplies, articles or equipment of the general character described by the specifications and required under the contract are bought, kept in stock, and regularly sold or leased to the public in the usual course of business. To be a DBE regular dealer, the firm must be an established, regular business that engages, as its principal business and under its own name, in the purchase and sale or lease of the products in question. A person may be a DBE regular dealer in such bulk items as petroleum products, steel, cement, gravel, stone, or asphalt without owning, operating, or maintaining a place of business as provided in this paragraph G.2. if the person both owns and operates distribution equipment for the products. Any supplementing of regular dealers' own distribution equipment shall be by a long-term lease agreement and not on an ad hoc or contract-by-contract basis. Packagers, brokers, manufacturers' representatives, or other persons who arrange or expedite transactions are not DBE regular dealers within the meaning of this paragraph G.2.
3. Credit for materials or supplies purchased from a DBE which is neither a manufacturer nor a regular dealer will be limited to the entire amount of fees or commissions charged for assistance in the procurement of the materials and supplies, or fees or transportation charges for the delivery of materials or supplies required on a job site, provided the fees are reasonable and not excessive as compared with fees charged for similar services.

H. Credit for DBE trucking companies will be as follows:

1. The DBE must be responsible for the management and supervision of the entire trucking operation for which it is responsible on a particular contract, and there cannot be a contrived arrangement for the purpose of meeting the DBE goal.
2. The DBE must itself own and operate at least one fully licensed, insured, and operational truck used on the contract.
3. The DBE receives credit for the total value of the transportation services it provides on the contract using trucks it owns, insures, and operates using drivers it employs.
4. The DBE may lease trucks from another DBE firm, including an owner-operator who is certified as a DBE. The DBE who leases trucks from another DBE receives credit for the total value of the transportation services the lessee DBE provides on the contract.
5. The DBE may also lease trucks from a non-DBE firm, including an owner-operator. The DBE who leases trucks from a non-DBE is entitled to credit only for the fee or commission it receives as a result of the lease arrangement. The DBE does not receive credit for the total value of the transportation services provided by the lessee, since these services are not provided by a DBE.
6. For the purposes of this paragraph H, a lease must indicate that the DBE has exclusive use of and control over the truck. This does not preclude the leased truck from working for others during the term of the lease with the consent of the DBE, so long as the lease gives the DBE absolute priority for use of the leased truck. Leased trucks must display the name and identification number of the DBE.

- I. Noncompliance by the Contractor with the requirements of the regulations constitutes a breach of this contract and may result in termination of the contract or other appropriate remedy for a breach of this contract.
- J. Bidders are encouraged to use services offered by financial institutions owned and controlled by DBEs.

## 2-1.02A DBE GOAL FOR THIS PROJECT

The Department has established the following goal for Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) participation for this project:

Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE): 12 percent

Bidders may use the services of the following firms to contact interested DBEs. These firms are available to assist DBEs in preparing bids for subcontracting or supplying materials.

The following firms may be contacted for projects in the following locations:

Districts 04, 05 (except San Luis Obispo and Santa Barbara Counties), 06 (except Kern County) and 10:	Districts 08, 11 and 12:
Triaxial Management Services, Inc. - Oakland  1545 Willow Street, 1st Floor Oakland, CA 94607 Telephone - (510) 286-1313 FAX No. - (510) 286-6792	Triaxial Management Services, Inc. - San Diego 2725 Congress Street, Suite 1-D San Diego, CA 92110 Telephone - (619) 543-5109 FAX No. - (619) 543-5108
Districts 07 and 08; in San Luis Obispo and Santa Barbara Counties in District 05; and in Kern County in District 06:	Districts 01, 02, 03 and 09:
Triaxial Management Services, Inc. - Los Angeles 2594 Industry Way, Suite 101 Lynwood, CA 90262 Telephone - (310) 537-6677 FAX No. - (310) 637-0128	Triaxial Management Services, Inc. - Sacramento 930 Alhambra Blvd., #205 Sacramento, CA 95816 Telephone - (916) 553-4172 FAX No. - (916) 553-4173

## 2-1.02B SUBMISSION OF DBE INFORMATION

The required DBE information shall be submitted on the "CALTRANS BIDDER - DBE INFORMATION" form included in the Proposal. If the DBE information is not submitted with the bid, the DBE Information form shall be removed from the documents prior to submitting the bid.

It is the bidder's responsibility to make enough work available to DBEs and to select those portions of the work or material needs consistent with the available DBEs to meet the goal for DBE participation or to provide information to establish that, prior to bidding, the bidder made adequate good faith efforts to do so.

If DBE information is not submitted with the bid, the apparent successful bidder (low bidder), the second low bidder and the third low bidder shall submit DBE information to the Department of Transportation, 1120 N Street, Room 0200, MS #26, Sacramento, California 95814 so the information is received by the Department no later than 4:00 p.m. on the fourth day, not including Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays, following bid opening. DBE information sent by U.S. Postal Service certified mail with return receipt and certificate of mailing and mailed on or before the third day, not including Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays, following bid opening will be accepted even if it is received after the fourth day following bid opening. Failure to submit the required DBE information by the time specified will be grounds for finding the bid or proposal nonresponsive. Other bidders need not submit DBE information unless requested to do so by the Department.

The bidder's DBE information shall establish that good faith efforts to meet the DBE goal have been made. To establish good faith efforts, the bidder shall demonstrate that the goal will be met or that, prior to bidding, adequate good faith efforts to meet the goal were made.

Bidders are cautioned that even though their submittal indicates they will meet the stated DBE goal, their submittal should also include their adequate good faith efforts information along with their DBE goal information to protect their eligibility for award of the contract in the event the Department, in its review, finds that the goal has not been met.

The bidder's DBE information shall include the names, addresses and phone numbers of DBE firms that will participate, with a complete description of work or supplies to be provided by each, the dollar value of each DBE transaction, and a written confirmation from the DBE that it is participating in the contract. A copy of the DBE's quote will serve as written confirmation that the DBE is participating in the contract. When 100 percent of a contract item of work is not to be performed or furnished by a DBE, a description of the exact portion of that work to be performed or furnished by that DBE shall be included in the DBE information, including the planned location of that work. The work that a DBE prime contractor has committed to performing with its own forces as well as the work that it has committed to be performed by DBE subcontractors, suppliers and trucking companies will count toward the goal.

The information necessary to establish the bidder's adequate good faith efforts to meet the DBE goal should include:

- A. The names and dates of each publication in which a request for DBE participation for this project was placed by the bidder.
- B. The names and dates of written notices sent to certified DBEs soliciting bids for this project and the dates and methods used for following up initial solicitations to determine with certainty whether the DBEs were interested.
- C. The items of work which the bidder made available to DBE firms, including, where appropriate, any breaking down of the contract work items (including those items normally performed by the bidder with its own forces) into economically feasible units to facilitate DBE participation. It is the bidder's responsibility to demonstrate that sufficient work to meet the DBE goal was made available to DBE firms.
- D. The names, addresses and phone numbers of rejected DBE firms, the firms selected for that work, and the reasons for the bidder's choice.
- E. Efforts made to assist interested DBEs in obtaining bonding, lines of credit or insurance, and any technical assistance or information related to the plans, specifications and requirements for the work which was provided to DBEs.
- F. Efforts made to assist interested DBEs in obtaining necessary equipment, supplies, materials, or related assistance or services, excluding supplies and equipment the DBE subcontractor purchases or leases from the prime contractor or its affiliate.
- G. The names of agencies contacted to provide assistance in contacting, recruiting and using DBE firms.
- H. Any additional data to support a demonstration of good faith efforts.

### **SECTION 3. AWARD AND EXECUTION OF CONTRACT**

The bidder's attention is directed to the provisions in Section 3, "Award and Execution of Contract," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions for the requirements and conditions concerning award and execution of contract.

The award of the contract, if it be awarded, will be to the lowest responsible bidder whose proposal complies with all the requirements prescribed and who has met the goal for DBE participation or has demonstrated, to the satisfaction of the Department, adequate good faith efforts to do so. Meeting the goal for DBE participation or demonstrating, to the satisfaction of the Department, adequate good faith efforts to do so is a condition for being eligible for award of contract.

A "Payee Data Record" form will be included in the contract documents to be executed by the successful bidder. The purpose of the form is to facilitate the collection of taxpayer identification data. The form shall be completed and returned to the Department by the successful bidder with the executed contract and contract bonds. For the purposes of the form, payee shall be deemed to mean the successful bidder. The form is not to be completed for subcontractors or suppliers. Failure to complete and return the "Payee Data Record" form to the Department as provided herein will result in the retention of 31 percent of payments due the contractor and penalties of up to \$20,000. This retention of payments for failure to complete the "Payee Data Record" form is in addition to any other retention of payments due the Contractor.

### **SECTION 4. BEGINNING OF WORK, TIME OF COMPLETION AND LIQUIDATED DAMAGES**

Attention is directed to the provisions in Section 8-1.03, "Beginning of Work," in Section 8-1.06, "Time of Completion," and in Section 8-1.07, "Liquidated Damages," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

The Contractor shall begin work within 15 calendar days after the contract has been approved by the Attorney General or the attorney appointed and authorized to represent the Department of Transportation.

This work shall be diligently prosecuted to completion before the expiration of **144 WORKING DAYS** beginning on the fifteenth calendar day after approval of the contract.

The Contractor shall pay to the State of California the sum of \$550 per day, for each and every calendar day's delay in finishing the work in excess of the number of working days prescribed above.

## **SECTION 5. GENERAL**

### **SECTION 5-1. MISCELLANEOUS**

#### **5-1.01 PLANS AND WORKING DRAWINGS**

When the specifications require working drawings to be submitted to the Division of Structure Design, the drawings shall be submitted to: Division of Structure Design, Documents Unit, Mail Station 9, 1801 30th Street, Sacramento, CA 95816, Telephone 916 227-8252.

#### **5-1.011 EXAMINATION OF PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, CONTRACT, AND SITE OF WORK**

The second paragraph of Section 2-1.03, "Examination of Plans, Specifications, Contract, and Site of Work," of the Standard Specifications is amended to read:

- Where the Department has made investigations of site conditions, including subsurface conditions in areas where work is to be performed under the contract, or in other areas, some of which may constitute possible local material sources, bidders or Contractors may, upon written request, inspect the records of the Department as to those investigations subject to and upon the conditions hereinafter set forth.

Attention is directed to "Differing Site Conditions" of these special provisions regarding physical conditions at the site which may differ from those indicated in "Materials Information," log of test borings or other geotechnical information obtained by the Department's investigation of site conditions.

#### **5-1.012 DIFFERING SITE CONDITIONS**

Attention is directed to Section 5-1.116, "Differing Site Conditions," of the Standard Specifications.

During the progress of the work, if subsurface or latent conditions are encountered at the site differing materially from those indicated in the "Materials Information," log of test borings, other geotechnical data obtained by the Department's investigation of subsurface conditions, or an examination of the conditions above ground at the site, the party discovering those conditions shall promptly notify the other party in writing of the specific differing conditions before they are disturbed and before the affected work is performed.

The Contractor will be allowed 15 days from the notification of the Engineer's determination of whether or not an adjustment of the contract is warranted, in which to file a notice of potential claim in conformance with the provisions of Section 9-1.04, "Notice of Potential Claim," of the Standard Specifications and as specified herein; otherwise the decision of the Engineer shall be deemed to have been accepted by the Contractor as correct. The notice of potential claim shall set forth in what respects the Contractor's position differs from the Engineer's determination and provide any additional information obtained by the Contractor, including but not limited to additional geotechnical data. The notice of potential claim shall be accompanied by the Contractor's certification that the following were made in preparation of the bid: a review of the contract, a review of the "Materials Information," a review of the log of test borings and other records of geotechnical data to the extent they were made available to bidders prior to the opening of bids, and an examination of the conditions above ground at the site. Supplementary information, obtained by the Contractor subsequent to the filing of the notice of potential claim, shall be submitted to the Engineer in an expeditious manner.

#### **5-1.015 LABORATORY**

When a reference is made in the specifications to the "Laboratory," the reference shall mean the Division of Materials Engineering and Testing Services and the Division of Structural Foundations of the Department of Transportation, or established laboratories of the various Districts of the Department, or other laboratories authorized by the Department to test materials and work involved in the contract. When a reference is made in the specifications to the "Transportation Laboratory," the reference shall mean the Division of Materials Engineering and Testing Services and the Division of Structural Foundations, located at 5900 Folsom Boulevard, Sacramento, CA 95819, Telephone (916) 227-7000.

#### **5-1.017 CONTRACT BONDS**

Attention is directed to Section 3-1.02, "Contract Bonds," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

The payment bond shall be in a sum not less than one hundred percent of the total amount payable by the terms of the contract.

### **5-1.018 EXCAVATION SAFETY PLANS**

Section 5-1.02A, "Trench Excavation Safety Plans," of the Standard Specifications is amended to read:

#### **5-1.02A Excavation Safety Plans**

- The Construction Safety Orders of the Division of Occupational Safety and Health shall apply to all excavations. For all excavations 1.5 m or more in depth, the Contractor shall submit to the Engineer a detailed plan showing the design and details of the protective systems to be provided for worker protection from the hazard of caving ground during excavation. The detailed plan shall include any tabulated data and any design calculations used in the preparation of the plan. Excavation shall not begin until the detailed plan has been reviewed and approved by the Engineer.
- Detailed plans of protective systems for which the Construction Safety Orders require design by a registered professional engineer shall be prepared and signed by an engineer who is registered as a Civil Engineer in the State of California, and shall include the soil classification, soil properties, soil design calculations that demonstrate adequate stability of the protective system, and any other design calculations used in the preparation of the plan.
- No plan shall allow the use of a protective system less effective than that required by the Construction Safety Orders.
- If the detailed plan includes designs of protective systems developed only from the allowable configurations and slopes, or Appendices, contained in the Construction Safety Orders, the plan shall be submitted at least 5 days before the Contractor intends to begin excavation. If the detailed plan includes designs of protective systems developed from tabulated data, or designs for which design by a registered professional engineer is required, the plan shall be submitted at least 3 weeks before the Contractor intends to begin excavation.
- Attention is directed to Section 7-1.01E, "Trench Safety."

The third paragraph of Section 19-1.02, "Preservation of Property," of the Standard Specifications is amended to read:

- In addition to the provisions in Sections 5-1.02, "Plans and Working Drawings," and 5-1.02A, "Excavation Safety Plans," detailed plans of the protective systems for excavations on or affecting railroad property will be reviewed for adequacy of protection provided for railroad facilities, property, and traffic. These plans shall be submitted at least 9 weeks before the Contractor intends to begin excavation requiring the protective systems. Approval by the Engineer of the detailed plans for the protective systems will be contingent upon the plans being satisfactory to the railroad company involved.

### **5-1.019 COST REDUCTION INCENTIVE**

Attention is directed to Section 5-1.14, "Cost Reduction Incentive," of the Standard Specifications.

Prior to preparing a cost reduction proposal, the Contractor shall request a meeting with the Engineer to discuss the proposal in concept and to determine the merit of the cost reduction proposal. Items of discussion will also include permit issues, impact on other projects, impact on the project schedule, peer reviews, and review times required by the Department and other agencies.

### **5-1.02 LABOR NONDISCRIMINATION**

Attention is directed to the following Notice that is required by Chapter 5 of Division 4 of Title 2, California Code of Regulations.

#### **NOTICE OF REQUIREMENT FOR NONDISCRIMINATION PROGRAM**

##### **(GOV. CODE, SECTION 12990)**

Your attention is called to the "Nondiscrimination Clause", set forth in Section 7-1.01A(4), "Labor Nondiscrimination," of the Standard Specifications, which is applicable to all nonexempt State contracts and subcontracts, and to the "Standard California Nondiscrimination Construction Contract Specifications" set forth therein. The specifications are applicable to all nonexempt State construction contracts and subcontracts of \$5000 or more.

### **5-1.03 INTEREST ON PAYMENTS**

Interest shall be payable on progress payments, payments after acceptance, final payments, extra work payments, and claim payments as follows:

- A. Unpaid progress payments, payment after acceptance, and final payments shall begin to accrue interest 30 days after the Engineer prepares the payment estimate.

- B. Unpaid extra work bills shall begin to accrue interest 30 days after preparation of the first pay estimate following receipt of a properly submitted and undisputed extra work bill. To be properly submitted, the bill must be submitted within 7 days of the performance of the extra work and in conformance with the provisions in Section 9-1.03C, "Records," and Section 9-1.06, "Partial Payments," of the Standard Specifications. An undisputed extra work bill not submitted within 7 days of performance of the extra work will begin to accrue interest 30 days after the preparation of the second pay estimate following submittal of the bill.
- C. The rate of interest payable for unpaid progress payments, payments after acceptance, final payments, and extra work payments shall be 10 percent per annum.
- D. The rate of interest payable on a claim, protest or dispute ultimately allowed under this contract shall be 6 percent per annum. Interest shall begin to accrue 61 days after the Contractor submits to the Engineer information in sufficient detail to enable the Engineer to ascertain the basis and amount of said claim, protest or dispute.

The rate of interest payable on any award in arbitration shall be 6 percent per annum if allowed under the provisions of Civil Code Section 3289.

#### **5-1.031 FINAL PAYMENT AND CLAIMS**

Attention is directed to Section 9-1.07B, "Final Payment and Claims," of the Standard Specifications.

The District that administers the contract shall submit a claim position letter to the Contractor within 135 days after acceptance of the contract. After receipt of the claim position letter from the District, or 135 days after acceptance of the contract, whichever occurs first, the Contractor may request a meeting with the person or board designated by the District Director to review claims that remain in dispute. If the Contractor requests a meeting, the review person or board shall meet with the Contractor within 45 days after the request is received.

#### **5-1.04 PUBLIC SAFETY**

The Contractor shall provide for the safety of traffic and the public in conformance with the provisions in Section 7-1.09, "Public Safety," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

The Contractor shall install temporary railing (Type K) between a lane open to public traffic and an excavation, obstacle or storage area when the following conditions exist:

- A. Excavations.—The near edge of the excavation is 3.6 m or less from the edge of the lane, except:
  - 1. Excavations covered with sheet steel or concrete covers of adequate thickness to prevent accidental entry by traffic or the public.
  - 2. Excavations less than 0.3-m deep.
  - 3. Trenches less than 0.3-m wide for irrigation pipe or electrical conduit, or excavations less than 0.3-m in diameter.
  - 4. Excavations parallel to the lane for the purpose of pavement widening or reconstruction.
  - 5. Excavations in side slopes, where the slope is steeper than 1:4 (vertical:horizontal).
  - 6. Excavations protected by existing barrier or railing.
- B. Temporarily Unprotected Permanent Obstacles.—The work includes the installation of a fixed obstacle together with a protective system, such as a sign structure together with protective railing, and the Contractor elects to install the obstacle prior to installing the protective system; or the Contractor, for the Contractor's convenience and with permission of the Engineer, removes a portion of an existing protective railing at an obstacle and does not replace such railing complete in place during the same day.
- C. Storage Areas.—Material or equipment is stored within 3.6 m of the lane and the storage is not otherwise prohibited by the provisions of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

The approach end of temporary railing (Type K), installed in conformance with the provisions in this section "Public Safety" and in Section 7-1.09, "Public Safety," of the Standard Specifications, shall be offset a minimum of 4.6 m from the edge of the traffic lane open to public traffic. The temporary railing shall be installed on a skew toward the edge of the traffic lane of not more than 0.3-m transversely to 3 m longitudinally with respect to the edge of the traffic lane. If the 4.6-m minimum offset cannot be achieved, the temporary railing shall be installed on the 10 to 1 skew to obtain the maximum available offset between the approach end of the railing and the edge of the traffic lane, and an array of temporary crash cushion modules shall be installed at the approach end of the temporary railing.

Temporary railing (Type K) shall conform to the provisions in Section 12-3.08, "Temporary Railing (Type K)," of the Standard Specifications. Temporary railing (Type K), conforming to the details shown on 1999 Standard Plan T3, may be used. Temporary railing (Type K) fabricated prior to January 1, 1993, and conforming to 1988 Standard Plan B11-30 may be used, provided the fabrication date is printed on the required Certificate of Compliance.

Temporary crash cushion modules shall conform to the provisions in "Temporary Crash Cushion Module" of these special provisions.

Except for installing, maintaining and removing traffic control devices, whenever work is performed or equipment is operated in the following work areas, the Contractor shall close the adjacent traffic lane unless otherwise provided in the Standard Specifications and these special provisions:

Approach Speed of Public Traffic (Posted Limit) (Kilometers Per Hour)	Work Areas
Over 72 (45 Miles Per Hour)	Within 1.8 m of a traffic lane but not on a traffic lane
56 to 72 (35 to 45 Miles Per Hour)	Within 0.9-m of a traffic lane but not on a traffic lane

The lane closure provisions of this section shall not apply if the work area is protected by permanent or temporary railing or barrier.

When traffic cones or delineators are used to delineate a temporary edge of a traffic lane, the line of cones or delineators shall be considered to be the edge of the traffic lane, however, the Contractor shall not reduce the width of an existing lane to less than 3 m without written approval from the Engineer.

When work is not in progress on a trench or other excavation that required closure of an adjacent lane, the traffic cones or portable delineators used for the lane closure shall be placed off of and adjacent to the edge of the traveled way. The spacing of the cones or delineators shall be not more than the spacing used for the lane closure.

Suspended loads or equipment shall not be moved nor positioned over public traffic or pedestrians.

Full compensation for conforming to the provisions in this section "Public Safety," including furnishing and installing temporary railing (Type K) and temporary crash cushion modules, shall be considered as included in the contract prices paid for the various items of work involved and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

#### **5-1.05 SURFACE MINING AND RECLAMATION ACT**

Attention is directed to the Surface Mining and Reclamation Act of 1975, commencing in Public Resources Code, Mining and Geology, Section 2710, which establishes regulations pertinent to surface mining operations, and to California Public Contract Code Section 10295.5.

Material from mining operations furnished for this project shall only come from permitted sites in compliance with California Public Contract Code Section 10295.5.

The requirements of this section shall apply to materials furnished for the project, except for acquisition of materials in conformance with the provisions in Section 4-1.05, "Use of Materials Found on the Work," of the Standard Specifications.

#### **5-1.06 REMOVAL OF ASBESTOS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES**

When the presence of asbestos or hazardous substances are not shown on the plans or indicated in the specifications and the Contractor encounters materials which the Contractor reasonably believes to be asbestos or a hazardous substance as defined in Section 25914.1 of the Health and Safety Code, and the asbestos or hazardous substance has not been rendered harmless, the Contractor may continue work in unaffected areas reasonably believed to be safe. The Contractor shall immediately cease work in the affected area and report the condition to the Engineer in writing.

In conformance with Section 25914.1 of the Health and Safety Code, removal of asbestos or hazardous substances including exploratory work to identify and determine the extent of the asbestos or hazardous substance will be performed by separate contract.

If delay of work in the area delays the current controlling operation, the delay will be considered a right of way delay and the Contractor will be compensated for the delay in conformance with the provisions in Section 8-1.09, "Right of Way Delays," of the Standard Specifications.

#### **5-1.07 YEAR 2000 COMPLIANCE**

This contract is subject to Year 2000 Compliance for automated devices in the State of California.

Year 2000 compliance for automated devices in the State of California is achieved when embedded functions have or create no logical or mathematical inconsistencies when dealing with dates prior to and beyond 1999. The year 2000 is recognized and processed as a leap year. The product shall operate accurately in the manner in which the product was intended for date operation without requiring manual intervention.

The Contractor shall provide the Engineer a Certificate of Compliance from the manufacturer in conformance with the provisions in Section 6-1.07, "Certificates of Compliance," of the Standard Specifications for all automated devices furnished for the project.

#### **5-1.075 BUY AMERICA REQUIREMENTS**

Attention is directed to the "Buy America" requirements of the Surface Transportation Assistance Act of 1982 (Section 165) and the Intermodal Surface Transportation Efficiency Act of 1991 (ISTEA) Sections 1041(a) and 1048(a), and the regulations adopted pursuant thereto. In conformance with the law and regulations, all manufacturing processes for steel and iron materials furnished for incorporation into the work on this project shall occur in the United States; with the exception that pig iron and processed, pelletized and reduced iron ore manufactured outside of the United States may be used in the domestic manufacturing process for such steel and iron materials. The application of coatings, such as epoxy coating, galvanizing, painting, and other coatings that protect or enhance the value of steel or iron materials shall be considered a manufacturing process subject to the "Buy America" requirements.

A Certificate of Compliance conforming to the provisions in Section 6-1.07, "Certificates of Compliance," of the Standard Specifications shall be furnished for steel and iron materials. The certificates, in addition to certifying that the materials comply with the specifications, shall specifically certify that all manufacturing processes for the materials occurred in the United States, except for the above exceptions.

The requirements imposed by the law and regulations do not prevent a minimal use of foreign steel and iron materials if the total combined cost of the materials used does not exceed one-tenth of one percent (0.1 percent) of the total contract cost or \$2500, whichever is greater. The Contractor shall furnish the Engineer acceptable documentation of the quantity and value of the foreign steel and iron prior to incorporating the materials into the work.

#### **5-1.08 SUBCONTRACTOR AND DBE RECORDS**

The Contractor shall maintain records showing the name and business address of each first-tier subcontractor. The records shall also show the name and business address of every DBE subcontractor, DBE vendor of materials and DBE trucking company, regardless of tier. The records shall show the date of payment and the total dollar figure paid to all of these firms. DBE prime contractors shall also show the date of work performed by their own forces along with the corresponding dollar value of the work.

Upon completion of the contract, a summary of these records shall be prepared on Form CEM-2402 (F) and certified correct by the Contractor or the Contractor's authorized representative, and shall be furnished to the Engineer. The form shall be furnished to the Engineer within 90 days from the date of contract acceptance. \$10,000 will be withheld from payment until the Form CEM-2402 (F) is submitted. The amount will be returned to the Contractor when a satisfactory Form CEM-2402 (F) is submitted.

Prior to the fifteenth of each month, the Contractor shall submit documentation to the Engineer showing the amount paid to DBE trucking companies listed in the Contractor's DBE information. This monthly documentation shall indicate the portion of the revenue paid to DBE trucking companies which is claimed toward DBE participation. The Contractor shall also obtain and submit documentation to the Engineer showing the amount paid by DBE trucking companies to all firms, including owner-operators, for the leasing of trucks. The DBE who leases trucks from a non-DBE is entitled to credit only for the fee or commission it receives as a result of the lease arrangement. The records must confirm that the amount of credit claimed toward DBE participation conforms with Section 2-1.02, "Disadvantaged Business Enterprise," of these special provisions.

The Contractor shall also obtain and submit documentation to the Engineer showing the truck number, owner's name, California Highway Patrol CA number, and if applicable, the DBE certification number of the owner of the truck for all trucks used during that month for which DBE participation will be claimed. This documentation shall be submitted on Form CEM-2404 (F).

#### **5-1.083 DBE CERTIFICATION STATUS**

If a DBE subcontractor is decertified during the life of the project, the decertified subcontractor shall notify the Contractor in writing with the date of decertification. If a subcontractor becomes a certified DBE during the life of the project, the subcontractor shall notify the Contractor in writing with the date of certification. The Contractor shall furnish the written documentation to the Engineer.

Upon completion of the contract, Form CEM-2403 (F) indicating the DBE's existing certification status shall be signed and certified correct by the Contractor. The certified form shall be furnished to the Engineer within 90 days from the date of contract acceptance.



### **5-1.086 PERFORMANCE OF DBE SUBCONTRACTORS AND SUPPLIERS**

The DBEs listed by the Contractor in response to the provisions in Section 2-1.02B, "Submission of DBE Information," and Section 3, "Award and Execution of Contract," of these special provisions, which are determined by the Department to be certified DBEs, shall perform the work and supply the materials for which they are listed, unless the Contractor has received prior written authorization to perform the work with other forces or to obtain the materials from other sources.

Authorization to use other forces or sources of materials may be requested for the following reasons:

- A. The listed DBE, after having had a reasonable opportunity to do so, fails or refuses to execute a written contract, when such written contract, based upon the general terms, conditions, plans and specifications for the project, or on the terms of such subcontractor's or supplier's written bid, is presented by the Contractor.
- B. The listed DBE becomes bankrupt or insolvent.
- C. The listed DBE fails or refuses to perform the subcontract or furnish the listed materials.
- D. The Contractor stipulated that a bond was a condition of executing a subcontract and the listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to meet the bond requirements of the Contractor.
- E. The work performed by the listed subcontractor is substantially unsatisfactory and is not in substantial conformance with the plans and specifications, or the subcontractor is substantially delaying or disrupting the progress of the work.
- F. It would be in the best interest of the State.

The Contractor shall not be entitled to any payment for such work or material unless it is performed or supplied by the listed DBE or by other forces (including those of the Contractor) pursuant to prior written authorization of the Engineer.

### **5-1.09 SUBCONTRACTING**

Attention is directed to the provisions in Section 8-1.01, "Subcontracting," of the Standard Specifications, and Section 2, "Proposal Requirements and Conditions," and Section 3, "Award and Execution of Contract," of these special provisions.

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 1777.1 of the Labor Code, the Labor Commissioner publishes and distributes a list of contractors ineligible to perform work as a subcontractor on a public works project. This list of debarred contractors is available from the Department of Industrial Relations web site at:

<http://www.dir.ca.gov/DLSE/Debar.html>.

The third paragraph of Section 8-1.01, "Subcontracting," of the Standard Specifications shall not apply.

The requirement in Section 14, "Federal Requirements for Federal-Aid Construction Projects," in these special provisions requiring the Contractor to perform 30 percent of the work with their own forces shall not apply.

Each subcontract and any lower tier subcontract that may in turn be made shall include the "Required Contract Provisions Federal-Aid Construction Contracts" in Section 14 of these special provisions. This requirement shall be enforced as follows:

- A. Noncompliance shall be corrected. Payment for subcontracted work involved will be withheld from progress payments due, or to become due, until correction is made. Failure to comply may result in termination of the contract.

In conformance with the Federal DBE regulations Sections 26.53(f)(1) and 26.53(f)(2) Part 26, Title 49 CFR:

- A. The Contractor shall not terminate for convenience a DBE subcontractor listed in response to Section 2-1.02B, "Submission of DBE Information," and then perform that work with its own forces, or those of an affiliate without the written consent of the Department, and
- B. If a DBE subcontractor is terminated or fails to complete its work for any reason, the Contractor will be required to make good faith efforts to substitute another DBE subcontractor for the original DBE subcontractor, to the extent needed to meet the contract goal.

The requirement in Section 2-1.02, "Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE)," of these special provisions that DBEs must be certified on the date bids are opened does not apply to DBE substitutions after award of the contract.

### **5-1.10 PROMPT PROGRESS PAYMENT TO SUBCONTRACTORS**

Attention is directed to the provisions in Sections 10262 and 10262.5 of the Public Contract Code and Section 7108.5 of the Business and Professions Code concerning prompt payment to subcontractors.

#### **5-1.102 PROMPT PAYMENT OF WITHHELD FUNDS TO SUBCONTRACTORS**

The Contractor shall return all moneys withheld in retention from the subcontractor within 30 days after receiving payment for work satisfactorily completed, even if the other contract work is not completed and has not been accepted in conformance with Section 7-1.17, "Acceptance of Contract," of the Standard Specifications. This requirement shall not be construed to limit or impair any contractual, administrative, or judicial remedies otherwise available to the Contractor or subcontractor in the event of a dispute involving late payment or nonpayment by the Contractor or deficient subcontract performance or noncompliance by a subcontractor.

#### **5-1.11 PARTNERING**

The State will promote the formation of a "Partnering" relationship with the Contractor in order to effectively complete the contract to the benefit of both parties. The purpose of this relationship is to maintain a cooperative communication and to mutually resolve conflicts at the lowest responsible management level.

The Contractor may request the formation of a "Partnering" relationship by submitting a request in writing to the Engineer after approval of the contract. If the Contractor's request for "Partnering" is approved by the Engineer, scheduling of a "Partnering Workshop," selecting the "Partnering" facilitator and workshop site, and other administrative details shall be as agreed to by both parties. If agreed to by the parties, additional "Partnering Workshops" will be conducted as needed throughout the life of the contract.

The costs involved in providing the "Partnering Workshop" facilitator and workshop site will be borne equally by the State and the Contractor. The division of cost will be made by determining the cost in providing the "Partnering Workshop" facilitator and workshop site in conformance with the provisions in Section 9-1.03B, "Work Performed by Special Forces or Other Special Services," of the Standard Specifications, and paying to the Contractor one-half of that cost, except no markups will be allowed.

All other costs associated with "Partnering Workshops" will be borne separately by the party incurring the costs, such as wages and travel expenses, and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

The establishment of a "Partnering" relationship will not change or modify the terms and conditions of the contract and will not relieve either party of the legal requirements of the contract.

#### **5-1.12 AREAS FOR CONTRACTOR'S USE**

Attention is directed to the provisions in Section 7-1.19, "Rights in Land and Improvements," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

The highway right of way shall be used only for purposes that are necessary to perform the required work. The Contractor shall not occupy the right of way, or allow others to occupy the right of way, for purposes which are not necessary to perform the required work.

No State-owned parcels adjacent to the right of way are available for the exclusive use of the Contractor within the contract limits. The Contractor shall secure, at the Contractor's own expense, areas required for plant sites, storage of equipment or materials, or for other purposes.

No area is available within the contract limits for the exclusive use of the Contractor. Use of the Contractor's work areas and other State-owned property shall be at the Contractor's own risk, and the State shall not be held liable for damage to or loss of materials or equipment located within such areas.

#### **5-1.13 SANITARY FACILITIES**

When operational, State sanitary facilities will be available for use by the Contractor's employees, during normal State working hours. Tools shall not be cleaned nor shall cleaning liquids be disposed of in State sanitary facilities or sewers.

#### **5-1.14 PAYMENTS**

Attention is directed to Sections 9-1.06, "Partial Payments," and 9-1.07, "Payment After Acceptance," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

After acceptance of the contract pursuant to the provisions in Section 7-1.17, "Acceptance of Contract," of the Standard Specifications, the amount, if any, payable for a contract item of work in excess of the maximum value for progress payment purposes hereinabove listed for the item, will be included for payment in the first estimate made after acceptance of the contract.

In determining the partial payments to be made to the Contractor, only the following listed materials will be considered for inclusion in the payment as materials furnished but not incorporated in the work:

- A. Pipe (Irrigation Systems)
- B. Sprinklers

### **5-1.15 WATER CONSERVATION**

Attention is directed to the various sections of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions which require the use of water for the construction of this project. Attention is directed to Section 7, "Legal Relations and Responsibility," of the Standard Specifications with regards to the Contractor's responsibilities for public convenience, public safety, preservation of property, indemnification, and insurance.

Nothing in this section "Water Conservation" shall relieve the Contractor from furnishing an adequate supply of water required for the proper construction of this project in conformance with the provisions in the Standard Specifications or these special provisions or relieve the Contractor from the legal responsibilities defined in Section 7.

The Contractor shall, whenever possible and not in conflict with the above requirements, minimize the use of water during construction of the project. Watering equipment shall be kept in good working order; water leaks shall be repaired promptly; and washing of equipment, except when necessary for safety or for the protection of equipment, shall be discouraged.

Minor structures shall not be cured by using water.

### **5-1.16 COOPERATION**

Attention is directed to Sections 7-1.14, "Cooperation," and 8-1.10, "Utility and Non-Highway Facilities," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

Work by the telephone company to replace existing telephones will be preformed during the contract work.

The Contractor shall plan his work to minimize interference with State forces and the public. Interruptions to any services for the purpose of making or breaking a connection shall be made only after consultation with and for such time periods as directed by the Engineer.

### **5-1.17 OBSTRUCTIONS**

Attention is directed to Sections 7-1.11, "Preservation of Property," 7-1.12, "Responsibility for Damage," 7-1.16, "Contractor's Responsibility for the Work and Materials," and 8-1.10, "Utility and Non-Highway Facilities," of the Standard Specifications.

The Contractor shall notify the Engineer and the appropriate regional notification center for operators of subsurface installations at least 5 working days prior to performing any excavation or other work close to any underground pipeline, conduit, duct, wire or other structure. Regional notification centers include but are not limited to the following:

Underground Service Alert  
Northern California (USA)  
Telephone: 1(800)642-2444

Underground Service Alert  
Southern California (USA)  
Telephone: 1(800)422-4133

South Shore Utility  
Coordinating Council (DIGS)  
Telephone: 1(800)541-3447

Western Utilities  
Underground Alert, Inc.  
Telephone: 1(800)424-3447

### **5-1.18 PRESERVATION OF PROPERTY**

Attention is directed to Sections 7-1.11, "Preservation of Property," 7-1.12, "Responsibility for Damage," 7-1.16, "Contractor's Responsibility for the Work and Materials," and 8-1.10, "Utility and Non-Highway Facilities," of the Standard Specifications.

Operations shall be conducted in such a manner that existing facilities, surfacing, installations, and utilities which are to remain in place will not be damaged. Temporary surfacing, facilities, utilities and installations shall also be protected until they are no longer required. The Contractor, at his expense shall furnish and install piling, sheet piling, cribbing, bulkheads, shores, or whatever means may be necessary to adequately support material carrying such facilities, or to support the facilities themselves and shall maintain such support until they are no longer needed.

**SECTION 6. (BLANK)**

**SECTION 7. (BLANK)**

**SECTION 8. MATERIALS**

**SECTION 8-1. MISCELLANEOUS**

**8-1.01 SUBSTITUTION OF NON-METRIC MATERIALS AND PRODUCTS**

Only materials and products conforming to the requirements of the specifications shall be incorporated in the work. When metric materials and products are not available, and when approved by the Engineer, and at no cost to the State, materials and products in the inch-pound (Imperial) system which are of equal quality and of the required properties and characteristics for the purpose intended, may be substituted for the equivalent metric materials and products, subject to the following provisions:

- A. Materials and products shown on the plans or in the special provisions as being equivalent may be substituted for the metric materials and products specified or detailed on the plans.
- B. Before other non-metric materials and products will be considered for use the Contractor shall furnish, at the Contractor's expense, evidence satisfactory to the Engineer that the materials and products proposed for use are equal to or better than the materials and products specified or detailed on the plans. The burden of proof as to the quality and suitability of substitutions shall be upon the Contractor and the Contractor shall furnish necessary information as required by the Engineer. The Engineer will be the sole judge as to the quality and suitability of the substituted materials and products and the Engineer's decision will be final.
- C. When the Contractor elects to substitute non-metric materials and products, including materials and products shown on the plans or in the special provisions as being equivalent, the list of sources of material as specified in Section 6-1.01, "Source of Supply and Quality of Materials," of the Standard Specification shall include a list of substitutions to be made and contract items involved. In addition, for a change in design or details the Contractor shall submit plans and working drawings in conformance with the provisions in Section 5-1.02, "Plans and Working Drawings," of the Standard Specifications.

Unless otherwise specified, the following substitutions of materials and products will be allowed:

**SUBSTITUTION TABLE FOR SIZES OF HIGH STRENGTH STEEL FASTENERS**

ASTM Designation: A 325M

METRIC SIZE SHOWN ON THE PLANS mm x thread pitch	IMPERIAL SIZE TO BE SUBSTITUTED inch
M16 x 2	5/8
M20 x 2.5	3/4
M22 x 2.5	7/8
M24 x 3	1
M27 x 3	1-1/8
M30 x 3.5	1-1/4
M36 x 4	1-1/2

**SUBSTITUTION TABLE FOR PLAIN WIRE REINFORCEMENT, ASTM Designation: A 82**

METRIC SIZE SHOWN ON THE PLANS mm <sup>2</sup>	US CUSTOMARY UNITS SIZE TO BE SUBSTITUTED inch <sup>2</sup> x 100
MW9	W1.4
MW10	W1.6
MW13	W2.0
MW15	W2.3
MW19	W2.9
MW20	W3.1
MW22	W3.5
MW25	W3.9, except W3.5 in piles only
MW26	W4.0
MW30	W4.7
MW32	W5.0
MW35	W5.4
MW40	W6.2
MW45	W6.5
MW50	W7.8
MW55	W8.5, except W8.0 in piles only
MW60	W9.3
MW70	W10.9, except W11.0 in piles only
MW80	W12.4
MW90	W14.0
MW100	W15.5

**SUBSTITUTION TABLE FOR BAR REINFORCEMENT**

METRIC BAR DESIGNATION NUMBER SHOWN ON THE PLANS	EQUIVALENT IMPERIAL BAR DESIGNATION NUMBER TO BE SUBSTITUTED
13	4
16	5
19	6
22	7
25	8
29	9
32	10
36	11
43	14
57	18

No adjustment will be required in spacing or total number of reinforcing bars due to a difference in minimum yield strength between metric and non-metric bars.

The sizes in the following tables of materials and products are exact conversions of metric sizes of materials and products and are listed as acceptable equivalents:

CONVERSION TABLE FOR SIZES OF:

- (1) STEEL FASTENERS FOR GENERAL APPLICATIONS, ASTM Designation: A 307 or AASHTO Designation: M 314, Grade 36 or 55, and  
 (2) HIGH STRENGTH STEEL FASTENERS, ASTM Designation: A 325 or A 449

METRIC SIZE SHOWN ON THE PLANS mm	EQUIVALENT IMPERIAL SIZE inch
6, or 6.35	1/4
8 or 7.94	5/16
10, or 9.52	3/8
11, or 11.11	7/16
13 or 12.70	1/2
14, or 14.29	9/16
16, or 15.88	5/8
19, or 19.05	3/4
22, or 22.22	7/8
24, 25, or 25.40	1
29, or 28.58	1-1/8
32, or 31.75	1-1/4
35, or 34.93	1-3/8
38 or 38.10	1-1/2
44, or 44.45	1-3/4
51, or 50.80	2
57, or 57.15	2-1/4
64, or 63.50	2-1/2
70 or 69.85	2-3/4
76, or 76.20	3
83, or 82.55	3-1/4
89 or 88.90	3-1/2
95, or 95.25	3-3/4
102, or 101.60	4

**CONVERSION TABLE FOR NOMINAL THICKNESS OF SHEET METAL**

UNCOATED HOT AND COLD ROLLED SHEETS		HOT-DIPPED ZINC COATED SHEETS (GALVANIZED)	
METRIC THICKNESS SHOWN ON THE PLANS	EQUIVALENT US STANDARD GAGE	METRIC THICKNESS SHOWN ON THE PLANS	EQUIVALENT GALVANIZED SHEET GAGE
mm	inch	mm	inch
7.94	0.3125	4.270	0.1681
6.07	0.2391	3.891	0.1532
5.69	0.2242	3.510	0.1382
5.31	0.2092	3.132	0.1233
4.94	0.1943	2.753	0.1084
4.55	0.1793	2.372	0.0934
4.18	0.1644	1.994	0.0785
3.80	0.1495	1.803	0.0710
3.42	0.1345	1.613	0.0635
3.04	0.1196	1.461	0.0575
2.66	0.1046	1.311	0.0516
2.28	0.0897	1.158	0.0456
1.90	0.0747	1.006 or 1.016	0.0396
1.71	0.0673	0.930	0.0366
1.52	0.0598	0.853	0.0336
1.37	0.0538	0.777	0.0306
1.21	0.0478	0.701	0.0276
1.06	0.0418	0.627	0.0247
0.91	0.0359	0.551	0.0217
0.84	0.0329	0.513	0.0202
0.76	0.0299	0.475	0.0187
0.68	0.0269	-----	-----
0.61	0.0239	-----	-----
0.53	0.0209	-----	-----
0.45	0.0179	-----	-----
0.42	0.0164	-----	-----
0.38	0.0149	-----	-----

**CONVERSION TABLE FOR WIRE**

METRIC THICKNESS SHOWN ON THE PLANS mm	EQUIVALENT USA STEEL WIRE THICKNESS inch	GAGE NO.
6.20	0.244	3
5.72	0.225	4
5.26	0.207	5
4.88	0.192	6
4.50	0.177	7
4.11	0.162	8
3.76	0.148	9
3.43	0.135	10
3.05	0.120	11
2.69	0.106	12
2.34	0.092	13
2.03	0.080	14
1.83	0.072	15
1.57	0.062	16
1.37	0.054	17
1.22	0.048	18
1.04	0.041	19
0.89	0.035	20

**CONVERSION TABLE FOR PIPE PILES**

METRIC SIZE SHOWN ON THE PLANS mm x mm	EQUIVALENT IMPERIAL SIZE inch x inch
PP 360 x 4.55	NPS 14 x 0.179
PP 360 x 6.35	NPS 14 x 0.250
PP 360 x 9.53	NPS 14 x 0.375
PP 360 x 11.12	NPS 14 x 0.438
PP 406 x 12.70	NPS 16 x 0.500
PP 460 x T	NPS 18 x T"
PP 508 x T	NPS 20 x T"
PP 559 x T	NPS 22 x T"
PP 610 x T	NPS 24 x T"
PP 660 x T	NPS 26 x T"
PP 711 x T	NPS 28 x T"
PP 762 x T	NPS 30 x T"
PP 813 x T	NPS 32 x T"
PP 864 x T	NPS 34 x T"
PP 914 x T	NPS 36 x T"
PP 965 x T	NPS 38 x T"
PP 1016 x T	NPS 40 x T"
PP 1067 x T	NPS 42 x T"
PP 1118 x T	NPS 44 x T"
PP 1219 x T	NPS 48 x T"
PP 1524 x T	NPS 60 x T"

The thickness in inches (T") represents an exact conversion of the metric thickness in millimeters (T).



**CONVERSION TABLE FOR STRUCTURAL TIMBER AND LUMBER**

METRIC MINIMUM DRESSED DRY, SHOWN ON THE PLANS mm x mm	METRIC MINIMUM DRESSED GREEN, SHOWN ON THE PLANS mm x mm	EQUIVALENT NOMINAL US SIZE inch x inch
19x89	20x90	1x4
38x89	40x90	2x4
64x89	65x90	3x4
89x89	90x90	4x4
140x140	143x143	6x6
140x184	143x190	6x8
184x184	190x190	8x8
235x235	241x241	10x10
286x286	292x292	12x12

**CONVERSION TABLE FOR NAILS AND SPIKES**

METRIC COMMON NAIL, SHOWN ON THE PLANS  Length, mm Diameter, mm	METRIC BOX NAIL, SHOWN ON THE PLANS  Length, mm Diameter, mm	METRIC SPIKE, SHOWN ON THE PLANS Length, mm Diameter, mm	EQUIVALENT IMPERIAL SIZE  Penny-weight
50.80 2.87	50.80 2.51	————	6d
63.50 3.33	63.50 2.87	————	8d
76.20 3.76	76.20 3.25	76.20 4.88	10d
82.55 3.76	82.55 3.25	82.55 4.88	12d
88.90 4.11	88.90 3.43	88.90 5.26	16d
101.60 4.88	101.60 3.76	101.60 5.72	20d
114.30 5.26	114.30 3.76	114.30 6.20	30d
127.00 5.72	127.00 4.11	127.00 6.68	40d
————	————	139.70 7.19	50d
————	————	152.40 7.19	60d

**CONVERSION TABLE FOR IRRIGATION COMPONENTS**

<b>METRIC</b> <b>WATER METERS, TRUCK</b> <b>LOADING STANDPIPES,</b> <b>VALVES, BACKFLOW</b> <b>PREVENTERS, FLOW</b> <b>SENSORS, WYE</b> <b>STRAINERS, FILTER</b> <b>ASSEMBLY UNITS, PIPE</b> <b>SUPPLY LINES, AND PIPE</b> <b>IRRIGATION SUPPLY</b> <b>LINES</b> <b>SHOWN ON THE PLANS</b> <b>DIAMETER NOMINAL (DN)</b> <b>mm</b>	<b>EQUIVALENT NOMINAL</b> <b>US SIZE</b> <b>inch</b>
15	1/2
20	3/4
25	1
32	1-1/4
40	1-1/2
50	2
65	2-1/2
75	3
100	4
150	6
200	8
250	10
300	12
350	14
400	16

### **8-1.02 APPROVED TRAFFIC PRODUCTS**

The Department maintains the following list of Approved Traffic Products. The Engineer shall not be precluded from sampling and testing products on the list of Approved Traffic Products.

The manufacturer of products on the list of Approved Traffic Products shall furnish the Engineer a Certificate of Compliance in conformance with the provisions in Section 6-1.07, "Certificates of Compliance," of the Standard Specifications for each type of traffic product supplied.

Signing and delineation materials and products shall not be used in the work unless the material or product is on the list of Approved Traffic Products.

Materials and products may be added to the list of Approved Traffic Products if the manufacturer submits a New Product Information Form to the New Product Coordinator at the Transportation Laboratory. Upon a Departmental request for samples, sufficient samples shall be submitted to permit performance of required tests. Approval of materials or products will depend upon compliance with the specifications and tests the Department may elect to perform.

### **PAVEMENT MARKERS, PERMANENT TYPE**

#### **Retroreflective**

- A. Apex, Model 921 (100 mm x 100 mm)
- B. Ray-O-Lite, Models SS (100 mm x 100 mm), RS (100 mm x 100 mm) and AA (100 mm x 100 mm)
- C. Stimsonite, Models 88 (100 mm x 100 mm), 911 (100 mm x 100 mm), 953 (70 mm x 114 mm)
- D. 3M Series 290 (89 mm x 100 mm)

#### **Retroreflective With Abrasion Resistant Surface (ARS)**

- A. Ray-O-Lite "AA" ARS (100 mm x 100 mm)
- B. Stimsonite, Models 911 (100 mm x 100 mm), 953 (70 mm x 114 mm)
- C. 3M Series 290 (89 mm x 100 mm)

### **Retroreflective With Abrasion Resistant Surface (ARS)**

(Used for recessed applications)

- A. Stimsonite, Model 948 (58 mm x 119 mm)
- B. Ray-O-Lite, Model 2002 (58 mm x 117 mm)
- C. Stimsonite, Model 944SB (51 mm x 100 mm)\*
- D. Ray-O-Lite, Model 2004 ARS (51 mm x 100 mm)\*

\*For use only in 114 mm wide (older) recessed slots

### **Non-Reflective For Use With Epoxy Adhesive, 100 mm Round**

- A. Apex Universal (Ceramic)
- B. Highway Ceramics, Inc. (Ceramic)

### **Non-Reflective For Use With Bitumen Adhesive, 100 mm Round**

- A. Alpine Products, "D-Dot" and "ANR" (ABS)
- B. Apex Universal (Ceramic)
- C. Apex Universal, Model 929 (ABS)
- D. Elgin Molded Plastics, "Empco-Lite" Model 900 (ABS)
- E. Highway Ceramics, Inc. (Ceramic)
- F. Hi-Way Safety, Inc., Models P20-2000W and 2001Y (ABS)
- G. Interstate Sales, "Diamond Back" (ABS) and (Polypropylene)
- H. Road Creations, Model RCB4NR (Acrylic)
- I. Zumar Industries, "Titan TM40A" (ABS)

## **PAVEMENT MARKERS, TEMPORARY TYPE**

### **Temporary Markers For Long Term Day/Night Use (6 months or less)**

- A. Apex Universal, Model 924 (100 mm x 100 mm)
- B. Davidson Plastics Corp., Model 3.0 (100 mm x 100 mm)
- C. Elgin Molded Plastics, "Empco-Lite" Model 901 (100 mm x 100 mm)
- D. Road Creations, Model R41C (100 mm x 100 mm)
- E. Vega Molded Products "Temporary Road Marker" (75 mm x 100 mm)

### **Temporary Markers For Short Term Day/Night Use (14 days or less)**

(For seal coat or chip seal applications, clear protective covers are required)

- A. Apex Universal, Model 932
- B. Davidson Plastics, Models T.O.M., T.R.P.M., and "HH" (High Heat)
- C. Hi-Way Safety, Inc., Model 1280/1281

## **STRIPING AND PAVEMENT MARKING MATERIAL**

### **Permanent Traffic Striping and Pavement Marking Tape**

- A. Advanced Traffic Marking, Series 300 and 400
- B. Brite-Line, Series 1000
- C. Brite-Line "DeltaLine XRP"
- D. Swarco Industries, "Director 35" (For transverse application only)
- E. Swarco Industries, "Director 60"
- F. 3M, "Stamark" Series 380 and 5730
- G. 3M, "Stamark" Series 420 (For transverse application only)

### **Temporary (Removable) Striping and Pavement Marking Tape (6 months or less)**

- A. Advanced Traffic Marking, Series 200
- B. Brite-Line, Series 100
- C. P.B. Laminations, Aztec, Grade 102
- D. Swarco Industries, "Director-2"
- E. 3M, "Stamark," Series 620
- F. 3M Series A145 Removable Black Line Mask  
(Black Tape: For use only on Asphalt Concrete Surfaces)

- G. Advanced Traffic Marking Black "Hide-A-Line"  
(Black Tape: For use only on Asphalt Concrete Surfaces)
- H. Brite-Line "BTR" Black Removable Tape  
(Black Tape: For use only on Asphalt Concrete Surfaces)

**Preformed Thermoplastic (Heated in place)**

- A. Flint Trading, "Premark" and "Premark 20/20 Flex"
- B. Pavemark, "Hotape"

**Removable Traffic Paint**

- A. Bepro, Series 250/252 and No. 93 Remover

**Ceramic Surfacing Laminate, 150 mm x 150 mm**

- A. Safeline Industries/Highway Ceramics, Inc.

**CLASS 1 DELINEATORS**

**One Piece Driveable Flexible Type, 1700 mm**

- A. Carsonite, Curve-Flex CFRM-400
- B. Carsonite, Roadmarker CRM-375
- C. Davidson Plastics, "Flexi-Guide Models 400 and 566"
- D. FlexStake, Model 654 TM
- E. GreenLine Models HWD1-66 and CGD1-66
- F. J. Miller Industries, Model JMI-375 (with soil anchor)

**Special Use Flexible Type, 1700 mm**

- A. Carsonite, "Survivor" (with 450 mm U-Channel base)
- B. FlexStake, Model 604
- C. GreenLine Models HWD and CGD (with 450 mm U-Channel base)
- D. Safe-Hit with 200 mm pavement anchor (SH248-GP1)
- E. Safe-Hit with 380 mm soil anchor (SH248-GP2) and with 450 mm soil anchor (SH248-GP3)

**Surface Mount Flexible Type, 1200 mm**

- A. Bent Manufacturing Company, Masterflex Model MF-180EX-48
- B. Carsonite, "Super Duck II"
- C. FlexStake, Surface Mount, Models 704 and 754 TM

**CHANNELIZERS**

**Surface Mount Type, 900 mm**

- A. Bent Manufacturing Company, Masterflex Models MF-360-36 (Round) and MF-180-36 (Flat)
- B. Carsonite, "Super Duck" (Flat SDF-436, Round SDR-336)
- C. Carsonite, "Super Duck II" Model SDCF203601MB "The Channelizer"
- D. Davidson Plastics, Flex-Guide Models FG300LD and FG300UR
- E. FlexStake, Surface Mount, Models 703 and 753 TM
- F. GreenLine, Model SMD-36
- G. Hi-Way Safety, Inc. "Channel Guide Channelizer" Model CGC36
- H. The Line Connection, "Dura-Post" Model DP36-3 (Permanent)
- I. The Line Connection, "Dura-Post" Model DP36-3C (Temporary)
- J. Repo, Models 300 and 400
- K. Safe-Hit, Guide Post, Model SH236SMA

**CONICAL DELINEATORS, 1070 mm**

(For 700 mm Traffic Cones, see Standard Specifications)

- A. Bent Manufacturing Company "T-Top"
- B. Plastic Safety Systems "Navigator-42"
- C. Roadmaker Company "Stacker"
- D. Traffix Devices "Grabber"

## **OBJECT MARKERS**

### **Type "K", 450 mm**

- A. Carsonite, Model SMD-615
- B. FlexStake, Model 701 KM
- C. Repo, Models 300 and 400
- D. Safe-Hit, Model SH718SMA
- E. The Line Connection, Model DP21-4K

### **Type "K-4" / "Q" Object Markers, 600 mm**

- A. Bent Manufacturing "Masterflex" Model MF-360-24
- B. Carsonite, Super Duck II
- C. FlexStake, Model 701KM
- D. Repo, Models 300 and 400
- E. Safe-Hit, Models SH8 24SMA\_WA and SH8 24GP3\_WA
- F. The Line Connection, Model DP21-4Q

## **TEMPORARY RAILING (TYPE K) REFLECTORS AND CONCRETE BARRIER MARKERS**

### **Impactable Type**

- A. ARTUK, "FB"
- B. Davidson Plastics, Model PCBM-12
- C. Duraflex Corp., "Flexx 2020" and "Electriflexx"
- D. Hi-Way Safety, Inc., Model GMKRM100

### **Non-Impactable Type**

- A. ARTUK, JD Series
- B. Stimsonite, Model 967 (with 83 mm Acrylic cube corner reflector)
- C. Stimsonite, Model 967LS
- D. Vega Molded Products, Models GBM and JD

## **THREE BEAM BARRIER MARKERS**

(For use to the left of traffic)

- A. Duraflex Corp., "Railrider"
- B. Davidson Plastics, "Mini" (75 mm x 254 mm)

## **CONCRETE BARRIER DELINEATORS, 400 mm**

(For use to the right of traffic. When mounted on top of barrier, places top of reflective element at 1200 mm)

- A. Davidson Plastics, Model PCBM T-16
- B. Safe-Hit, Model SH216RBM
- C. Sun-Lab Technology, "Safety Guide Light, Model TM," 130 mm x 130 mm x 80 mm

## **CONCRETE BARRIER-MOUNTED MINI-DRUM (260 mm x 360 mm x 570 mm)**

- A. Stinson Equipment Company "SaddleMarker"

## **SOUND WALL DELINEATOR**

(Applied vertically. Place top of 75 mm x 300 mm reflective element at 1200 mm above roadway)

- A. Davidson Plastics, PCBM S-36
- B. Sun-Lab Technology, "Safety Guide Light, Model SM12," 130 mm x 130 mm x 80 mm

## **GUARD RAILING DELINEATOR**

(Top of reflective element at 1200 mm above plane of roadway)

### **Wood Post Type, 686 mm**

- A. Carsonite, Model 427
- B. Davidson Plastics FG 427 and FG 527
- C. FlexStake, Model 102 GR

- D. GreenLine GRD 27
- E. J. Miller Model JMI-375G
- F. Safe-Hit, Model SH227GRD

#### **Steel Post Type**

- A. Carsonite, Model CFGR-327 with CFGRBK300 Mounting Bracket

### **RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING**

#### **Channelizers, Barrier Markers, and Delineators**

- A. 3M, High Intensity
- B. Reflexite, PC-1000 Metalized Polycarbonate
- C. Reflexite, AC-1000 Acrylic
- D. Reflexite, AP-1000 Metalized Polyester
- E. Reflexite, AR-1000 Abrasion Resistant Coating
- F. Stimsonite, Series 6200 (For rigid substrate devices only)

#### **Traffic Cones, 330 mm Sleeves**

- A. Reflexite SB (Polyester), Vinyl or "TR" (Semi-transparent)

#### **Traffic Cones, 100 mm and 150 mm Sleeves**

- A. 3M Series 3840
- B. Reflexite Vinyl, "TR" (Semi-transparent) or "Conformalite"

#### **Barrels and Drums**

- A. Reflexite, "Super High Intensity" or "High Impact Drum Sheeting"
- B. 3M Series 3810

#### **Barricades: Type I, Engineer Grade**

- A. American Decal, Adcolite
- B. Avery Dennison, 1500 and 1600
- C. 3M, Scotchlite, Series CW

#### **Barricades: Type II, Super Engineer Grade**

- A. Avery Dennison, "Fasign" 2500 Series
- B. Kiwalite Type II
- C. Nikkalite 1800 Series

#### **Signs: Type II, Super Engineer Grade**

- A. Avery Dennison, "Fasign" 2500 Series
- B. Kiwalite, Type II
- C. Nikkalite 1800 Series

#### **Signs: Type III, High-Intensity Grade**

- A. 3M Series 3800
- B. Nippon Carbide, Nikkalite Brand Ultralite Grade II

#### **Signs: Type IV, High-Intensity Prismatic Grade**

- A. Avery Dennison T-6500 (Formerly Stimsonite Series 6200)

#### **Signs: Type VII, High-Intensity Prismatic Grade**

- A. 3M Series 3900

#### **Signs: Type VI, Roll-Up Signs**

- A. Reflexite, Vinyl (Orange), Reflexite "SuperBright" (Fluorescent orange)
- B. 3M Series RS34 (Orange) and RS20 (Fluorescent orange)

### **SPECIALTY SIGN (All Plastic)**

- A. All Sign Products, STOP Sign, 750 mm

### **SIGN SUBSTRATE FOR CONSTRUCTION AREA SIGNS**

#### **Aluminum**

#### **Fiberglass Reinforced Plastic (FRP)**

- A. Sequentia, "Polyplate"
- B. Fiber-Brite

### **8-1.03 STATE-FURNISHED MATERIALS**

Attention is directed to Section 6-1.02, "State-Furnished Materials," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

The following materials will be furnished to the Contractor:

- A. Sign panels for roadside signs.

## **SECTION 8-2. CONCRETE**

### **8-2.01 PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE**

Portland cement concrete shall conform to the provisions in Section 90, "Portland Cement Concrete," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

Unless the use of a mineral admixture is prohibited, whenever the word "cement" is used in the Standard Specifications or the special provisions, it shall be understood to mean "cementitious material" when both of the following conditions are met:

- A. The cement content of portland cement concrete is specified, and
- B. Section 90, "Portland Cement Concrete," of the Standard Specifications is referenced.

Section 90-1.01, "Description," of the Standard Specifications is amended to read:

#### **90-1.01 DESCRIPTION**

- Portland cement concrete shall be composed of cementitious material, fine aggregate, coarse aggregate, admixtures if used, and water, proportioned and mixed as specified in these specifications.
- Unless otherwise specified, cementitious material to be used in portland cement concrete shall conform to the provisions for cement and mineral admixtures in Section 90-2, "Materials," and shall be either: 1) "Type IP (MS) Modified" cement or 2) a combination of "Type II Modified" portland cement and mineral admixture.
- Concrete for each portion of the work shall comply with the provisions for the Class, cementitious material content in kilograms per cubic meter, 28-day compressive strength, minor concrete or commercial quality concrete, as shown on the plans or specified in these specifications or the special provisions.
  - Class 1 concrete shall contain not less than 400 kg of cementitious material per cubic meter.
  - Class 2 concrete shall contain not less than 350 kg of cementitious material per cubic meter.
  - Class 3 concrete shall contain not less than 300 kg of cementitious material per cubic meter.
  - Class 4 concrete shall contain not less than 250 kg of cementitious material per cubic meter.
  - Minor concrete shall contain not less than 325 kg of cementitious material per cubic meter unless otherwise specified in these specifications or the special provisions.
- Unless otherwise designated on the plans or specified in these specifications or the special provisions, the amount of cementitious material used per cubic meter of concrete in structures or portions of structures shall conform to the following:

Use	Cementitious Material Content (kg/m <sup>3</sup> )
Concrete which is designated by compressive strength:	
Deck slabs and slab spans of bridges	400 min., 475 max.
Roof sections of exposed top box culverts	400 min., 475 max.
Other portions of structures	350 min., 475 max.
Concrete not designated by compressive strength:	
Deck slabs and slab spans of bridges	400 min.
Roof sections of exposed top box culverts	400 min.
Prestressed members	400 min.
Seal courses	400 min.
Other portions of structures	350 min.
Concrete for precast members	350 min., 550 max.

- Whenever the 28-day compressive strength shown on the plans is greater than 25 MPa, the concrete shall be considered to be designated by compressive strength. If the plans show a 28-day compressive strength which is 31 MPa or greater, an additional 7 days will be allowed to obtain the specified strength. The 28-day compressive strengths shown on the plans which are 25 MPa or less are shown for design information only and are not to be considered a requirement for acceptance of the concrete.

- Concrete designated by compressive strength shall be proportioned such that the concrete will conform to the strength shown on the plans or specified in the special provisions.

- The Contractor shall determine the mix proportions for all concrete except pavement concrete. The Engineer will determine the mix proportions for pavement concrete.

- Before using concrete for which the mix proportions have been determined by the Contractor, or in advance of revising those mix proportions, the Contractor shall submit in writing to the Engineer a copy of the mix design.

- Compliance with cementitious material content requirements will be verified in conformance with procedures described in California Test 518 for cement content. For testing purposes, mineral admixture shall be considered to be cement. Batch proportions shall be adjusted as necessary to produce concrete having the specified cementitious material content.

- If any concrete used in the work has a cementitious material content, consisting of cement, mineral admixture, or cement plus mineral admixture, which is less than the minimum required for the work, the concrete shall be removed. However, if the Engineer determines that the concrete is structurally adequate, the concrete may remain in place and the Contractor shall pay to the State \$0.55 for each kilogram of cement, mineral admixture, or cement plus mineral admixture which is less than the minimum required for the work. The Department may deduct the amount from moneys due, or that may become due, the Contractor under the contract. The deductions will not be made unless the difference between the contents required and those actually provided exceeds the batching tolerances permitted by Section 90-5, "Proportioning." No deductions for cementitious material content will be made based on the results of California Test 518.

- The requirements of the preceding paragraph shall not apply to minor concrete or commercial quality concrete.

- Concrete for which the mix proportions are determined either by the Contractor or the Engineer shall conform to the requirements of this Section 90.

The first paragraph in Section 90-2.01, "Portland Cement," of the Standard Specifications is amended to read:

#### **90-2.01 PORTLAND CEMENT**

- Unless otherwise specified, portland cement shall be either "Type IP (MS) Modified" cement or "Type II Modified" portland cement.

- "Type IP (MS) Modified" cement shall conform to the specifications for Type IP (MS) cement in ASTM Designation: C 595, and shall be comprised of an intimate mixture of Type II cement and not more than 25 percent of a mineral admixture. The type and minimum amount of mineral admixture used in the manufacture of "Type IP (MS) Modified" cement shall be in conformance with the provisions in Section 90-4.08, "Required Use of Mineral Admixtures."

- "Type II Modified" portland cement shall conform to the requirements for Type II portland cement in ASTM Designation: C 150.

- In addition, "Type IP (MS) Modified" cement and "Type II Modified" portland cement shall conform to the following requirements:



- A. The cement shall not contain more than 0.60 percent by mass of alkalis, calculated as the percentage of Na<sub>2</sub>O plus 0.658 times the percentage of K<sub>2</sub>O, when determined by either direct intensity flame photometry or by the atomic absorption method. The instrument and procedure used shall be qualified as to precision and accuracy in conformance with the requirements in ASTM Designation: C 114.
- B. The autoclave expansion shall not exceed 0.50 percent.
- C. Mortar, containing the cement to be used and Ottawa sand, when tested in conformance with California Test 527, shall not expand in water more than 0.010 percent and shall not contract in air more than 0.048 percent except that when cement is to be used for precast prestressed concrete piling, precast prestressed concrete members or steam cured concrete products, the mortar shall not contract in air more than 0.053 percent.

The second paragraph in Section 90-2.01, "Portland Cement," of the Standard Specifications is amended to read:

- Type III and Type V portland cements shall conform to the requirements in ASTM Designation: C 150, and the additional requirements listed above for Type II Modified portland cement, except that when tested in conformance with California Test 527, mortar containing Type III portland cement shall not contract in air more than 0.075 percent.

The third paragraph in Section 90-2.01, "Portland Cement," of the Standard Specifications is deleted.

The twelfth paragraph in Section 90-2.02, "Aggregates," of the Standard Specifications is deleted.

The first paragraph in Section 90-2.03, "Water," of the Standard Specifications is amended to read:.

### **90-2.03 WATER**

- In conventionally reinforced concrete work, the water for curing, for washing aggregates, and for mixing shall be free from oil and shall not contain more than 1,000 parts per million of chlorides as Cl, nor more than 1,300 parts per million of sulfates as SO<sub>4</sub>. In prestressed concrete work, the water for curing, for washing aggregates, and for mixing shall be free from oil and shall not contain more than 650 parts per million of chlorides as Cl, nor more than 1,300 parts per million of sulfates as SO<sub>4</sub>. In no case shall the water contain an amount of impurities that will cause either: 1) a change in the setting time of cement of more than 25 percent when tested in conformance with the requirements in ASTM Designation: C 191 or ASTM Designation: C 266 or 2) a reduction in the compressive strength of mortar at 14 days of more than 5 percent, when tested in conformance with the requirements in ASTM Designation: C 109, when compared to the results obtained with distilled water or deionized water, tested in conformance with the requirements in ASTM Designation: C 109.

The following section is added to Section 90-2, "Materials," of the Standard Specifications:

### **90-2.04 ADMIXTURE MATERIALS**

- Admixture materials shall conform to the requirements in the following ASTM Designations:
  - A. Chemical Admixtures—ASTM Designation: C 494.
  - B. Air-entraining Admixtures—ASTM Designation: C 260.
  - C. Calcium Chloride—ASTM Designation: D 98.
  - D. Mineral Admixtures—Coal fly ash, raw or calcined natural pozzolan as specified in ASTM Designation: C618. Silica fume conforming to the requirements in ASTM Designation: C1240, with reduction of mortar expansion of 80 percent, minimum, using the cement from the proposed mix design.
- Mineral admixtures shall be used in conformance with the provisions in Section 90-4.08, "Required Use of Mineral Admixtures."

The first paragraph in Section 90-3.03, "Fine Aggregate Grading," is amended to read:

Fine aggregate shall be graded within the following limits:

Sieve Sizes	Percentage Passing	
	Operating Range	Contract Compliance
9.5-mm	100	100
4.75-mm	95-100	93-100
2.36-mm	65-95	61-99
1.18-mm	$X \pm 10$	$X \pm 13$
600- $\mu$ m	$X \pm 9$	$X \pm 12$
300- $\mu$ m	$X \pm 6$	$X \pm 9$
150- $\mu$ m	2-12	1-15
75- $\mu$ m	0-8	0-10

Section 90-4.02, "Materials," of the Standard Specifications is amended to read:

#### **90-4.02 MATERIALS**

- Admixture materials shall conform to the provisions in Section 90-2.04, "Admixture Materials."

Section 90-4.05, "Optional Use of Chemical Admixtures," of the Standard Specifications is amended to read:

#### **90-4.05 OPTIONAL USE OF CHEMICAL ADMIXTURES**

- The Contractor will be permitted to use Type A or F, water-reducing; Type B, retarding; or Type D or G, water-reducing and retarding admixtures as described in ASTM Designation: C 494 to conserve cementitious material or to facilitate concrete construction application subject to the following conditions:

- When a water-reducing admixture or a water-reducing and retarding admixture is used, the cementitious material content specified or ordered may be reduced by a maximum of 5 percent by mass except that the resultant cementitious material content shall be not less than 300 kilograms per cubic meter.
- When a reduction in cementitious material content is made, the dosage of admixture used shall be the dosage used in determining approval of the admixture.

Section 90-4.07, "Optional Use of Air-entraining Admixtures," of the Standard Specifications is amended to read:

#### **90-4.07 OPTIONAL USE OF AIR-ENTRAINING ADMIXTURES**

- When air-entrainment has not been specified or ordered by the Engineer, the Contractor will be permitted to use an air-entraining admixture to facilitate the use of any construction procedure or equipment provided that the average air content, as determined by California Test 504, of 3 successive tests does not exceed 4 percent and no single test value exceeds 5.5 percent. If the Contractor elects to use an air-entraining admixture in concrete for pavement, the Contractor shall so indicate at the time the Contractor designates the source of aggregate as provided in Section 40-1.015, "Cement Content."

Section 90-4.08, "Required Use of Mineral Admixtures," of the Standard Specifications is amended to read:

#### **90-4.08 REQUIRED USE OF MINERAL ADMIXTURES**

- Unless otherwise specified, mineral admixture shall be combined with cement to make cementitious material for use in portland cement concrete.
  - The calcium oxide content of mineral admixtures shall not exceed 10 percent and the available alkali, as sodium oxide equivalent, shall not exceed 1.5 percent when determined in conformance with the requirements in ASTM Designation: C618.
  - The amounts of cement and mineral admixture used in cementitious material for portland cement concrete shall be sufficient to satisfy the minimum cementitious material content requirements specified in Section 90-1.01, "Description," or Section 90-4.05, "Optional Use of Chemical Admixtures," and shall conform to the following:
- The minimum amount of cement shall not be less than 75 percent by mass of the specified minimum cementitious material content.
  - The minimum amount of mineral admixture to be combined with cement shall be determined using one of the following criteria:

1. When the calcium oxide content of a mineral admixture, as determined in conformance with the requirements in ASTM Designation: C618 and the provisions in Section 90-2.04, "Admixture Materials," is equal to or less than 2 percent by mass, the amount of mineral admixture shall not be less than 15 percent by mass of the total amount of cementitious material to be used in the mix.
  2. When the calcium oxide content of a mineral admixture, as determined in conformance with the requirements in ASTM Designation: C618 and the provisions in Section 90-2.04, "Admixture Materials," is greater than 2 percent, the amount of mineral admixture shall not be less than 25 percent by mass of the total amount of cementitious material to be used in the mix.
  3. When a mineral admixture is used, which conforms to the provisions for silica fume in Section 90-2.04, "Admixture Materials," the amount of mineral admixture shall not be less than 10 percent by mass of the total amount of cementitious material to be used in the mix.
- C. If more than the required amount of cementitious material is used, the additional cementitious material in the mix may be either cement, a mineral admixture conforming to the provisions in Section 90-2.04, "Admixture Materials," or a combination of both; however, the maximum total amount of mineral admixture shall not exceed 35 percent by mass of the total amount of cementitious material to be used in the mix. Where Section 90-1.01, "Description," specifies a maximum cementitious content in kilograms per cubic meter, the total mass of cement and mineral admixture per cubic meter shall not exceed the specified maximum cementitious material content.

Section 90-4.09, "Optional Use of Mineral Admixtures," of the Standard Specifications is deleted.

Section 90-4.11, "Storage, Proportioning, and Dispensing of Mineral Admixtures," of the Standard Specifications is amended to read:

#### **90-4.11 STORAGE, PROPORTIONING, AND DISPENSING OF MINERAL ADMIXTURES**

- Mineral admixtures shall be protected from exposure to moisture until used. Sacked material shall be piled to permit access for tally, inspection, and identification for each shipment.
- Adequate facilities shall be provided to assure that mineral admixtures meeting the specified requirements are kept separate from other mineral admixtures in order to prevent any but the specified mineral admixtures from entering the work. Safe and suitable facilities for sampling mineral admixtures shall be provided at the weigh hopper or in the feed line immediately in advance of the hopper.
- Mineral admixtures shall be incorporated into concrete using equipment conforming to the requirements for cement weigh hoppers, and charging and discharging mechanisms in ASTM Designation: C 94, in Section 90-5.03, "Proportioning," and in this Section 90-4.11.
- When interlocks are required for cement and mineral admixture charging mechanisms by Section 90-5.03A, "Proportioning for Pavement," and cement and mineral admixtures are weighed cumulatively, their charging mechanisms shall be interlocked to prevent the introduction of mineral admixture until the mass of cement in the cement weigh hopper is within the tolerances specified in Section 90-5.02, "Proportioning Devices."
- Mineral admixture used in concrete for exposed surfaces of like elements of a structure shall be from the same source and of the same percentage.

Section 90-5.02, "Proportioning Devices," of the Standard Specifications is amended to read:

#### **90-5.02 PROPORTIONING DEVICES**

- Weighing, measuring or metering devices used for proportioning materials shall conform to the provisions in Section 9-1.01, "Measurement of Quantities," and this Section 90-5.02. In addition, automatic weighing systems used shall comply with the provisions for automatic proportioning devices in Section 90-5.03A, "Proportioning for Pavement." These automatic devices shall be automatic to the extent that the only manual operation required for proportioning the aggregates, cement, and mineral admixture for one batch of concrete is a single operation of a switch or starter.
- Proportioning devices shall be tested at the expense of the Contractor as frequently as the Engineer may deem necessary to insure their accuracy.
- Weighing equipment shall be insulated against vibration or movement of other operating equipment in the plant. When the plant is in operation, the mass of each batch of material shall not vary from the mass designated by the Engineer by more than the tolerances specified herein.
- Equipment for cumulative weighing of aggregate shall have a zero tolerance of  $\pm 0.5$  percent of the designated total batch mass of the aggregate. For systems with individual weigh hoppers for the various sizes of aggregate, the zero tolerance shall be  $\pm 0.5$  percent of the individual batch mass designated for each size of aggregate. Equipment for cumulative weighing of cement and mineral admixtures shall have a zero tolerance of  $\pm 0.5$  percent of the designated total batch mass of the cement and mineral admixture. Equipment for weighing cement or mineral admixture separately shall have a zero tolerance of  $\pm 0.5$

percent of their designated individual batch masses. Equipment for measuring water shall have a zero tolerance of  $\pm 0.5$  percent of its designated mass or volume.

- The mass indicated for a batch of material shall not vary from the preselected scale setting by more than the following:

- A. Aggregate weighed cumulatively shall be within 1.0 percent of the designated total batch mass of the aggregate. Aggregates weighed individually shall be within 1.5 percent of their respective designated batch masses.
- B. Cement shall be within 1.0 percent of its designated batch mass. When weighed individually, mineral admixture shall be within 1.0 percent of its designated batch mass. When mineral admixture and cement are permitted to be weighed cumulatively, cement shall be weighed first to within 1.0 percent of its designated batch mass, and the total for cement and mineral admixture shall be within 1.0 percent of the sum of their designated batch masses.
- C. Water shall be within 1.5 percent of its designated mass or volume.

- Each scale graduation shall be approximately 0.001 of the total capacity of the scale. The capacity of scales for weighing cement, mineral admixture, or cement plus mineral admixture and aggregates shall not exceed that of commercially available scales having single graduations indicating a mass not exceeding the maximum permissible mass variation above, except that no scale shall be required having a capacity of less than 500 kg, with 0.5 kg graduations.

Section 90-5.03, "Proportioning," excluding Section 90-5.03A, "Proportioning for Pavement," of the Standard Specifications is amended to read:

### **90-5.03 PROPORTIONING**

- Proportioning shall consist of dividing the aggregates into the specified sizes, each stored in a separate bin, and combining them with cement, mineral admixture, and water as provided in these specifications. Aggregates shall be proportioned by mass.

- At the time of batching, aggregates shall have been dried or drained sufficiently to result in a stable moisture content such that no visible separation of water from aggregate will take place during transportation from the proportioning plant to the point of mixing. In no event shall the free moisture content of the fine aggregate at the time of batching exceed 8 percent of its saturated, surface-dry mass.

- Should separate supplies of aggregate material of the same size group, but of different moisture content or specific gravity or surface characteristics affecting workability, be available at the proportioning plant, withdrawals shall be made from one supply exclusively and the materials therein completely exhausted before starting upon another.

- Bulk "Type IP (MS) Modified" cement that conforms to the provisions in Section 90-2.01, "Portland Cement," shall be weighed in an individual hopper and shall be kept separate from the aggregates until the ingredients are released for discharge into the mixer.

- Bulk cement to be blended with mineral admixture for use in portland cement concrete for pavement and structures may be weighed in separate, individual weigh hoppers or may be weighed in the same weigh hopper with mineral admixture and shall be kept separate from the aggregates until the ingredients are released for discharge into the mixer. If the cement and mineral admixture are weighed cumulatively, the cement shall be weighed first.

- When cement and mineral admixtures are weighed in separate weigh hoppers, the weigh systems for the proportioning of the aggregate, the cement, and the mineral admixture shall be individual and distinct from other weigh systems. Each weigh system shall be equipped with a hopper, a lever system, and an indicator to constitute an individual and independent material weighing device. The cement and the mineral admixture shall be discharged into the mixer simultaneously with the aggregate.

- The scale and weigh hopper for bulk weighing cement, mineral admixture, and cement plus mineral admixture shall be separate and distinct from the aggregate weighing equipment.

- When the source of an aggregate is changed for concrete structures, the Contractor shall adjust the mix proportions and submit in writing to the Engineer a copy of the mix design before using such aggregates. When the source of an aggregate is changed for other concrete, the Engineer shall be allowed sufficient time to adjust the mix and such aggregates shall not be used until necessary adjustments are made.

- For batches with a volume of one cubic meter or more, the batching equipment shall conform to one of the following combinations:

- A. Separate boxes and separate scale and indicator for weighing each size of aggregate.
- B. Single box and scale indicator for all aggregates.
- C. Single box or separate boxes and automatic weighing mechanism for all aggregates.

- In order to check the accuracy of batch masses, the gross mass and tare mass of batch trucks, truck mixers, truck agitators, and non-agitating hauling equipment shall be determined when ordered by the Engineer. The equipment shall be weighed at the Contractor's expense on scales designated by the Engineer.

Section 90-5.03A, "Proportioning for Pavement," of the Standard Specifications is amended to read:

#### **90-5.03A PROPORTIONING FOR PAVEMENT**

- Aggregates and bulk cement, mineral admixture, and cement plus mineral admixture for use in pavement shall be proportioned by mass by means of automatic proportioning devices of approved type conforming to the provisions in this Section 90-5.03A.
- The Contractor shall install and maintain in operating condition an electrically actuated moisture meter that will indicate, on a readily visible scale, changes in the moisture content of the fine aggregate as it is batched within a sensitivity of 0.5 percent by mass of the fine aggregate.
- The batching of cement, mineral admixture, or cement plus mineral admixture and aggregate shall be interlocked so that a new batch cannot be started until all weigh hoppers are empty, the proportioning devices are within zero tolerance, and the discharge gates are closed. The interlock shall permit no part of the batch to be discharged until all aggregate hoppers and the cement and mineral admixture hoppers or the cement plus mineral admixture hopper are charged with masses which are within the tolerances specified in Section 90-5.02, "Proportioning Devices."
- The discharge gate on the cement and mineral admixture hoppers or the cement plus mineral admixture hopper shall be designed to permit regulating the flow of cement, mineral admixture or cement plus mineral admixture into the aggregate as directed by the Engineer.
- When separate weigh boxes are used for each size of aggregate, the discharge gates shall permit regulating the flow of each size of aggregate as directed by the Engineer.
- Material discharged from the several bins shall be controlled by gates or by mechanical conveyors. The means of withdrawal from the several bins, and of discharge from the weigh box, shall be interlocked so that not more than one bin can discharge at a time, and that the weigh box cannot be tripped until the required quantity from each of the several bins has been deposited therein. Should a separate weigh box be used for each size of aggregate, all may be operated and discharged simultaneously.
- When the discharge from the several bins is controlled by gates, each gate shall be actuated automatically so that the required mass is discharged into the weigh box, after which the gate shall automatically close and lock.
- The automatic weighing system shall be designed so that all proportions required may be set on the weighing controller at the same time.

The third paragraph in Section 90-6.01, "General," of the Standard Specifications is amended to read:

- Concrete shall be homogeneous and thoroughly mixed. There shall be no lumps or evidence of undispersed cement, mineral admixture, or cement plus mineral admixture.

The third and fourth paragraphs in Section 90-6.02, "Machine Mixing," of the Standard Specifications are amended to read:

- The batch shall be so charged into the mixer that some water will enter in advance of cementitious materials and aggregates. All water shall be in the drum by the end of the first one-fourth of the specified mixing time.
- Cementitious materials shall be batched and charged into the mixer by means that will not result either in loss of cementitious materials due to the effect of wind, or in accumulation of cementitious materials on surfaces of conveyors or hoppers, or in other conditions which reduce or vary the required quantity of cementitious material in the concrete mixture.

The sixth paragraph in Section 90-6.02, "Machine Mixing," of the Standard Specifications is amended to read:

- The total elapsed time between the intermingling of damp aggregates and all cementitious materials and the start of mixing shall not exceed 30 minutes.

The seventh through tenth paragraphs in Section 90-6.03, "Transporting Mixed Concrete," of the Standard Specifications are amended to read:

- When a truck mixer or agitator is used for transporting concrete to the delivery point, discharge shall be completed within 1.5 hours, or before 250 revolutions of the drum or blades, whichever comes first, after the introduction of the cement to the aggregates. Under conditions contributing to quick stiffening of the concrete, or when the temperature of the concrete is 30°C, or above, a time less than 1.5 hours may be required.
- When non-agitating hauling equipment is used for transporting concrete to the delivery point, discharge shall be completed within one hour after the addition of the cement to the aggregates. Under conditions contributing to quick stiffening of the concrete, or when the temperature of the concrete is 30°C, or above, the time between the introduction of cement to the aggregates and discharge shall not exceed 45 minutes.
- Each load of concrete delivered at the job site shall be accompanied by a weight certificate showing the mix identification number, non-repeating load number, date and time at which the materials were batched, the total amount of water added to the load and for transit-mixed concrete, the reading of the revolution counter at the time the truck mixer is charged with cement. This weight certificate shall also show the actual scale masses (kilograms) for the ingredients batched. Theoretical or target batch masses shall not be used as a substitute for actual scale masses.
- Weight certificates shall be provided in printed form, or if approved by the Engineer, the data may be submitted in electronic media. Electronic media shall be presented in a tab-delimited format on 90 mm diskette with a capacity of at least 1.4 megabytes. Captured data, for the ingredients represented by each batch shall be LFCR (one line, separate record) with allowances for sufficient fields to satisfy the amount of data required by these specifications.
- The Contractor may furnish a weight certificate that is accompanied by a separate certificate which lists the actual batch masses or measurements for a load of concrete provided that both certificates are 1) imprinted with the same non-repeating load number that is unique to the contract and 2) delivered to the job site with the load.
- Weight certificates furnished by the Contractor shall conform to the provisions in Section 9-1.01, "Measurement of Quantities," of the Standard Specifications.

Section 90-6.05, "Hand-Mixing," of the Standard Specifications is amended to read:

#### **90-6.05 HAND-MIXING**

- Hand-mixed concrete shall be made in batches not more than one-fourth cubic meter and shall be mixed on a watertight, level platform. The proper amount of coarse aggregate shall be measured in measuring boxes and spread on the platform and the fine aggregate shall be spread on this layer, the 2 layers being not more than 0.3 meters in total depth. On this mixture shall be spread the dry cement and mineral admixture and the whole mass turned no fewer than 2 times dry; then sufficient clean water shall be added, evenly distributed, and the whole mass again turned no fewer than 3 times, not including placing in the carriers or forms.

The table in the first paragraph in Section 90-6.06, "Amount of Water and Penetration," of the Standard Specifications is replaced with the following table:

Type of Work	Nominal Penetration (mm)	Maximum Penetration (mm)
Concrete pavement	0-25	40
Non-reinforced concrete facilities	0-35	50
Reinforced concrete structures:		
Sections over 300 mm thick	0-35	65
Sections 300 mm thick or less	0-50	75
Concrete placed under water	75-100	115
Cast-in-place concrete piles	65-90	100

The first paragraph following the table of penetration ranges in Section 90-6.06, "Amount of Water and Penetration," of the Standard Specifications is amended to read:

- The amount of free water used in concrete shall not exceed 183 kg/m<sup>3</sup>, plus 20 kg for each required 100 kg of cementitious material in excess of 325 kg/m<sup>3</sup>.

The fourth paragraph in Section 90-6.06, "Amount of Water and Penetration," of the Standard Specifications is amended to read:

- Where there are adverse or difficult conditions which affect the placing of concrete, the above specified penetration and free water content limitations may be exceeded providing the Contractor is granted permission by the Engineer in writing to increase the cementitious material content per cubic meter of concrete. The increase in water and cementitious material shall be at a ratio not to exceed 30 kg of water per added 100 kg of cementitious material per cubic meter. The cost of additional cementitious material and water added under these conditions shall be at the Contractor's expense and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

Section 90-9.01, "General," of the Standard Specifications is amended to read:

#### **90-9.01 GENERAL**

- Concrete compressive strength requirements consist of a minimum strength which must be attained before various loads or stresses are applied to the concrete and, for concrete designated by strength, a minimum strength at the age of 28 days or at the age otherwise allowed in Section 90-1.01, "Description." The various strengths required are specified in these specifications or are shown on the plans.

- The compressive strength of concrete will be determined from test cylinders which have been fabricated from concrete sampled in conformance with California Test 539. Test cylinders will be molded and initial field cured in conformance with California Test 540. Test cylinders will be cured and tested after receipt at the testing laboratory in conformance with California Test 521. A strength test shall consist of the average strength of 2 cylinders fabricated from material taken from a single load of concrete, except that, if any cylinder should show evidence of improper sampling, molding, or testing, that cylinder shall be discarded and the strength test shall consist of the strength of the remaining cylinder.

- When concrete compressive strength is specified as a prerequisite to applying loads or stresses to a concrete structure or member, test cylinders for other than steam cured concrete will be cured in conformance with Method 1 of California Test 540. The compressive strength of concrete determined for these purposes will be evaluated on the basis of individual tests.

- When concrete is designated by 28-day compressive strength rather than by cementitious material content, the concrete strength to be used as a basis for acceptance of other than steam cured concrete will be determined from cylinders cured in conformance with Method 1 of California Test 540. If the result of a single compressive strength test at the maximum age specified or allowed is below the specified strength but is 95 percent or more of the specified strength, the Contractor shall, at the Contractor's expense, make corrective changes, subject to approval by the Engineer, in the mix proportions or in the concrete fabrication procedures, before placing additional concrete, and shall pay to the State \$14 for each in-place cubic meter of concrete represented by the deficient test. If the result of a single compressive strength test at the maximum age specified or allowed is below 95 percent of the specified strength, but is 85 percent or more of the specified strength, the Contractor shall make the corrective changes specified above, and shall pay to the State \$20 for each in place cubic meter of concrete represented by the deficient test. In addition, such corrective changes shall be made when the compressive strength of concrete tested at 7 days indicates, in the judgment of the Engineer, that the concrete will not attain the required compressive strength at the maximum age specified or allowed. Concrete represented by a single test which indicates a compressive strength of less than 85 percent of the specified 28-day compressive strength will be rejected in conformance with the provisions in Section 6-1.04, "Defective Materials."

- If the test result indicates that the compressive strength at the maximum curing age specified or allowed is below the specified strength, but 85 percent or more of the specified strength, payments to the State as required above shall be made, unless the Contractor, at the Contractor's expense, obtains and submits evidence acceptable to the Engineer that the strength of the concrete placed in the work meets or exceeds the specified 28-day compressive strength. If the test result indicates a compressive strength at the maximum curing age specified or allowed below 85 percent, the concrete represented by that test will be rejected, unless the Contractor, at the Contractor's expense, obtains and submits evidence acceptable to the Engineer that the strength and quality of the concrete placed in the work are acceptable. If the evidence consists of tests made on cores taken from the work, the cores shall be obtained and tested in conformance with the requirements in ASTM Designation: C 42.

- No single compressive strength test shall represent more than 250 cubic meters.

- When a precast concrete member is steam cured, the compressive strength of the concrete will be determined from test cylinders which have been handled and stored in conformance with Method 3 of California Test 540. The compressive strength of steam cured concrete will be evaluated on the basis of individual tests representing specific portions of production. When the concrete is designated by 28-day compressive strength rather than by cementitious material content, the concrete shall be considered to be acceptable whenever its compressive strength reaches the specified 28-day compressive strength provided that strength is reached in not more than the maximum number of days specified or allowed after the member is cast.

- If concrete is specified by compressive strength, then materials, mix proportions, mixing equipment, and procedures proposed for use shall be prequalified prior to placement of the concrete. Prequalification shall be accomplished by the submission of acceptable certified test data or trial batch reports by the Contractor. Prequalification data shall be based on the use of materials, mix proportions, mixing equipment, procedures, and size of batch proposed for use in the work.

- Certified test data, in order to be acceptable, must indicate that not less than 90 percent of at least 20 consecutive tests exceed the specified strength at the maximum number of cure days specified or allowed, and none of those tests are less than 95 percent of specified strength. Strength tests included in the data shall be the most recent tests made on concrete of the proposed mix design and all shall have been made within one year of the proposed use of the concrete.

- Trial batch test reports, in order to be acceptable, must indicate that the average compressive strength of 5 consecutive concrete cylinders, taken from a single batch, at not more than 28 days (or the maximum age allowed) after molding shall be at least 4 MPa greater than the specified 28-day compressive strength, and no individual cylinder shall have a strength less than the specified strength at the maximum age specified or allowed. Data contained in the report shall be from trial batches which were produced within one year of the proposed use of specified strength concrete in the project. Whenever air-entrainment is required, the air content of trial batches shall be equal to or greater than the air content specified for the concrete without reduction due to tolerances.

- Tests shall be performed in conformance with either the appropriate California Test methods or the comparable ASTM test methods. Equipment employed in testing shall be in good condition and shall be properly calibrated. If the tests are performed during the life of the contract, the Engineer shall be notified sufficiently in advance of performing the tests in order to witness the test procedures.

- The certified test data and trial batch test reports shall include the following information:

- A. Date of mixing.
- B. Mixing equipment and procedures used.
- C. The size of batch in cubic meters and the mass, type and source of ingredients used.
- D. Penetration of the concrete.
- E. The air content of the concrete if an air-entraining admixture is used.
- F. The age at time of testing and strength of concrete cylinders tested.

- Certified test data and trial batch test reports shall be signed by an official of the firm which performed the tests.

- When approved by the Engineer, concrete from trial batches may be used in the work at locations where concrete of a lower quality is required and the concrete will be paid for as the type or class of concrete required at that location.

- After materials, mix proportions, mixing equipment, and procedures for concrete have been prequalified for use, additional prequalification by testing of trial batches will be required prior to making changes which, in the judgment of the Engineer, could result in a lowering of the strength of the concrete below that specified.

- The Contractor's attention is directed to the time required to test trial batches. The Contractor shall be responsible for production of trial batches at a sufficiently early date so that the progress of the work is not delayed.

- When precast concrete members are manufactured at the plant of an established manufacturer of precast concrete members, the mix proportions of the concrete shall be determined by the Contractor, and a trial batch and prequalification of the materials, mix proportions, mixing equipment, and procedures will not be required.

Section 90-10.02A, "Portland Cement," of the Standard Specifications is renamed "Cementitious Material" and is amended to read:

#### **90-10.02A CEMENTITIOUS MATERIAL**

- Cementitious material shall conform to the provisions in Section 90-1.01, "Description." Compressive strength requirements consist of a minimum strength which must be attained before various loads or stresses are applied to the concrete and, for concrete designated by strength, a minimum strength at the age of 28 days or at the age otherwise allowed in Section 90-1.01, "Description." The various strengths required are specified in these specifications or are shown on the plans.

The fifth paragraph in Section 90-10.02B, "Aggregate," of the Standard Specifications is deleted.

Section 90-10.03, "Production," of the Standard Specifications is amended to read:

#### **90-10.03 PRODUCTION**

- Cementitious material, water, aggregate, and admixtures shall be stored, proportioned, mixed, transported, and discharged in conformance with recognized standards of good practice, which will result in concrete that is thoroughly and uniformly mixed, which is suitable for the use intended, and which conforms to provisions specified herein. Recognized



standards of good practice are outlined in various industry publications such as those issued by American Concrete Institute, AASHTO, or California Department of Transportation.

- The cementitious material content of minor concrete shall conform to the provisions in Section 90-1.01, "Description."

- The amount of water used shall result in a consistency of concrete conforming to the provisions in Section 90-6.06, "Amount of Water and Penetration." Additional mixing water shall not be incorporated into the concrete during hauling or after arrival at the delivery point, unless authorized by the Engineer.

- Discharge of ready-mixed concrete from the transporting vehicle shall be made while the concrete is still plastic and before stiffening occurs. An elapsed time of 1.5 hours (one hour in non-agitating hauling equipment), or more than 250 revolutions of the drum or blades, after the introduction of the cementitious material to the aggregates, or a temperature of concrete of more than 32°C will be considered as conditions contributing to the quick stiffening of concrete. The Contractor shall take whatever action is necessary to eliminate quick stiffening, except that the addition of water will not be permitted.

- The required mixing time in stationary mixers shall be not less than 50 seconds or more than 5 minutes.

- The minimum required revolutions at mixing speed for transit-mixed concrete shall be not less than that recommended by the mixer manufacturer, and shall be increased, if necessary, to produce thoroughly and uniformly mixed concrete.

- Each load of ready-mixed concrete shall be accompanied by a weight certificate which shall be delivered to the Engineer at the discharge location of the concrete, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer. The weight certificate shall be clearly marked with the date and time of day when the load left the batching plant and, if hauled in truck mixers or agitators, the time the mixing cycle started.

- A Certificate of Compliance conforming to the provisions in Section 6-1.07, "Certificates of Compliance," shall be furnished to the Engineer, prior to placing minor concrete from a source not previously used on the contract, stating that minor concrete to be furnished meets contract requirements, including minimum cementitious material content specified.

The third and fourth paragraphs in Section 90-11.02, "Payment," of the Standard Specifications are amended to read:

- Should the Engineer order the Contractor to incorporate admixtures into the concrete when their use is not required by these specifications or the special provisions, furnishing the admixtures and adding them to the concrete will be paid for as extra work as provided in Section 4-1.03D.

- Should the Contractor use admixtures in conformance with the provisions in Section 90-4.05, "Optional Use of Chemical Admixtures," or Section 90-4.07, "Optional Use of Air-entraining Admixtures," or should the Contractor request and obtain permission to use other admixtures for the Contractor's benefit, the Contractor shall furnish those admixtures and incorporate them in the concrete at the Contractor's expense and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

## **SECTION 9. (BLANK)**

## **SECTION 10. CONSTRUCTION DETAILS**

### **SECTION 10-1. GENERAL**

#### **10-1.00 CONSTRUCTION PROJECT INFORMATION SIGNS**

Before any major physical construction work readily visible to highway users is started on this contract, the Contractor shall furnish and erect 2 Type 1 Construction Project Information signs at the locations designated by the Engineer.

The signs and overlays shall be of a type and material consistent with the estimated time of completion of the project and shall conform to the details shown on the plans.

The sign letters, border and the Department's construction logos shall conform to the colors (non-reflective) and details shown on the plans, and shall be on a white background (non-reflective). The colors blue and orange shall conform to PR Color Number 3 and Number 6, respectively, as specified in the Federal Highway Administration's Color Tolerance Chart.

The sign message to be used for fund types shall consist of the following, in the order shown:

STATE HIGHWAY FUNDS
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The sign message to be used for type of work shall consist of the following:

### **ROADSIDE WORK**

The sign message to be used for the Year of Completion of Project Construction will be furnished by the Engineer. The Contractor shall furnish and install the "Year" sign overlay within 10 working days of notification of the year date to be used.

The letter sizes to be used shall be as shown on the plans. The information shown on the signs shall be limited to that shown on the plans.

The signs shall be kept clean and in good repair by the Contractor.

Upon completion of the work, the signs shall be removed and disposed of outside the highway right of way in conformance with the provisions in Section 7-1.13 of the Standard Specifications.

Full compensation for furnishing, erecting, maintaining, and removing and disposing of the construction project information signs shall be considered as included in the contract lump sum price paid for construction area signs and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

#### **10-1.01 ORDER OF WORK**

Order of work shall conform to the provisions in Section 5-1.05, "Order of Work," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

The first order of work shall be to install temporary fence at the locations shown on the plans. No work shall commence until temporary fence is in place.

The installation of all underground utility lines shall be completed prior to beginning the installation of irrigation lines. All underground work shall be completed prior to beginning slurry seal operation.

Contractor shall notify the Engineer and Marysville Traffic Signal Operations at (530) 741-4180 5 days in advance before working on any loop detectors.

Attention is directed to "Miscellaneous Concrete Construction" of these special provisions regarding constructing a 600 mm by 600 mm test panel prior to constructing curb ramps with detectable warning surfaces.

Not less than 30 days prior to planting the sod, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a statement from the vendor that the order for the sod required for this contract, including inspection of sod, has been received and accepted by the vendor. The statement from the vendor shall include the description and quantity of sod ordered and the anticipated date of delivery.

Attention is directed to Section 9-1.06, "Partial Payments," of the Standard Specifications. For progress payment purposes, the Department will retain 50 percent of the estimated value of highway planting work done until a statement from the vendor that the order for the sod required for this contract has been submitted to the Engineer.

Attention is directed to "Maintain Existing Planted Areas" of these special provisions regarding checking for deficiencies of existing plants that are to remain in place, prior to the start of irrigation work.

Attention is directed to "Irrigation Systems Functional Test" of these special provisions, regarding restrictions for planting operations.

Unless otherwise shown on the plans or specified in these special provisions, conduits to be installed by the open trench method for water line crossovers and sprinkler control crossovers shall be installed prior to the installation of other pipe supply lines.

Attention is directed to "Existing Highway Irrigation Facilities" of these special provisions regarding the checking of existing irrigation facilities that are to remain in place, prior to the start of any irrigation work.

Clearing, grubbing, and earthwork operations shall not be performed in areas where existing irrigation facilities are to remain in place until existing irrigation facilities have been checked for proper operation in conformance with the provisions in "Highway Planting and Irrigation Systems" of these special provisions.

#### **10-1.02 WATER POLLUTION CONTROL**

Water pollution control work shall conform to the provisions in Section 7-1.01G, "Water Pollution," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

Water pollution control work shall conform to the requirements in the Construction Contractor's Guide and Specifications of the Caltrans Storm Water Quality Handbooks, dated April 1997, and addenda thereto issued up to and including the date of advertisement of the project, hereafter referred to as the "Handbook." Copies of the Handbook may be obtained from the Department of Transportation, Material Operations Branch, Publication Distribution Unit, 1900 Royal Oaks Drive, Sacramento, California 95815, Telephone: (916) 445-3520.

The Contractor shall know and fully comply with the applicable provisions of the Handbook and Federal, State, and local regulations that govern the Contractor's operations and storm water discharges from both the project site and areas of disturbance outside the project limits during construction.

Unless arrangements for disturbance of areas outside the project limits are made by the Department and made part of the contract, it is expressly agreed that the Department assumes no responsibility whatsoever to the Contractor or property owner with respect to any arrangements made between the Contractor and property owner to allow disturbance of areas outside the project limits.

The Contractor shall be responsible for the costs and for liabilities imposed by law as a result of the Contractor's failure to comply with the requirements set forth in this section "Water Pollution Control" including, but not limited to, compliance with the applicable provisions of the Handbook and Federal, State, and local regulations. For the purposes of this paragraph, costs and liabilities include, but are not limited to, fines, penalties, and damages whether assessed against the State or the Contractor, including those levied under the Federal Clean Water Act and the State Porter Cologne Water Quality Act.

In addition to the remedies authorized by law, an amount of the money due the Contractor under the contract, as determined by the Department, may be retained by the State of California until disposition has been made of the costs and liabilities.

The retention of money due the Contractor shall be subject to the following:

- A. The Department will give the Contractor 30 days notice of the Department's intention to retain funds from partial payments which may become due to the Contractor prior to acceptance of the contract. Retention of funds from payments made after acceptance of the contract may be made without prior notice to the Contractor.
- B. No retention of additional amounts out of partial payments will be made if the amount to be retained does not exceed the amount being withheld from partial payments pursuant to Section 9-1.06, "Partial Payments," of the Standard Specifications.
- C. If the Department has retained funds and it is subsequently determined that the State is not subject to the costs and liabilities in connection with the matter for which the retention was made, the Department shall be liable for interest on the amount retained at the legal rate of interest for the period of the retention.

Conformance with the provisions in this section "Water Pollution Control" shall not relieve the Contractor from the Contractor's responsibilities as provided in Section 7, "Legal Relations and Responsibilities," of the Standard Specifications.

#### **WATER POLLUTION CONTROL PROGRAM PREPARATION, APPROVAL AND UPDATES**

As part of the water pollution control work, a Water Pollution Control Program, hereafter referred to as the "WPCP," is required for this contract. The WPCP shall conform to the provisions in Section 7-1.01G, "Water Pollution," of the Standard Specifications, the requirements in the Handbook, and these special provisions.

No work having potential to cause water pollution, as determined by the Engineer, shall be performed until the WPCP has been approved by the Engineer.

Within 14 days after the approval of the contract, the Contractor shall submit 3 copies of the WPCP to the Engineer. The Engineer will have 7 days to review the WPCP. If revisions are required, as determined by the Engineer, the Contractor shall revise and resubmit the WPCP within 7 days of receipt of the Engineer's comments. The Engineer will have 7 days to review the revisions. Upon the Engineer's approval of the WPCP, 3 additional copies of the WPCP incorporating the required changes shall be submitted to the Engineer. Minor changes or clarifications to the initial submittal may be made and attached as amendments to the WPCP. In order to allow construction activities to proceed, the Engineer may conditionally approve the WPCP while minor revisions or amendments are being completed.

The WPCP shall identify pollution sources that may adversely affect the quality of storm water discharges associated with the project and shall identify water pollution control measures, hereafter referred to as control measures, to be constructed, implemented, and maintained in order to reduce to the extent feasible pollutants in storm water discharges from the construction site during construction under this contract.

The WPCP shall incorporate control measures in the following categories:

- A. Soil stabilization practices;
- B. Sediment control practices;
- C. Sediment tracking control practices;
- D. Wind erosion control practices; and
- E. Nonstorm water management and waste management and disposal control practices.

Specific objectives and minimum requirements for each category of control measures are contained in the Handbook.

The Contractor shall consider the objectives and minimum requirements presented in the Handbook for each of the above categories. When minimum requirements are listed for any category, the Contractor shall incorporate into the WPCP and implement on the project, one or more of the listed minimum controls required in order to meet the pollution control objectives for the category. In addition, the Contractor shall consider other control measures presented in the Handbook and

shall incorporate into the WPCP and implement on the project the control measures necessary to meet the objectives of the WPCP. The Contractor shall document the selection process in conformance with the procedure specified in the Handbook.

The WPCP shall include, but not be limited to, the following items as described in the Handbook:

- A. Project description and Contractor's certification;
- B. Project information;
- C. Pollution sources, control measures, and water pollution control drawings; and
- D. Amendments, if any.

The Contractor shall amend the WPCP, graphically and in narrative form, whenever there is a change in construction activities or operations which may affect the discharge of significant quantities of pollutants to surface waters, ground waters, municipal storm drain systems or when deemed necessary by the Engineer. The WPCP shall be amended if the WPCP has not achieved the objective of reducing pollutants in storm water discharges. Amendments shall show additional control measures or revised operations, including those in areas not shown in the initially approved WPCP, which are required on the project to control water pollution effectively. Amendments to the WPCP shall be submitted for review and approval by the Engineer in the same manner specified for the initially approved WPCP. Amendments shall be dated and attached to the on-site WPCP document.

The Contractor shall keep a copy of the WPCP, together with updates, revisions and amendments at the project site.

### **WPCP IMPLEMENTATION**

Upon approval of the WPCP, the Contractor shall be responsible throughout the duration of the project for installing, constructing, inspecting, and maintaining the control measures included in the WPCP and any amendments thereto and for removing and disposing of temporary control measures. Unless otherwise directed by the Engineer or specified in these special provisions, the Contractor's responsibility for WPCP implementation shall continue throughout any temporary suspension of work ordered in conformance with the provisions in Section 8-1.05, "Temporary Suspension of Work," of the Standard Specifications. Requirements for installation, construction, inspection, maintenance, removal, and disposal of control measures are specified in the Handbook and these special provisions.

Soil stabilization practices and sediment control measures, including minimum requirements, shall be provided throughout the winter season, defined as between October 15 and April 15.

Implementation of soil stabilization practices and sediment control measures for soil-disturbed areas on the project site shall be completed, except as provided for below, not later than 20 days prior to the beginning of the winter season or upon start of applicable construction activities for projects which begin either during or within 20 days of the winter season.

Throughout the winter season, the active, soil-disturbed area of the project site shall be not more than 1.9 hectares. The Engineer may approve, on a case-by-case basis, expansions of the active, soil-disturbed area limit. The Contractor shall demonstrate the ability and preparedness to fully deploy soil stabilization practices and sediment control measures to protect soil-disturbed areas on the project site before the onset of precipitation. A quantity of soil stabilization and sediment control materials shall be maintained on site equal to 100 percent of that sufficient to protect unprotected, soil-disturbed areas on the project site. A detailed plan for the mobilization of sufficient labor and equipment shall be maintained to fully deploy control measures required to protect unprotected, soil-disturbed areas on the project site prior to the onset of precipitation. A current inventory of control measure materials and the detailed mobilization plan shall be included as part of the WPCP.

Throughout the winter season, soil-disturbed areas on the project site shall be considered to be nonactive whenever soil disturbing activities are expected to be discontinued for a period of 20 or more days and the areas are fully protected. Areas that will become nonactive either during the winter season or within 20 days thereof shall be fully protected with soil stabilization practices and sediment control measures within 10 days of the discontinuance of soil disturbing activities or prior to the onset of precipitation, whichever is first to occur.

Throughout the winter season, active soil-disturbed areas of the project site shall be fully protected at the end of each day with soil stabilization practices and sediment control measures unless fair weather is predicted through the following work day. The weather forecast shall be monitored by the Contractor on a daily basis. The National Weather Service forecast shall be used. An alternative weather forecast proposed by the Contractor may be used if approved by the Engineer. If precipitation is predicted prior to the end of the following work day, construction scheduling shall be modified, as required, and functioning control measures shall be deployed prior to the onset of the precipitation.

The Contractor shall implement, year-round and throughout the duration of the project, control measures included in the WPCP for sediment tracking, wind erosion, nonstorm water management, and waste management and disposal.

The Engineer may order the suspension of construction operations which create water pollution if the Contractor fails to conform to the provisions in this section "Water Pollution Control" as determined by the Engineer.

## **MAINTENANCE**

To ensure the proper implementation and functioning of control measures, the Contractor shall regularly inspect and maintain the construction site for the control measures identified in the WPCP. The Contractor shall identify corrective actions and time needed to address any deficient measures or reinitiate any measures that have been discontinued.

The construction site inspection checklist provided in the Handbook shall be used to ensure that the necessary measures are being properly implemented, and to ensure that the control measures are functioning adequately. One copy of each site inspection record shall be submitted to the Engineer.

During the winter season, inspections of the construction site shall be conducted by the Contractor to identify deficient measures, as follows:

- A. Prior to a forecast storm;
- B. After all precipitation which causes runoff capable of carrying sediment from the construction site;
- C. At 24-hour intervals during extended precipitation events; and
- D. Routinely, at a minimum of once every 2 weeks.

If the Contractor or the Engineer identifies a deficiency in the deployment or functioning of an identified control measure, the deficiency shall be corrected immediately. The deficiency may be corrected at a later date and time if requested by the Contractor and approved by the Engineer in writing, but not later than the onset of subsequent precipitation events. The correction of deficiencies shall be at no additional cost to the State.

## **PAYMENT**

Full compensation for conforming to the provisions in this section shall be considered as included in the prices paid for the various contract items of work involved and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

Those control measures which are shown on the plans and for which there is a contract item of work will be measured and paid for as that contract item of work.

The Engineer will retain an amount equal to 25 percent of the estimated value of the contract work performed during estimate periods in which the Contractor fails to conform to the provisions in this section "Water Pollution Control" as determined by the Engineer.

Retentions for failure to conform to the provisions in this section "Water Pollution Control" shall be in addition to the other retentions provided for in the contract. The amounts retained for failure of the Contractor to conform to the provisions in this section will be released for payment on the next monthly estimate for partial payment following the date that a WPCP has been implemented and maintained and water pollution is adequately controlled, as determined by the Engineer.

### **10-1.03 TEMPORARY FENCE**

Temporary fence shall be furnished, constructed, maintained, and later removed as shown on the plans, as specified in these special provisions and as directed by the Engineer.

Except as otherwise specified in this section, temporary fence shall conform to the plan details and the specifications for permanent fence of similar character as provided in Section 80, "Fences," of the Standard Specifications.

Used materials may be installed provided the used materials are good, sound and are suitable for the purpose intended, as determined by the Engineer.

Materials may be commercial quality provided the dimensions and sizes of the materials are equal to, or greater than, the dimensions and sizes shown on the plans or specified herein.

Posts shall be either metal or wood at the Contractor's option.

Galvanizing and painting of steel items will not be required.

Treating wood with a wood preservative will not be required.

Concrete footings for metal posts will not be required.

Temporary fence that is damaged during the progress of the work shall be repaired or replaced by the Contractor at the Contractor's expense.

When no longer required for the work, as determined by the Engineer, temporary fence shall be removed. Removed facilities shall become the property of the Contractor and shall be removed from the site of the work, except as otherwise provided in this section.

Removed temporary fence materials that are not damaged may be constructed in the permanent work provided the materials conform to the requirements specified for the permanent work and such materials are new when used for the temporary fence.

Holes caused by the removal of temporary fence shall be backfilled in conformance with the provisions in the second paragraph of Section 15-1.02, "Preservation of Property," of the Standard Specifications.

The various types and kinds of temporary fence will be measured and paid for in the same manner specified for permanent fence of similar character as provided in Section 80, "Fences," of the Standard Specifications.

Full compensation for maintaining, removing, and disposing of temporary fence shall be considered as included in the contract prices paid per meter for the various types of temporary fence and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

#### **10-1.04 PRESERVATION OF PROPERTY**

Attention is directed to Section 7-1.11, "Preservation of Property," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

Existing trees that are not to be removed as shown on the plans or specified in these special provisions, and are injured or damaged by reason of the Contractor's operations, shall be replaced by the Contractor. The minimum size of tree replacement shall be 600 mm box and the minimum size of shrub replacement shall be No. 15 container.

Replacement planting shall conform to the requirements in Section 20-4.07, "Replacement," of the Standard Specifications. The Contractor shall water replacement plants in conformance with the provisions in Section 20-4.06, "Watering," of the Standard Specifications.

Damaged or injured plants shall be removed and disposed of outside the highway right of way in conformance with the provisions in Section 7-1.13 of the Standard Specifications. At the option of the Contractor, removed trees and shrubs may be reduced to chips. The chipped material shall be spread within the highway right of way at locations designated by the Engineer.

Replacement planting of injured or damaged trees, shrubs, and other plants shall be completed prior to the start of the plant establishment period. Replacement planting shall conform to the provisions in Section 20-4.05, "Planting," of the Standard Specifications.

#### **10-1.05 DAMAGE REPAIR**

Attention is directed to Section 7-1.16, "Contractor's Responsibility for the Work and Materials," and Section 7-1.165, "Damage by Storm, Flood, Tsunami or Earthquake," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

When, as a result of drought conditions (as defined herein) during the plant establishment period, plants have died or, in the opinion of the Engineer, have deteriorated to a point beyond which the plants will not mature as typical examples of their species, the Engineer may direct replacement of the affected plants. The total cost of ordered plant replacements, after water has been restricted or stopped, will be paid for as extra work as provided in Section 4-1.03D of the Standard Specifications. Restriction or shutoff of available water shall not relieve the Contractor from performing other contract work. A drought condition occurs when the Department, or its supplier, restricts or stops delivery of water to the Contractor to the degree that plants have died or deteriorated as described above.

When the provisions in Section 7-1.165, "Damage by Storm, Flood, Tsunami or Earthquake," of the Standard Specifications are applicable, the provisions above for payment of costs for repair of damage due to rain, freezing conditions and drought shall not apply.

#### **10-1.06 RELIEF FROM MAINTENANCE AND RESPONSIBILITY**

The Contractor may be relieved of the duty of maintenance and protection for those items not directly connected with plant establishment work, except highway planting and irrigation systems in conformance with the provisions in Section 7-1.15, "Relief From Maintenance and Responsibility," of the Standard Specifications.

#### **10-1.07 PROGRESS SCHEDULE**

Progress schedules are required for this contract and shall be submitted in conformance with the provisions in Section 8-1.04, "Progress Schedule," of the Standard Specifications.

#### **10-1.08 CONSTRUCTION AREA TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES**

Flagging, signs, and all other traffic control devices furnished, installed, maintained, and removed when no longer required shall conform to the provisions in Section 12, "Construction Area Traffic Control Devices," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

Category 1 traffic control devices are defined as those devices that are small and lightweight (less than 45 kg), and have been in common use for many years. The devices shall be known to be crashworthy by crash testing, crash testing of similar devices, or years of demonstrable safe performance. Category 1 traffic control devices include traffic cones, plastic drums, portable delineators, and channelizers.

If requested by the Engineer, the Contractor shall provide written self-certification for crashworthiness of Category 1 traffic control devices. Self-certification shall be provided by the manufacturer or Contractor and shall include the following: date, Federal Aid number (if applicable), expenditure authorization, district, county, route and kilometer post of project limits; company name of certifying vendor, street address, city, state and zip code; printed name, signature and title of

certifying person; and an indication of which Category 1 traffic control devices will be used on the project. The Contractor may obtain a standard form for self-certification from the Engineer.

Category 2 traffic control devices are defined as those items that are small and lightweight (less than 45 kg), that are not expected to produce significant vehicular velocity change, but may otherwise be potentially hazardous. Category 2 traffic control devices include: barricades and portable sign supports.

Category 2 devices purchased on or after October 1, 2000 shall be on the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Acceptable Crashworthy Category 2 Hardware for Work Zones list. This list is maintained by FHWA and can be located at the following internet address: <http://safety.fhwa.dot.gov/fourthlevel/hardware/listing.cfm?code=workzone>. The Department maintains a secondary list at the following internet address: <http://www.dot.ca.gov/hq/traffops/signtech/signdel/pdf/files.htm>.

Category 2 devices that have not received FHWA acceptance, and were purchased before October 1, 2000, may continue to be used until they complete their useful service life or until January 1, 2003, whichever comes first. Category 2 devices in use that have received FHWA acceptance shall be labeled with the FHWA acceptance letter number and the name of the manufacturer by the start of the project. The label shall be readable. After January 1, 2003, all Category 2 devices without a label shall not be used on the project.

Full compensation for providing self-certification for crashworthiness of Category 1 traffic control devices and labeling Category 2 devices as specified shall be considered as included in the prices paid for the various contract items of work requiring the use of the Category 1 or Category 2 traffic control devices and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

#### **10-1.09 CONSTRUCTION AREA SIGNS**

Construction area signs shall be furnished, installed, maintained, and removed when no longer required in conformance with the provisions in Section 12, "Construction Area Traffic Control Devices," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

Upon completion of the work, CSP-1 construction area sign panels shall be salvaged. Attention is directed to "Existing Highway Facilities" elsewhere in these special provisions.

Attention is directed to the provisions in "Prequalified and Tested Signing and Delineation Materials" of these special provisions. Type II retroreflective sheeting shall not be used on construction area sign panels.

Attention is directed to "Construction Project Information Signs" of these special provisions regarding the number and type of construction project information signs to be furnished, erected, maintained, and removed and disposed of.

The Contractor shall notify the appropriate regional notification center for operators of subsurface installations at least 2 working days, but not more than 14 calendar days, prior to commencing excavation for construction area sign posts. The regional notification centers include, but are not limited to, the following:

Notification Center	Telephone Number
Underground Service Alert-Northern California (USA)	1-800-642-2444 1-800-227-2600
Underground Service Alert-Southern California (USA)	1-800-422-4133 1-800-227-2600

Excavations required to install construction area signs shall be performed by hand methods without the use of power equipment, except that power equipment may be used if it is determined there are no utility facilities in the area of the proposed post holes.

Sign substrates for stationary mounted construction area signs may be fabricated from fiberglass reinforced plastic as specified under "Prequalified and Tested Signing and Delineation Materials" of these special provisions.

#### **10-1.10 MAINTAINING TRAFFIC**

Attention is directed to Sections 7-1.08, "Public Convenience," 7-1.09, "Public Safety," and 12, "Construction Area Traffic Control Devices," of the Standard Specifications and to the provisions in "Public Safety" of these special provisions and these special provisions. Nothing in these special provisions shall be construed as relieving the Contractor from the responsibilities specified in Section 7-1.09.

No work that would require a lane closure shall be performed.

#### **10-1.11 BARRICADE**

Barricades shall be furnished, placed and maintained at the locations shown on the plans, specified in the Standard Specifications or in these special provisions or where designated by the Engineer. Barricades shall conform to the provisions in Section 12, "Construction Area Traffic Control Devices," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

Attention is directed to "Approved Traffic Products" of these special provisions regarding retroreflective sheeting for barricades.

Construction area sign and marker panels conforming to the provisions in Section 12-3.06, "Construction Area Signs," of the Standard Specifications shall be installed on barricades in a manner determined by the Engineer at the locations shown on the plans.

Sign panels for construction area signs and marker panels installed on barricades shall conform to the provisions in Section 12-3.06A, "Stationary Mounted Signs," of the Standard Specifications.

Full compensation for furnishing, installing, maintaining, and removing construction area signs and marker panels on barricades shall be considered as included in the contract unit price paid for the type of barricade involved and no separate payment will be made therefor.

Barricades shown on the plans as part of a traffic control system will be paid for as provided in "Traffic Control System for Lane Closure" of these special provisions and will not be included in the count for payment of barricades.

#### **10-1.12 CHANNELIZER**

Channelizers shall conform to the provisions in Section 12, "Construction Area Traffic Control Devices," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

Channelizers shall conform to the provisions in "Approved Traffic Products" of these special provisions.

When no longer required for the work as determined by the Engineer, channelizers and underlying adhesive used to cement the channelizer bases to the pavement shall be removed. Removed channelizers and adhesive shall become the property of the Contractor and shall be removed from the site of work.

#### **10-1.13 EXISTING HIGHWAY FACILITIES**

The work performed in connection with various existing highway facilities shall conform to the provisions in Section 15, "Existing Highway Facilities," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

Except as otherwise provided for damaged materials in Section 15-2.04, "Salvage," of the Standard Specifications, the materials to be salvaged shall remain the property of the State, and shall be cleaned, packaged, bundled, tagged, and hauled to the Willows Maintenance Station at 939 North Humboldt Avenue, Willows, CA 95988 and stockpiled.

The Contractor shall notify the Engineer and the District Regional Recycle Coordinator, telephone (530) 934-5148 a minimum of 48 hours prior to hauling salvaged material to the Recycle Center.

#### **REMOVE THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING**

Thermoplastic pavement markings to be removed shall be removed at the locations shown on the plans and at the locations designated by the Engineer.

#### **REMOVE ROADSIDE SIGN**

Existing roadside signs, at those locations shown on the plans to be removed, shall be removed and disposed of.

Existing roadside signs shall not be removed until replacement signs have been installed or until the existing signs are no longer required for the direction of public traffic, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.

#### **REMOVE FENCE**

Existing fence, at the locations shown on the plans, shall be removed.

Removed fence shall be disposed of.

#### **RELOCATE TABLE TOP**

Existing table top shall be removed and relocated to the new location shown on the plans.

The Contractor shall take all necessary measures to prevent the table top from being damaged. If the top is damaged during relocation, the Contractor shall replace the table top, in kind, at his own expense.

The relocated table top shall be attached to the supports in its new location, using hardware from the existing table tops.

Table top that is replaced shall be disposed of outside the highway right of way in conformance with the provisions in Section 7-1.13, "Disposal of Material Outside the Highway Right of Way," of the Standard Specifications. Table top supports and foundations at the existing location shall be removed and disposed of. Resulting holes shall be backfilled in conformance with the provisions in the second paragraph of Section 15-1.02, "Preservation of Property," of the Standard Specifications.

The contract unit price paid for relocate table top shall include full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, tools, equipment, and incidentals, and for doing all the work involved in relocating table top, complete in place, as shown on the plans, as specified in the Standard Specifications and these special provisions, and as directed by the Engineer.



## **REMOVE CONCRETE**

Concrete, where shown on the plans to be removed, shall be removed.

Removing concrete curb, will be measured by the meter, measured along the curb, before removal operations.

Removing concrete sidewalk will be measured by the square meter before removal operations.

Concrete removed shall be disposed of outside the highway right of way in conformance with the provisions in Section 7-1.13, "Disposal of Material Outside the Highway Right of Way," of the Standard Specifications.

## **10-1.14 CLEARING AND GRUBBING**

Clearing and grubbing shall conform to the provisions in Section 16, "Clearing and Grubbing," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions. Clearing and grubbing shall include removing existing sod (turf) and sod roots in areas indicated on Engineer's plans.

## **10-1.15 EARTHWORK**

Earthwork shall conform to the provisions in Section 19, "Earthwork," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

Surplus excavated material shall become the property of the Contractor and shall be disposed of outside the highway right of way in conformance with the provisions in Section 7-1.13, "Disposal of Material Outside the Highway Right of Way," of the Standard Specifications.

## **10-1.16 AGGREGATE BASE**

Aggregate base shall be Class 2 and shall conform to the provisions in Section 26, "Aggregate Bases," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

The restriction that the amount of reclaimed material included in Class 2 aggregate base not exceed 50 percent of the total volume of the aggregate used shall not apply. Aggregate for Class 2 aggregate base may include reclaimed glass. Aggregate base incorporating reclaimed glass shall not be placed at locations where surfacing will not be placed over the aggregate base.

## **10-1.17 SLURRY SEAL**

Slurry seal shall conform to the provisions in Section 37-2, "Slurry Seal," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

The aggregate for slurry seal shall be Type I.

Asphaltic emulsion shall be, at the option of the Contractor, either quick-setting Type QS1h or CQS1h asphaltic emulsion and shall conform to the provisions in Section 94, "Asphaltic Emulsions," of the Standard Specifications.

## **10-1.18 ASPHALT CONCRETE**

Asphalt concrete shall be Type A and shall conform to the provisions in Section 39, "Asphalt Concrete," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

The aggregate for Type A asphalt concrete shall conform to the 19-mm maximum, medium grading specified in Section 39-2.02, "Aggregate," of the Standard Specifications.

In addition to the provisions in Section 39-5.01, "Spreading Equipment," of the Standard Specifications, asphalt paving equipment shall be equipped with automatic screed controls and a sensing device or devices.

When placing the initial mat of asphalt concrete on existing pavement, the end of the screed nearest the centerline shall be controlled by a sensor activated by a ski device not less than 9 m long. The end of the screed farthest from centerline shall be controlled by a sensor activated by a similar ski device.

When paving contiguously with previously placed mats, the end of the screed adjacent to the previously placed mat shall be controlled by a sensor that responds to the grade of the previously placed mat and will reproduce the grade in the new mat within a 3-mm tolerance. The end of the screed farthest from the previously placed mat shall be controlled in the same way it was controlled when placing the initial mat.

Should the methods and equipment furnished by the Contractor fail to produce a layer of asphalt concrete conforming to the provisions, including straightedge tolerance, of Section 39-6.03, "Compacting," of the Standard Specifications, the paving operations shall be discontinued and the Contractor shall modify the equipment or methods, or furnish substitute equipment.

Should the automatic screed controls fail to operate properly during a day's work, the Contractor may manually control the spreading equipment for the remainder of that day. However, the equipment shall be corrected or replaced with alternative automatically controlled equipment conforming to the provisions in this section before starting another day's work.

The area to which paint binder has been applied shall be closed to public traffic. Care shall be taken to avoid tracking binder material onto existing pavement surfaces beyond the limits of construction.

Asphalt concrete surfacing shall be placed on existing surfacing, as shown on the plans, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.

#### **10-1.19 REPLACE ASPHALT CONCRETE SURFACING**

This work shall consist of removing existing asphalt concrete surfacing and underlying base material and replacing the removed surfacing and base material with new asphalt concrete as shown on the plans and in conformance with these special provisions.

The exact limits of asphalt concrete surfacing to be removed and replaced will be determined by the Engineer.

Existing asphalt concrete surfacing and underlying base material removed during a work period shall be replaced before the time the lane is to be opened to public traffic in conformance with the provisions in "Maintaining Traffic" of these special provisions.

The outline of the asphalt concrete to be removed shall be cut on neat lines with a power-driven saw to a minimum depth of 46 mm before removing the surfacing. Surfacing and base shall be removed without damage to surfacing that is to remain in place. Damage to pavement which is to remain in place shall be repaired to a condition satisfactory to the Engineer or the damaged pavement shall be removed and replaced with new asphalt concrete if ordered by the Engineer. Repairing or removing and replacing pavement damaged outside the limits of pavement to be replaced shall be at the Contractor's expense and will not be measured nor paid for.

Removed materials shall be disposed of outside the highway right of way in conformance with the provisions in Section 7-1.13, "Disposal of Material Outside the Highway Right of Way," of the Standard Specifications.

The material remaining in place, after removing surfacing and base to the required depth, shall be graded to a plane, watered, and compacted. The finished surface of the remaining material shall not extend above the grade established by the Engineer.

Areas of the base material which are low as a result of over excavation shall be filled, at the Contractor's expense, with asphalt concrete.

Asphalt concrete used for replace asphalt concrete surfacing shall be Type A, and shall conform to the provisions for asphalt concrete in "Asphalt Concrete" of these special provisions except for payment.

The quantity of replace asphalt concrete surfacing to be paid for will be measured by the cubic meter. The volume to be paid for will be calculated on the basis of the dimensions shown on the plans adjusted by the amount of any change ordered by the Engineer.

The contract price paid per cubic meter for replace asphalt concrete surfacing shall include full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials (including asphalt concrete), tools, equipment, and incidentals, and for doing all the work involved in replacing asphalt concrete surfacing, complete in place, as shown on the plans, as specified in the Standard Specifications and these special provisions, and as directed by the Engineer.

If the aggregates for the asphalt concrete did not meet the "Contract Compliance" requirements for Sand Equivalent or gradation and if the Contractor requests the material be accepted on the basis of a penalty, in conformance with the provisions in the Section 39-2.02, "Aggregate," of the Standard Specifications, and the Engineer approves the request, the penalty shall be \$4.58 per cubic meter.

#### **10-1.20 ROADSIDE SIGNS**

Roadside signs shall be installed at the locations shown on the plans or where designated by the Engineer and in conformance with the provisions in Section 56-2, "Roadside Signs," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

Wood posts shall be pressure treated after fabrication in conformance with the provisions in Section 58, "Preservative Treatment of Lumber, Timber and Piling," of the Standard Specifications with creosote, creosote coal tar solution, creosote petroleum solution (50-50), pentachlorophenol in hydrocarbon solvent, copper naphthenate, ammoniacal copper arsenate, or ammoniacal copper zinc arsenate. In addition to the preservatives listed above, Southern yellow pine may also be pressure treated with chromated copper arsenate. When other than one of the creosote processes is used, blocks shall have a minimum retention of 6.4 kg/m<sup>3</sup>, and need not be incised.

#### **10-1.21 CORRUGATED METAL PIPE**

Corrugated steel pipe arch culverts shall conform to the provisions in Section 66, "Corrugated Metal Pipe," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

Corrugated steel pipe shall be fabricated from zinc-coated steel sheet.

#### **10-1.22 MISCELLANEOUS FACILITIES**

Steel flared end pipe arch section shall conform to the provisions in Section 70, "Miscellaneous Facilities," of the Standard Specifications.

### **10-1.23 MISCELLANEOUS CONCRETE CONSTRUCTION**

Minor concrete (curb), minor concrete (exposed aggregate sidewalk), minor concrete (curb ramp) shall conform to the provisions in Section 73, "Concrete Curbs and Sidewalks," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

Exposed aggregate finish shall match existing exposed aggregate finish.

The adjacent slope shall be graded as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

Curb ramp detectable warning surface shall conform to the details shown on the plans and shall not be constructed or installed on curb ramps with a slope that exceeds 6.67 percent. The finished surfaces of the detectable warning surface shall be free from blemishes.

Curb ramp detectable warning surface shall consist of raised truncated domes constructed or installed on curb ramps. Detectable warning surface, at the option of the Contractor, shall be either cast-in-place or stamped into the surface of the curb ramp, or shall be a prefabricated surface installed on the curb ramp. The color of the detectable warning surface shall be yellow conforming to Federal Standard No. 595B, Color No. 33538. Detectable warning surface, either cast-in-place or stamped into the surface of the curb ramp, shall be painted yellow in conformance with the provisions in Section 59-6, "Painting Concrete," of the Standard Specifications.

Prior to constructing curb ramps with a cast-in-place or stamped detectable warning surface, a test panel shall be constructed on the project site and shall be of a size not less than 600 mm by 600 mm. The test panel shall be constructed, finished and cured with the same materials, tools, equipment, and methods to be used in constructing the proposed permanent work. Additional test panels shall be constructed as necessary until a panel is produced which demonstrates, to the satisfaction of the Engineer, the ability of the selected procedure to produce a detectable warning surface that meets all of the specified requirements.

Full compensation for constructing or installing a curb ramp detectable warning surface shall be considered as included in the contract price paid per cubic meter for minor concrete (curb ramp) and no separate payment will be made therefor.

Full compensation for exposed aggregate finish and grading the adjacent slope shall be considered as included in the contract price paid per cubic meter for minor concrete (exposed aggregate sidewalk) and no additional compensation will be allowed.

### **10-1.24 CHAIN LINK FENCE**

Chain link fence shall be Type CL-1.2 and shall conform to the provisions in Section 80, "Fences," of the Standard Specifications.

### **10-1.25 METAL BEAM GUARD RAILING**

Metal beam guard railing shall be constructed in conformance with the provisions in Section 83-1, "Railings," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

Attention is directed to "Order of Work" of these special provisions.

Line posts and blocks shall be wood.

Delete the ninth and eleventh paragraphs in Section 83-1.02B, "Metal Beam Guard Railing," of the Standard Specifications.

The grades and species of wood posts and blocks shall be No. 1 timbers (also known as No. 1 structural) Douglas fir or No. 1 timbers Southern yellow pine. Wood posts and blocks shall be graded in conformance with the provisions in Section 57-2, "Structural Timber," of the Standard Specifications, except allowances for shrinkage after mill cutting shall in no case exceed 5 percent of the American Lumber Standards minimum sizes, at the time of installation.

Wood posts and blocks shall be pressure treated after fabrication in conformance with the provisions in Section 58, "Preservative Treatment of Lumber, Timber and Piling," of the Standard Specifications with creosote, creosote coal tar solution, creosote petroleum solution (50-50), pentachlorophenol in hydrocarbon solvent, copper naphthenate, ammoniacal copper arsenate, or ammoniacal copper zinc arsenate. In addition to the preservatives listed above, Southern yellow pine may also be pressure treated with chromated copper arsenate. When other than one of the creosote processes is used, blocks shall have a minimum retention of 6.4 Kg/m<sup>3</sup>, and need not be incised.

### **TERMINAL SYSTEM (TYPE SRT)**

Terminal system (Type SRT) shall be furnished and installed as shown on the plans and in conformance with these special provisions.

Terminal system (Type SRT) shall be a SRT-350 Slotted Rail Terminal as manufactured by Syro, Inc., a Trinity Industries Company, and shall include all the items detailed for terminal system (Type SRT) shown on the plans.

Arrangements have been made to insure that any successful bidder can obtain the SRT-350 Slotted Rail Terminal from the manufacturer, Syro, Inc., a Trinity Industries Company, P.O. Box 99, 950 West 400S, Centerville, UT 84014, Telephone 1-800-772-7976. The price quoted by the manufacturer for the SRT-350 Slotted Rail Terminal, FOB Centerville, Utah is \$865.00, not including sales tax.

The above price will be firm for orders placed on or before July 31, 2001, provided delivery is accepted within 90 days after the order is placed.

The Contractor shall provide the Engineer with a Certificate of Compliance from the manufacturer in conformance with the provisions in Section 6-1.07, "Certificates of Compliance," of the Standard Specifications. The Certificate of Compliance shall certify that terminal systems (Type SRT) conform to the contract plans and specifications, conform to the prequalified design and material requirements and were manufactured in conformance with the approved quality control program.

The terminal system (Type SRT) shall be installed in conformance with the manufacturer's installation instructions and these requirements. At the Contractor's option, steel foundation tubes with soil plates attached, shall be either driven, with or without pilot holes, or placed in drilled holes. Space around the steel foundation tubes shall be backfilled with selected earth, free of rock, placed in layers approximately 100 mm thick and each layer shall be moistened and thoroughly compacted. Wood terminal posts shall be inserted into the steel foundation tubes by hand. Before the wood terminal posts are inserted, the inside surfaces of the steel foundation tubes to receive the wood posts shall be coated with a grease which will not melt or run at a temperature of 65°C or less. The edges of the wood terminal posts may be slightly rounded to facilitate insertion of the post into the steel foundation tubes.

Surplus excavated material remaining after the terminal system (Type SRT) has been constructed shall be disposed of in a uniform manner along the adjacent roadway where designated by the Engineer.

#### **10-1.26 THERMOPLASTIC TRAFFIC STRIPE AND PAVEMENT MARKING**

Thermoplastic traffic stripes (traffic lines) and pavement markings shall be applied in conformance with the provisions in Section 84, "Traffic Stripes and Pavement Markings," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

Where striping joins existing striping, as shown on the plans, the Contractor shall begin and end the transition from the existing striping pattern into or from the new striping pattern a sufficient distance to ensure continuity of the striping pattern.

Thermoplastic material for traffic stripes shall be applied at a minimum thickness of 1.78 mm.

#### **10-1.27 PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING**

Painted pavement markings shall be applied in conformance with the provisions in Section 84, "Traffic Stripes and Pavement Markings," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

Blue paint pavement markings shall be commercial quality and shall conform to Federal number 15090 for Highway Blue.

#### **10-1.28 PAVEMENT MARKERS (RETROREFLECTIVE)**

Pavement markers shall be placed in conformance with the provisions in Section 85, "Pavement Markers," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

Retroreflective pavement markers shall comply with the specific intensity provisions for reflectance after abrading the lens surface in conformance with the "Steel Wool Abrasion Procedure" specified for pavement markers placed in pavement recesses in Section 85-1.05, "Retroreflective Pavement Markers," of the Standard Specifications.

### **SECTION 10-2. HIGHWAY PLANTING AND IRRIGATION SYSTEMS**

#### **10-2.01 GENERAL**

The work performed in connection with highway planting and irrigation systems shall conform to the provisions in Section 20, "Erosion Control and Highway Planting," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

The Contractor shall notify the Engineer not less than 72 hours prior to requiring initial access to the existing irrigation controllers. When the Engineer determines that access to the controllers is required at other times, arrangements will be made to provide this access.

When fluctuations of water pressure and water supply are encountered during normal working hours, plants shall be watered at other times, as often, and in sufficient amounts as conditions may require to keep the soil and plant roots moist during the life of the contract.

Full compensation for watering plants outside normal working hours shall be considered as included in the contract unit prices paid for the plants involved and the contract lump sum price paid for plant establishment work and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

## **COST BREAK-DOWN**

The Contractor shall furnish the Engineer a cost break-down for the contract lump sum items of highway planting and irrigation system.

Cost break-downs shall be completed and furnished in the format shown in the samples of the cost break-downs included in this section. Unit descriptions of work shown in the samples are the minimum to be submitted. Additional unit descriptions of work may be designated by the Contractor. If the Contractor elects to designate additional unit descriptions of work, the quantity, value and amount for those units shall be completed in the same manner as for the unit descriptions shown in the samples. The units and quantities given in the samples are to show the manner of preparing the cost break-downs to be furnished by the Contractor.

The Contractor shall determine the quantities required to complete the work shown on the plans. The quantities and their values shall be included in the cost break-downs submitted to the Engineer for approval. The Contractor shall be responsible for the accuracy of the quantities and values used in the cost break-downs submitted for approval.

No adjustment in compensation will be made in the contract lump sum prices paid for highway planting and irrigation system due to differences between the quantities shown in the cost break-downs furnished by the Contractor and the quantities required to complete the work as shown on the plans and as specified in these special provisions.

The sum of the amounts for the units of work listed in each cost break-down for highway planting and irrigation system work shall be equal to the contract lump sum price bid for the work. Overhead and profit shall be included in each individual unit listed in each cost break-down. Cost break-downs shall be submitted to the Engineer for approval within 15 working days after the contract has been approved. Cost break-downs shall be approved, in writing, by the Engineer before a partial payment for the items of highway planting and irrigation system will be made.

Approved cost break-downs will be used to determine partial payments during the progress of the work and as the basis of calculating the adjustment in compensation for the items of highway planting and irrigation system due to changes ordered by the Engineer. When an ordered change increases or decreases the quantities of an approved cost break-down, the adjustment in compensation will be determined in the same manner specified for increases and decreases in the quantity of a contract item of work in conformance with the provisions in Section 4-1.03B, "Increased or Decreased Quantities," of the Standard Specifications.

## HIGHWAY PLANTING COST BREAK-DOWN

Contract No. 03-1A1204

UNIT DESCRIPTION	UNIT	APPROXIMATE QUANTITY	VALUE	AMOUNT
CULTIVATE	M2	560		
SOIL AMENDMENT	M3	17.6		
MAINTAIN EXISTING PLANTED AREAS	LS	LUMP SUM		
PLANT (GROUP T )	M2	560		
ROADSIDE CLEARING	LS	LUMP SUM		

**TOTAL** \_\_\_\_\_

# IRRIGATION SYSTEM COST BREAK-DOWN

Contract No. 03-1A1204

UNIT DESCRIPTION	UNIT	APPROXIMATE QUANTITY	VALUE	AMOUNT
SPRINKLER (TYPE A-5)	EA	20		
20MM PLASTIC PIPE (SUPPLY LINE)	M	100		
25MM PLASTIC PIPE (SUPPLY LINE)	M	50		
32MM PLASTIC PIPE (SUPPLY LINE)	M	50		
40MM PLASTIC PIPE (SUPPLY LINE)	M	20		
65 MM PLASTIC PIPE (SUPPLY LINE)	M	40		
40 MM ELECTRIC REMOTE CONTROL VALVE	EA	2		
25MM QUICK COUPLING VALVE	EA	2		
40MM GATE VALVE	EA	1		
65MM GATE VALVE	EA	1		
MAINTAIN EXIST. IRRIGATION FACILITIES	LS	LUMP SUM		
CONTROL AND NEUTRAL CONDUCTORS	LS	LUMP SUM		
CHECK AND TEST AND REMOVE EXISTING IRRIGATION	LS	LUMP SUM		

**TOTAL** \_\_\_\_\_

### **10-2.02 EXISTING HIGHWAY PLANTING**

In addition to the provisions in Section 20 of the Standard Specifications, work performed in connection with existing highway planting shall be in conformance with the provisions in Section 15, "Existing Highway Facilities," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

Replacement planting shall conform to the requirements specified under "Preservation of Property" of these special provisions.

#### **MAINTAIN EXISTING PLANTED AREAS**

Existing planted areas, designated on the plans to be maintained, shall be maintained throughout the life of the contract in conformance with these special provisions.

Existing plants shall be watered in conformance with the provisions in Section 20-4.06, "Watering," of the Standard Specifications.

Existing planted areas to be maintained shall be inspected for deficiencies by the Contractor in the presence of the Engineer. Deficiencies requiring corrective action shall include weeds; dead, diseased, or unhealthy plants; missing plant stakes and tree ties; inadequate plant basins; and any other deficiencies needing corrective action to promote healthy plant life, as determined by the Engineer. The inspection shall be completed within 10 working days after the start of work.

When directed by the Engineer, deficiencies found during the inspection shall be corrected within 10 working days after the inspection. Correction of deficiencies, as directed by the Engineer, will be paid for as extra work in conformance with the provisions in Section 4-1.03D, "Extra Work," of the Standard Specifications.

After initial deficiencies have been corrected as directed by the Engineer, the Contractor shall continue to maintain existing planted areas as often as necessary to maintain the area in a neat appearance. The work shall include the following and any other work needed to promote healthy plant growth and maintain the area in a neat appearance, as determined by the Engineer.

- A. Trash, debris and weeds shall be removed from existing planted areas. Weeds shall be killed prior to removal. Trash, debris and weed removal in ground cover areas shall extend beyond the outer limits of ground cover areas to the adjacent edges of paving, fences and proposed plants and planting areas, and a 2-m diameter area centered at each existing tree and shrub outside of existing ground cover areas.
- B. Existing plant basins shall be kept well formed and free of silt. If existing plant basins require repairs, and the plant basins contain mulch, the mulch shall be replaced after the plant basins have been repaired.

If after completion of the initial inspection and correction of deficiencies, the Engineer determines that existing plants show signs of failure to grow, or are so injured or damaged as to render the plants unsuitable for the purpose intended, the existing plants shall be replaced. Removal, disposal and replacement of the existing plants shall be in conformance with the provisions in "Preservation of Property" of these special provisions.

Except as otherwise provided herein for payment by extra work, maintain existing planted areas will be paid for at the contract lump sum price for maintain existing plants.

### **10-2.03 EXISTING HIGHWAY IRRIGATION FACILITIES**

The work performed in connection with the various existing highway irrigation system facilities shall conform to the provisions in Section 15, "Existing Highway Facilities," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

Water shall be maintained in conformance with the provisions in Section 20-5.025, "Maintain Existing Water Supply," of the Standard Specifications.

#### **CHECK AND TEST EXISTING IRRIGATION FACILITIES**

Existing irrigation facilities that are to remain or to be relocated, and that are within those areas where clearing and grubbing or earthwork operations are to be performed, shall be checked for missing or damaged components and proper operation prior to performing clearing and grubbing or earthwork operations. Existing irrigation facilities outside of work areas that are affected by the construction work shall also be checked for proper operation.

A written list of existing irrigation system deficiencies shall be submitted to the Engineer within 5 working days after checking the existing facilities.

Deficiencies found during checking of the existing facilities shall be corrected as directed by the Engineer. Corrective work ordered by the Engineer will be paid for as extra work as provided in Section 4-1.03D of the Standard Specifications.

When existing irrigation facilities are checked, existing backflow preventers to remain shall be tested for proper operation in conformance with the provisions in Section 20-5.03J, "Check and Test Backflow Preventers," of the Standard Specifications.



## **MAINTAIN EXISTING IRRIGATION FACILITIES**

Existing irrigation facilities shall be maintained throughout the life of the contract. Prior to the start of maintaining existing irrigation facilities work, the facilities shall be checked for proper operation, and repaired in conformance with the provisions in "Check and Test Existing Irrigation Facilities" of these special provisions.

After the existing facilities have been checked and repaired, the Contractor shall be responsible for the routine maintenance of existing irrigation systems. The work shall include, but not limited to, checking irrigation systems for proper operation and adjusting, repairing or replacing valve boxes, sprinklers, risers, swing joints, and valve assembly units.

The Contractor will not be responsible for maintaining existing water well, meters, underground pipe supply lines, control and neutral conductors, and electrical conduits. Except as otherwise specified in section "Existing Highway Irrigation Facilities" of these special provisions, repair work to these facilities ordered by the Engineer will be paid for as extra work as provided in Section 4-1.03D of the Standard Specifications.

Existing automatic irrigation systems shall be operated automatically during the life of the contract, except manual operation will be allowed for the work during plant replacement, fertilization, weed germination, and the repair of irrigation facilities.

Irrigation controllers shall be programmed by the Contractor for seasonal water requirements. During winter seasons irrigation systems shall be operated automatically a minimum of 2 minutes every 2 weeks.

Irrigation systems and facilities shall be checked for proper operation at least once every 30 days. When required, as determined by the Engineer, adjusting, repairing or replacing irrigation facilities shall be completed within 5 working days after checking the irrigation systems. Except as provided in these special provisions, repair and replacement of irrigation facilities shall conform to the provisions in "Existing Highway Irrigation Facilities" of these special provisions.

## **REMOVE EXISTING IRRIGATION FACILITIES**

Existing irrigation facilities where shown on the plans to be removed, shall be removed. Facilities that are more than 150 mm below finished grade, excluding facilities to be salvaged, may be abandoned in place.

Immediately after disconnecting an existing irrigation facility to be removed or abandoned from an existing facility to remain, the remaining facility shall be capped or plugged, or shall be connected to a new or existing irrigation facility.

Facilities to be removed, excluding facilities to be salvaged, shall be disposed of in conformance with the provisions in Section 7-1.13, "Disposal of Material Outside the Highway Right of Way," of the Standard Specifications.

## **10-2.04 HIGHWAY PLANTING**

The work performed in connection with highway planting shall conform to the provisions in Section 20-4, "Highway Planting," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

### **ROADSIDE CLEARING**

Prior to preparing sod areas or commencing irrigation trenching operations for planting areas, trash and debris shall be removed from the proposed planted areas.

Prior to preparing planting areas and wild flower seeding areas, or commencing irrigation trenching operations for planting areas, trash and debris shall be removed from these areas and a distance of 3 m beyond the edges of those areas. At locations where proposed planting areas are 3.6 m or more from the edges of dikes, curbs, sidewalks, fences, walls, paved shoulders and existing planting to remain or to be maintained, the clearing limit shall be 2 m beyond the outer limits of the proposed planting area.

In addition to removing trash and debris, the project area shall be cleared as specified herein:

- A. Existing sod, where shown on the plans to be removed, shall be removed.
- B. Weeds shall be killed and removed within sod areas and new and existing pavement, curb, sidewalk and other surfaced areas.
- C. Weeds shall be killed and removed within proposed mulch areas and within the area extending beyond the outer limits of the proposed mulch areas to the adjacent edges of shoulders, dikes, curbs, sidewalks, walls, existing planting and fences. At those locations where proposed mulch areas are 3.6 m or more from the adjacent edges of shoulders, dikes, curbs, sidewalks, walls, and fences, the clearing limit shall be 2 m beyond the outer limits of the proposed mulch areas.
- D. Disposal of weeds killed during the initial roadside clearing will not be required, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer. When directed by the Engineer, killed weeds shall be disposed of and the disposal will be paid for as extra work as provided in Section 4-1.03D of the Standard Specifications.

After the initial roadside clearing is complete, additional roadside clearing work shall be performed as necessary to maintain the areas, as specified above, in a neat appearance until the start of the plant establishment period. This work shall include the following:

- A. Trash and debris shall be removed.
- B. Rodents shall be controlled.
- C. Weed growth shall be killed before the weeds reach the seed stage of growth or exceed 150 mm in length, except for weeds in wild flower seeding areas to be mowed.
- D. Existing ground cover shall be killed and removed from within the 2-m diameter areas specified for each proposed plant location within the existing ground cover areas.
- E. Weeds in plant basins, including basin walls, shall be removed by hand pulling, after the plants have been planted.
- F. Areas outside the areas specified to be cleared of weeds shall be mowed.

## **WEED CONTROL**

Weed control shall also conform to the following:

- A. Stolon type weeds shall be killed with glyphosate.
- B. Tumbleweeds shall be removed by hand pulling before the tumbleweeds reach a height of 150 mm.
- C. Removed weeds and ground cover shall be disposed of outside the highway right of way in conformance with the provisions in Section 7-1.13, "Disposal of Material Outside the Highway Right of Way," of the Standard Specifications.
- D. At the option of the Contractor, weed growth in mowed areas may be controlled by growth regulators. Growth regulators shall be applied before weeds exceed 300 mm in height.
- E. Disposal of mowed material and killed weeds after initial roadside clearing will not be required, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer. When directed by the Engineer, mowed material and killed weeds shall be disposed of and the disposal will be paid for as extra work as provided in Section 4-1.03D of the Standard Specifications.

## **CULTIVATE**

Areas to be planted with sod (turf) shall be cultivated.

Immediately prior to cultivation, soil amendment shall be added to the areas to be cultivated. Soil amendment shall be added at the coverage rate of .18 m<sup>3</sup> per 100 m<sup>2</sup> shown on the plans. Soil amendment shall be thoroughly mixed with the soil.

After cultivation is complete and the irrigation systems have been installed and the plant holes have been excavated and backfilled, no further planting work shall be done in the cultivated areas for a period of \_\_\_ days, except the soil shall be kept sufficiently moist to germinate weeds. Weeds that germinate shall be killed

## **TURF (SOD)**

Turf (sod) shall be placed on the areas shown on the plans as "Turf."

Sod shall be a mixture of 2 varieties, consisting of 10% Bluegrass and 90% Tall Fescue, and shall be healthy field grown sod containing not more than 12 mm thick thatch. The age of the sod shall be not less than 8 months or more than 16 months.

Sod shall be grown in conformance with California agricultural codes. The sod shall be free from disease, weeds, insects, and nondesirable types of grasses and clovers. Soil upon which the sod has been grown shall contain less than 50 percent silt and clay.

Sod shall be machine cut at a uniform soil thickness of 16 mm ± 6 mm, not including top growth and thatch.

A Certificate of Compliance for the sod shall be furnished to the Engineer in conformance with the provisions in Section 6-1.07, "Certificates of Compliance," of the Standard Specifications.

Sod shall be protected with tarps or other protective covers during delivery and shall not be allowed to dry out during delivery or prior to placement.

Areas to be planted to sod shall be cultivated in conformance with the provisions in "Cultivate" of these special provisions.

Weeds and debris shall be removed before cultivation and shall be disposed of outside the highway right of way in conformance with the provisions in Section 7-1.13, "Disposal of Material Outside the Highway Right of Way," of the Standard Specifications.

Soil amendment shall be applied at the rates shown and in conformance with the provisions in "Cultivate" of these special provisions.

After cultivation and installation of irrigation system, areas to be planted with sod shall be fine graded and rolled. Areas to be planted with sod shall be graded to drain and shall be smooth and uniform prior to placing sod. Areas to be planted to sod adjacent to sidewalks, concrete headers, header boards, and other paved borders and surfaced areas shall be 40 mm ± 6 mm below the top grade of the facilities, after fine grading, rolling, and settlement of the soil.

Sod shall be placed so that the ends of adjacent strips of sod are staggered a minimum of 0.6-m. Edges and ends of sod shall be placed firmly against adjacent sod and against sidewalks, concrete headers, header boards, and other paved borders and surfaced areas.

After placement of the sod, the entire sodded area shall be lightly rolled to eliminate air pockets and to ensure close contact with the soil. After rolling, the sodded areas shall be watered so that the soil is moistened to a minimum depth of 100 mm. Sod shall not be allowed to dry out.

If irregular or uneven areas appear before or during the plant establishment period, these areas shall be restored to a smooth and even appearance.

When the turf (sod) has reached a height of 80 mm the turf shall be mowed to a height of 50 mm. Turf (sod) edges, including edges adjacent to sidewalks, concrete headers, header boards, and other paved borders and surfaced areas, shall be trimmed to a uniform edge not extending beyond the edge of turf or the facilities. Mowed and trimmed growth shall be removed and disposed of outside the highway right of way in conformance with the provisions in Section 7-1.13, "Disposal of Material Outside the Highway Right of Way," of the Standard Specifications. Trimming shall be repeated whenever the edge of turf exceeds 25 mm.

Sod placed on areas shown on the plans as "Turf" will be measured and paid for by the square meter as turf (sod).

Mowing and trimming turf (sod) and disposing of mowed material, during the plant establishment period, will be paid for in conformance with the provisions in "Plant Establishment Work" of these special provisions.

### **PLANT ESTABLISHMENT WORK**

The plant establishment period shall be Type 2 and shall be not less than 25 working days.

Weeds within plant basins, including basin walls and ground cover, shall be controlled by hand pulling.

Weeds within turf areas, shall be controlled by killing.

The final inspection shall be performed in conformance with the provisions in Section 5-1.13, "Final Inspection," of the Standard Specifications and shall be completed a minimum of 20 working days before the estimated completion of the contract.

Turf areas shall be mowed in conformance with the provisions in "Turf (Sod)" of these special provisions.

Full compensation for mowing and trimming turf (sod) and disposing of mowed and trimmed material during the plant establishment period shall be considered as included in the contract lump sum price paid for plant establishment work and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

### **10-2.05 IRRIGATION SYSTEMS**

Irrigation systems shall be furnished and installed in conformance with the provisions in Section 20-5, "Irrigation Systems," of the Standard Specifications, except materials containing asbestos fibers shall not be used.

Pipe supply lines shall be pressure tested in conformance with the provisions in Section 20-5.03H, "Pressure Testing," of the Standard Specifications, except the pipe (supply line) on the discharge side of the control valve shall be tested by Method B as specified in Section 20-5.03H(2), "Method B," of the Standard Specifications.

Only pipeline trenches and excavation pits for supply lines being supplied from one water service point shall be open at one time. After pressure testing is complete, trenches and pits excavated for pipe supply lines, being supplied from one water service point, shall be backfilled prior to commencing excavations for pipe supply lines being supplied from another water service point.

Gate valves, 75 mm and larger in size, shall be furnished with a square lug and shall be operated by use of long shank keys. Prior to acceptance of the contract, 3 long shank keys shall be delivered to the Engineer.

### **VALVE BOXES**

Valve boxes shall conform to the provisions in Section 20-2.24, "Valve Boxes," of the Standard Specifications, except as otherwise provided herein.

Valve boxes shall be precast portland cement concrete.

Covers for concrete valve boxes shall be glass fiber reinforced plastic. Cast iron and steel covers shall be hinged with brass hinge pins for valve boxes containing valves smaller than 50 mm.

### **ELECTRIC AUTOMATIC IRRIGATION COMPONENTS**

#### **Electric Remote Control Valves**

Electric remote control valves shall conform to the provisions in Section 20-2.23, "Control Valves," of the Standard Specifications and the following:

- A. Valves shall be glass filled nylon (Plastic)

- B. Valves shall be angle pattern (bottom inlet) or straight pattern (side inlet) as shown on the plans.

### **Conductors**

Low voltage, as used in this section "Conductors," shall mean 36 V or less.

Low voltage control and neutral conductors in pull boxes and valve boxes, at irrigation controller terminals, and at splices shall be marked as follows:

- A. Conductor terminations and splices shall be marked with adhesive backed paper markers or adhesive cloth wrap-around markers, with clear, heat-shrinkable sleeves sealed over the markers.
- B. Non-spliced conductors in pull boxes and valve boxes shall be marked with clip-on, "C" shaped, white extruded polyvinyl chloride sleeves. Marker sleeves shall have black, indented legends of uniform depth with transparent overlays over the legends and "chevron" cuts for alignment of 2 or more sleeves.

Markers for the control conductors shall be identified with the appropriate number or letter designations of irrigation controllers and station numbers. Markers for neutral conductors shall be identified with the appropriate number or letter designations of the irrigation controllers.

New control and neutral conductors that are to replace existing control and neutral conductors shall be the same size and color as the existing control and neutral conductors being connected to.

The color of low voltage neutral and control conductor insulation, except for the striped portions, shall be homogeneous throughout the entire thickness of the insulation.

Insulation for conductors may be UL listed polyethylene conforming to UL44 test standards with a minimum insulation thickness of 1.05 mm for wire sizes 10AWG and smaller.

At the option of the Contractor, other types of splice sealing materials and methods may be used provided other materials and methods have been approved in writing by the Engineer prior to installation of the connectors.

## **10-2.06 IRRIGATION SYSTEMS**

Irrigation systems shall be furnished and installed in conformance with the provisions in Section 20-5, "Irrigation Systems," of the Standard Specifications, except materials containing asbestos fibers shall not be used.

### **IRRIGATION SYSTEMS FUNCTIONAL TEST**

Functional tests for the irrigation controllers and associated automatic irrigation systems shall conform to the provisions in Section 20-5.027J, "Testing," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

Tests shall demonstrate to the Engineer, through one complete cycle of the irrigation controllers in the automatic mode, that the associated automatic components of the irrigation systems operate properly. If automatic components of the irrigation systems fail a functional test, these components shall be repaired at the Contractor's expense and the testing repeated until satisfactory operation is obtained.

Upon completion of work on an irrigation system, including correction of deficiencies and satisfactory functional tests for the systems involved, the plants to be planted in the area watered by the irrigation system may be planted provided the planting areas have been prepared as specified in these special provisions.

## **PIPE**

### **Plastic Pipe**

Plastic pipe supply lines shall be polyvinyl chloride (PVC) 1120 or 1220 pressure rated pipe with the minimum pressure rating (PR) shown on the plans.

Plastic pipe supply lines and fittings that are 100 mm or larger in diameter on the supply side of control valves shall be the rubber ring gasket type, except when pressure rating (PR) 315 plastic pipe supply line is required.

Plastic pipe supply lines less than 100 mm in diameter shall have solvent cemented type joints. Primers shall be used on the solvent cemented type joints.

Fittings for plastic pipe supply lines with a pressure rating (PR) of 315 shall be Schedule 80.

### **FINAL IRRIGATION SYSTEM CHECK**

A final check of existing and new irrigation facilities shall be performed not more than 20 working days prior to acceptance of the contract.

Remote control valves connected to existing and new irrigation controllers shall be checked for automatic performance when the controllers are in automatic mode.

Unsatisfactory performance of irrigation facilities installed or modified by the Contractor shall be repaired and rechecked at the Contractor's expense until satisfactory performance is obtained, as determined by the Engineer.

Repair or replacement of existing irrigation facilities due to unsatisfactory performance shall conform to the provisions in "Existing Highway Irrigation Facilities" of these special provisions.

Nothing in this section "Final Irrigation System Check" shall relieve the Contractor of full responsibility for making good or repairing defective work or materials found before the formal written acceptance of the entire contract by the Director.

Full compensation for checking the irrigation systems prior to the acceptance of the contract shall be considered as included in the contract lump sum price paid for plant establishment work and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

## **SECTION 10-3. ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS**

### **10-3.01 DESCRIPTION**

Replacing loop detectors shall conform to the provisions in Section 86, "Signals, Lighting and Electrical Systems," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

### **10-3.02 CONDUCTORS AND WIRING**

Splices shall be insulated by "Method B" or, at the Contractor's option, splices of conductors shall be insulated with heat-shrink tubing of the appropriate size after thoroughly painting the spliced conductors with electrical insulating coating.

The minimum insulation thickness, at any point, for Type USE, RHH or RHW wire shall be 1.0 mm for conductor sizes No. 14 to No. 10, inclusive, and 1.3 mm for No. 8 to No. 2, inclusive. The minimum insulation thickness, at any point, for Type THW and TW wires shall be 0.69 mm for conductor sizes No. 14 to No. 10, inclusive, 1.02 mm for No. 8, and 1.37 mm for No. 6 to No. 2, inclusive.

### **10-3.03 DETECTORS**

Loop wire shall be Type 2.

The ends of all detector lead-in cables and loop conductors shall be taped and made waterproof by dipping in an electrically insulating liquid to seal the ends prior to being installed in conduit and prior to being left overnight.

Loop detector lead-in cable shall be Type B. Slots shall be filled with hot-melt rubberized asphalt sealant.

The depth of loop sealant above the top of the uppermost loop wire in the sawed slots shall be 50 mm, minimum.

### **10-3.04 PAYMENT**

The contract unit price paid for inductive loop detector shall include full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, tools, equipment, and incidentals, and for doing all the work involved in inductive loop detector, complete in place, as shown on the plans, as specified in the Standard Specifications and these special provisions, and as directed by the Engineer.

## **SECTION 11. (BLANK)**

## **SECTION 12. BUILDING WORK**

### **SECTION 12-1. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS**

#### **12-1.01 SCOPE**

Building work described herein and as shown on the plans shall conform to the requirements of these special provisions and Sections 1 through 9 of the Standard Specifications. Sections 10 through 95 of the Standard Specifications shall not apply to the work in this Section 12 except when specific reference is made thereto.

The building work to be done consists, in general, of constructing two 84 m<sup>2</sup> Multi-Use Buildings with concrete masonry walls, wood trusses and metal roofing; upgrading 2 existing Comfort Stations with new plumbing fixtures, and metal roofing; including related mechanical, electrical, and sanitary work; and such other items or details, not mentioned above, that are required by the plans, Standard Specifications, or these special provisions shall be performed, placed, constructed or installed at the north bound and south bound Willows Safety Roadside Rest Areas.

## 12-1.02 ABBREVIATIONS

Section 1-1.02, "Abbreviations," of the Standard Specifications is amended by adding the following:

AAMA	American Architectural Manufacturers' Association
ACI	American Concrete Institute
AGA	American Gas Association
AITC	American Institute of Timber Construction
AMCA	Air Movement and Control Association
APA	American Plywood Association
ARI	American Refrigeration Institute
ASHRAE	American Society of Heating, Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Engineers
CBC	California Building Code
CEC	California Electrical Code
CMC	California Mechanical Code
CS	Commercial Standards (US Department of Commerce)
ESO	Electrical Safety Orders
FGMA	Flat Glass Marketing Association
FM	Factory Mutual
FS	Federal Specification
ICBO	International Conference of Building Officials
NAAMM	National Association of Architectural Metal Manufacturers
NBFU	National Board Fire Underwriters
NEC	National Electrical Code
NFPA	National Fire Protection Association
PEI	Porcelain Enamel Institute
PS	Product Standard (US Department of Commerce)
RIS	Redwood Inspection Service
SCPI	Structural Clay Products Institute
SMACNA	Sheet Metal and Air Conditioning Contractors' National Association
SSPC	Steel Structures Paint Council
TCA	Tile Council of America
TPI	Truss Plate Institute
UBC	Uniform Building Code
UL	Underwriters Laboratories, Inc.
WCLIB	West Coast Lumber Inspection Bureau (stamped WCLB)
WCLB	Grade stamp for WCLIB
WIC	Woodwork Institute of California
WWPA	Western Wood Products' Association

When reference is made to the Uniform Building Code (UBC) on the plans or in the special provisions, it shall be the 1997 Uniform Building Code as amended by the 1998 Title 24 California Building Standards Code.

## 12-1.03 GUARANTEE

The Contractor hereby unconditionally guarantees that the building work will be done in accordance with the requirements of the contract, and further guarantees the building work of the contract to be and remain free of defects in workmanship and materials for a period of one year from the date of acceptance of the contract, unless a longer guarantee period is required elsewhere in these special provisions. The Contractor hereby agrees to repair or replace any and all building work, together with any other adjacent work which may be displaced in so doing, that may prove to be not in accordance with the requirements of the contract or that may be defective in its workmanship or material within the guarantee period specified, without any expense whatsoever to the Department, ordinary wear and tear and unusual abuse or neglect excepted.

The performance bond for contract price of the building work, shall remain in full force and effect during the guarantee period.

The Contractor further agrees, that within 10 calendar days after being notified in writing by the Department of any building work not in accordance with the requirements of the contract or any defects in the building work, he shall commence and prosecute with due diligence all work necessary to fulfill the terms of this guarantee, and shall complete the work within a reasonable period of time, and, in the event he fails to comply, he does hereby authorize the Department to proceed to have such work done at the Contractor's expense and he shall honor and pay the cost and charges therefor upon demand. The

Department shall be entitled to all costs and expenses, including reasonable attorney's fees, necessarily incurred upon the Contractor's refusal to honor and pay the above costs and charges.

#### **12-1.04 SUBMITTALS**

Working drawings, material lists, descriptive data, samples and other submittals specified in these special provisions shall be submitted for approval in accordance with the provisions in Section 5-1.02, "Plans and Working Drawings," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

Unless otherwise permitted in writing by the Engineer, all submittals required by these special provisions shall be submitted within 35 days after the contract has been approved.

Attention is directed to the provisions in Section 5-1.01, "Authority of Engineer," of the Standard Specifications. The Engineer may request submittals for materials or products where submittals have not been specified in these special provisions, or may request that additional information be included in specified submittals, as necessary to determine the quality or acceptability of such materials or products.

Attention is directed to Section 6-1.05, "Trade Names and Alternatives," of the Standard Specifications. The second indented paragraph of the first paragraph of said Section 6-1.05 is amended to read:

Whenever the specifications permit the substitution of a similar or equivalent material or article, no test or action relating to the approval of such substituted material will be made until the request for substitution is made in writing by the Contractor accompanied by complete data as to the equality of the material or article proposed. Such request shall be made within 35 days after the date the contract has been approved and in ample time to permit approval without delaying the work, but need not be made in less than 35 days after award of the contract.

Work requiring the submittal of working drawings, material lists, descriptive data, samples, or other submittals shall not begin prior to approval of said submittal by the Engineer. Fifteen working days shall be allowed for approval or return for correction of each submittal or resubmittal. Should the Engineer fail to complete his review within the time specified and if, in the opinion of the Engineer, the Contractor's controlling operation is delayed or interfered with by reason of the delay in review, an extension of time commensurate with the delay in completion of the work thus caused will be granted as provided in Section 8-1.07, "Liquidated Damages," of the Standard Specifications.

Submittals shall be delivered to the locations indicated in these special provisions. If a specific location is not indicated, the submittal shall be delivered to the Division of Structure Design, Documents Unit, Fourth Floor, Mail Station 9-4/4I, 1801 30th Street, Sacramento, California 95816, telephone (916) 227-8252, or the submittals shall be mailed to the Division of Structure Design, Documents Unit, Mail Station 9, P. O. Box 942874, Sacramento, California 94274-0001.

Each submission of drawings, material lists and descriptive data shall consist of at least 5 copies. Two copies will be returned to the Contractor either approved for use or returned for correction and resubmittal.

Each separate item submitted shall bear a descriptive title, the name of the project, district, county, and contract number. Plans and detailed drawings shall be not larger than 559 mm x 914 mm.

The material list shall be complete as to name of manufacturer, catalog number, size, capacity, finish, all pertinent ratings, and identification symbols used on the plans and in the special provisions for each unit.

Parts lists and service instructions packaged with or accompanying the equipment installed in the work shall be delivered to the Engineer at the jobsite. Required operating and maintenance instructions shall be submitted in triplicate.

Manufacturer's warranties for products installed in the work shall be delivered to the Engineer at the jobsite.

Unapproved samples and samples not incorporated in the work shall be removed from State property, when directed by the Engineer.

#### **12-1.05 PROGRESS SCHEDULE**

A progress schedule shall be submitted in duplicate for the building work in accordance with the requirements in Section 8-1.04, "Progress Schedule," of the Standard Specifications.

#### **12-1.06 SCHEDULE OF VALUES**

The Contractor shall prepare and submit to the Engineer 2 copies of a Schedule of Values covering each lump sum item for building work. The Schedule of Values, showing the value of each kind of work, shall be acceptable to the Engineer before any partial payment estimate is prepared.

The sum of the items listed in the Schedule of Values shall equal the contract lump sum price for building work. Overhead, profit, bond premium, temporary construction facilities, and plant shall not be listed.

### **12-1.07 INSPECTION**

All items covered or all stages of work that are not to remain observable must be inspected and approved before progress of work conceals portions to be inspected. The Contractor shall notify the Engineer not less than 72 hours in advance of when such inspection is needed.

### **12-1.08 UTILITY CONNECTION**

The Contractor shall make all arrangements, and obtain all permits and licenses required for the extension of and connection to each utility service applicable to this project, shall furnish all labor and materials necessary for such extensions which are not performed or provided by the utility, and shall furnish and install any intermediate equipment required by the serving utilities.

Upon written request by the Contractor, the State will pay all utility permits, licenses, connection charges, and excess length charges directly to the utility. Such request shall be submitted not less than 45 days before service connections are required.

The costs incurred by the Contractor for the extensions of utilities beyond the limits shown on the plans, and in furnishing and installing any intermediate equipment required by the serving utilities, will be paid for as extra work as provided in Section 4-1.03D of the Standard Specifications.

Full compensation for any costs incurred by the Contractor to obtain the permits and licenses shall be considered as included in the contract lump sum price paid for building work and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

### **12-1.09 TEMPORARY UTILITIES**

The Contractor may obtain electrical power and water from existing State electrical power and water outlets within the contract limits free of charge for contract operations where such utilities exist, provided that such utility services are in service and are not required by the State for other purposes and subject to the provisions in the section "Cooperation" of these special provisions.

The Contractor shall make his own arrangements to obtain any additional electrical power and water or other utilities required for his operations and shall make and maintain the necessary service connections at his own expense.

When existing utility systems are being modified, periods of shutdown will be determined by the Engineer.

The Contractor shall provide adequate temporary lighting to perform the work and allow the Engineer to inspect the project as each portion is completed.

The Contractor shall provide and pay for telephone service he may require. State telephone facilities shall not be used.

### **12-1.10 REFERENCES**

When reference is made to the Uniform Building Code (UBC) on the plans or in the special provisions, it shall be the 1997 Uniform Building Code as amended by the 1998 Title 24 California Building Standards Code.

### **12-1.11 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT**

The contract lump sum price paid for building work shall include full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, tools, equipment, and incidentals, and for doing all the work involved in constructing the building work, complete in place, as shown on the plans, as specified in the Standard Specifications and these special provisions, and as directed by the Engineer.

Full compensation for any incidental materials and labor, not shown on the plans or specified, which are necessary to complete the buildings and appurtenances shall be considered as included in the contract lump sum price paid for building work and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

### **12-1.12 FIELD ENGINEERING**

This section specifies administrative and procedural requirements for field engineering services to be performed by the Contractor.

**Lines and grades.**--Attention is directed to Section 5-1.07 "Lines and Grades," of the Standard Specifications.

Such stakes or marks will be set by the Engineer as he determines to be necessary to establish the lines and grades required for the completion of the work shown on the plans and as specified in these special provisions. In general, these will consist of the primary vertical and horizontal control points.

Stakes and marks set by the Engineer shall be carefully preserved by the Contractor. In case such stakes and marks are destroyed or damaged they will be replaced at the Engineer's earliest convenience. The Contractor will be charged for the cost of necessary replacement or restoration of such stakes and marks which in the judgment of the Engineer were carelessly or willfully destroyed or damaged by the Contractor's operations. This charge will be deducted from any moneys due or to become due the Contractor.



All other stakes or marks required to establish the lines and grades required for the completion of the work shall be the responsibility of the Contractor.

**Existing utilities and equipment.**--The existence and location of underground and other utilities and construction indicated as existing are not guaranteed. Before beginning sitework, the Contractor shall investigate and verify the existence and location of underground utilities and other construction.

Prior to construction, the Contractor shall verify the location and invert elevation at points of connection of sanitary and septic sewers, storm sewer, and water or fire service piping.

**Surveys for layout and performance.**--The Contractor shall perform all surveys for layout and performance, reduce field notes, and make all necessary calculations and drawings necessary to carry out the work.

The Contractor shall locate and layout site improvements, and other work requiring field engineering services, including pavements, stakes for grading, fill and topsoil placement, utility slopes and invert elevations by instrumentation and similar appropriate means.

Batter boards shall be located and laid out for structures, building foundations, column grids and locations, floor levels and, control lines and levels required for mechanical and electrical work.

**Survey accuracy and tolerances.**--The tolerances generally applicable in setting survey stakes for foundations, slabs, and underground work shall not exceed the following:

Survey Stakes or Markers	Tolerance
Rough grading or excavation	30 mm
Trimming or preparation of subgrade for roadways	15 mm
Roadway surfacing, steel or concrete pipe	6 mm
Structures or building construction	3 mm

Such tolerance shall not supersede stricter tolerances required by the plans or special provisions, and shall not otherwise relieve the Contractor of responsibility for measurements in compliance therein.

#### **12-1.13 SUBSTITUTION OF NON-METRIC MATERIALS AND PRODUCTS**

Only materials and products conforming to the requirements of the specifications shall be incorporated in the work. When metric materials and products are not available, and when approved by the Engineer, and at no cost to the State, materials and products in the inch-pound (imperial) system which are of equal quality and of the required properties and characteristics for the purpose intended, may be substituted for the equivalent metric materials and products, subject to the following requirements:

Materials and products shown on the plans or in the special provisions as being equivalent may be substituted for the metric materials and products specified or detailed on the plans.

Before other non-metric materials and products will be considered for use the Contractor shall furnish, at the Contractor's expense, evidence satisfactory to the Engineer that the materials and products proposed for use are equal to or better than the materials and products specified or detailed on the plans. The burden of proof as to the quality and suitability of substitutions shall be upon the Contractor and the Contractor shall furnish all information necessary as required to the Engineer. The Engineer will be the sole judge as to the quality and suitability of the substituted materials and products and the Engineer's decision shall be final.

When the Contractor elects to substitute non-metric materials and products, including materials and products shown on the plans or in the special provisions as being equivalent, a list of substitutions to be made shall be submitted for approval.

The following substitutions of materials and products will be allowed:

SUBSTITUTION TABLE FOR SIZES OF HIGH STRENGTH STEEL FASTENERS, ASTM Designation: A 325M	
METRIC SIZE SHOWN ON THE PLANS mm x thread pitch	IMPERIAL SIZE TO BE SUBSTITUTED inch
M16 x 2	5/8
M20 x 2.5	3/4
M22 x 2.5	7/8
M24 x 3	1
M27 x 3	1-1/8
M30 x 3.5	1-1/4
M36 x 4	1-1/2

SUBSTITUTION TABLE FOR REINFORCEMENT	
METRIC BAR DESIGNATION NUMBER AS SHOWN ON THE PLANS	IMPERIAL BAR DESIGNATION NUMBER TO BE SUBSTITUTED
10	3
13	4
16	5
19	6
22	7
25	8
29	9
32	10
36	11
43	14
57	18

SUBSTITUTION TABLE FOR WELDED PLAIN WIRE REINFORCEMENT, ASTM DESIGNATION: A 185	
	US CUSTOMARY UNITS SIZE TO BE SUBSTITUTED inch <sup>2</sup> x 100
MW9	W1.4
MW10	W1.6
MW13	W2.0
MW15	W2.3
MW19	W2.9
MW20	W3.1
MW22	W3.5
MW25	W3.9, except W3.5 in piles only
MW26	W4.0
MW30	W4.7
MW32	W5.0
MW35	W5.4
MW40	W6.2
MW45	W6.5
MW50	W7.8
MW55	W8.5, except W8.0 in piles only
MW60	W9.3
MW70	W10.9, except W11.0 in piles only
MW80	W12.4
MW90	W14.0
MW100	W15.5

The sizes in the following tables of materials and products are exact conversions of metric sizes of materials and products and are listed as acceptable equivalents:

CONVERSION TABLE FOR SIZES OF: (1) STEEL FASTENERS FOR GENERAL APPLICATIONS, ASTM Designation: A 307 or AASHTO Designation: M 314, Grade 36 or 55, and (2) HIGH STRENGTH STEEL FASTENERS, ASTM Designation: A 325 or A 449	
DIAMETER	
METRIC SIZE SHOWN ON THE PLANS mm	EQUIVALENT IMPERIAL SIZE inch
6, or 6.35	1/4
8 or 7.94	5/16
10, or 9.52	3/8
11, or 11.11	7/16
13 or 12.70	1/2
14, or 14.29	9/16
16, or 15.88	5/8
19, or 19.05	3/4
22, or 22.22	7/8
24, 25, or 25.40	1
29, or 28.58	1-1/8
32, or 31.75	1-1/4
35, or 34.93	1-3/8
38 or 38.10	1-1/2
44, or 44.45	1-3/4
51, or 50.80	2
57, or 57.15	2-1/4
64, or 63.50	2-1/2
70 or 69.85	2-3/4
76, or 76.20	3
83, or 82.55	3-1/4
89 or 88.90	3-1/2
95, or 95.25	3-3/4
102, or 101.60	4

CONVERSION TABLE FOR NOMINAL THICKNESS OF SHEET METAL			
UNCOATED HOT AND COLD ROLLED SHEETS		HOT-DIPPED ZINC COATED (GALVANIZED) SHEETS	
METRIC THICKNESS SHOWN ON THE PLANS mm	EQUIVALENT US STANDARD GAGE inch	METRIC THICKNESS SHOWN ON THE PLANS mm	EQUIVALENT GALVANIZED SHEET GAGE inch
7.94	0.3125		
6.07	0.2391		
5.69	0.2242		
5.31	0.2092		
4.94	0.1943		
4.55	0.1793		
4.18	0.1644	4.270	0.1681
3.80	0.1495	3.891	0.1532
3.42	0.1345	3.510	0.1382
3.04	0.1196	3.132	0.1233
2.66	0.1046	2.753	0.1084
2.28	0.0897	2.372	0.0934
1.90	0.0747	1.994	0.0785
1.71	0.0673	1.803	0.0710
1.52	0.0598	1.613	0.0635
1.37	0.0538	1.461	0.0575
1.21	0.0478	1.311	0.0516
1.06	0.0418	1.158	0.0456
0.91	0.0359	1.006 or 1.016	0.0396
0.84	0.0329	0.930	0.0366
0.76	0.0299	0.853	0.0336
0.68	0.0269	0.777	0.0306
0.61	0.0239	0.701	0.0276
0.53	0.0209	0.627	0.0247
0.45	0.0179	0.551	0.0217
0.42	0.0164	0.513	0.0202
0.38	0.0149	0.475	0.0187

CONVERSION TABLE FOR WIRE		
METRIC THICKNESS SHOWN ON THE PLANS	EQUIVALENT USA STEEL WIRE THICKNESS	GAGE NO.
mm	inch	
6.20	0.244	3
5.72	0.225	4
5.26	0.207	5
4.88	0.192	6
4.50	0.177	7
4.11	0.162	8
3.76	0.148	9
3.43	0.135	10
3.05	0.120	11
2.69	0.106	12
2.34	0.092	13
2.03	0.080	14
1.83	0.072	15
1.57	0.062	16
1.37	0.054	17
1.22	0.048	18
1.04	0.041	19
0.89	0.035	20

CONVERSION TABLE FOR COMMON NAILS				
NAIL SIZE	METRIC		ENGLISH	
	mm		inch	
	Length	Diameter	Length	Diameter
8d	63.5	3.33	2 1/2	0.131
10d	76.2	3.76	3	0.148
16d	88.9	4.11	3 1/2	0.162

CONVERSION TABLE FOR LUMBER	
METRIC NOMINAL SURFACE DRY SIZE	EQUIVALENT NOMINAL SURFACE DRY U S SIZE
mm	inch
51	2
102	4
152	6
203	8
254	10
305	12

CONVERSION TABLE FOR PLYWOOD	
METRIC mm	ENGLISH inch
6.4	1/4
7.9	5/16
9.5	3/8
11.1	7/16
11.9	15/32
12.7	1/2
15.1	19/32
15.9	5/8
18.3	23/32
19.1	3/4
22.2	7/8
25.4	1
28.6	1 1/8

CONVERSION TABLE FOR INSULATION R-VALUE	
METRIC (K m <sup>2</sup> /W)	ENGLISH (HR FT <sup>2</sup> F/BTU)
0.5	3
0.7	4
1.4	8
1.9	11
2.3	13
2.5	14
3.3	19
5.3	30

CONVERSION TABLE FOR VAPOR TRANSMISSION RATING	
METRIC (Perm-m)	ENGLISH (perm-inch)
0.29	0.02

CONVERSION TABLE FOR LOW PRESSURE	
METRIC (Pa)	ENGLISH (Inches of Water Column)
30	0.125
60	0.25
90	0.375
120	0.50
150	0.60
155	0.625
175	0.70
185	0.75
200	0.80
250	1.00
310	1.25

CONVERSION TABLE FOR PRESSURE	
METRIC (kPa)	ENGLISH (psi)
10	1.5
210	30
280	40
350	50
690	100
860	125
1040	150
1100	160
1210	175
1380	200
1730	250
2070	300
2170	315
2410	350
2590	375
2760	400
4830	700
5170	750
5520	800
13800	2000
17200	2500
20700	3000
27600	4000
34500	5000
137900	20000



CONVERSION TABLE FOR MIL THICKNESS	
METRIC (mm)	ENGLISH (inch/1000)
0.10	4
0.13	5
0.15	6
0.50	20
0.75	30
1.00	40

CONVERSION TABLE FOR HVAC DUCTING.	
METRIC (mm)	ENGLISH (inch)
100	4
125	5
150	6
175	7
200	8
225	9
250	10
300	12
360	14
410	16
460	18
510	20
560	22
610	24
660	26
710	28
760	30

CONVERSION TABLE FOR MECHANICAL PIPING		
METRIC (GSP, PVC, BSP, DUCTILE IRON)	METRIC (mm)	ENGLISH (inch)
NPS 1/2	15	1/2
NPS 3/4	20	3/4
NPS 1	25	1
NPS 1 1/4	32	1 1/4
NPS 1 1/2	40	1 1/2
NPS 2	50	2
NPS 2 1/2	65	2 1/2
NPS 3	75	3
NPS 4	100	4
NPS 6	150	6

CONVERSION TABLE FOR LUBRICATION PIPING TUBING WALL THICKNESS	
METRIC (mm)	ENGLISH (inch)
2.1	0.083
0.9	0.035

CONVERSION TABLE FOR HOSE/TUBING SIZES O. D.	
METRIC (mm)	ENGLISH (inch)
6	1/4
10	3/8
13	1/2
16	5/8
19	3/4
22	7/8
25	1

CONVERSION TABLE FOR DRUM SIZES			
METRIC		ENGLISH	
L	kg	gallons	pounds
205	180	55	400
60	55	16	120
19	16	5	35

CONVERSION TABLE FOR POWER	
METRIC (kW)	ENGLISH (HP)
0.037	1/20
0.075	1/10
0.18	1/4
0.25	1/3
0.37	1/2
0.55	3/4
0.75	1
1.1	1 1/2
1.5	2
2.2	3
3.7	5
5.5	7 1/2
7.5	10
11	15
15	20
18.5	25
22	30
30	40
37	50
45	60
55	75
75	100
90	120
110	150

CONVERSION TABLE FOR IMPELLER BALANCE		
SYNCHRONOUS RPM	METRIC (g mm/kg)	ENGLISH (ounce- inch/pound)
720	94	0.059
900	73	0.046
1200	54	0.034
1800	41	0.026
3600	17	0.011

CONVERSION TABLE FOR ELECTRICAL CONDUIT	
METRIC SIZE SHOWN ON THE PLANS mm	EQUIVALENT IMPERIAL SIZE inch
16	1/2
21	3/4
27	1
35	1 1/4
41	1 1/2
53	2
103	4

## **SECTION 12-2. SITEWORK**

### **12-2.01 REMOVING PORTIONS OF EXISTING FACILITIES**

#### **PART 1.- GENERAL**

**Scope.--**This work shall consist of removing portions of the existing facilities, including removal of existing work to gain access to or for new work, in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

#### **PART 2.- PRODUCTS (Not applicable)**

#### **PART 3.- EXECUTION**

##### **PREPARATION.--**

**General.--**The limits of removal shall be located and identified. Items to be removed and the interface of items to be removed and items to remain intact shall be identified and marked.

Prior to removing concrete or masonry, a saw cut approximately 25 mm deep shall be made along the limits of removal on all faces that will be visible in the completed work.

At new door openings in concrete or masonry, full depth saw cuts shall be made from both faces. Overcuts shall not be made at corners. Remaining material at corners shall be chipped out and the surfaces ground smooth.

##### **REMOVAL.--**

**General.--**Removal shall be to the limits shown on the plans. Removal shall be done carefully to minimize damage to the portions to remain. Remaining portions that are damaged by the Contractor's operation shall be restored to original condition at the Contractor's expense.

Assemblies to be salvaged which require dismantling for removal shall be matchmarked before dismantling.

Existing apparatuses, devices, or accessories which would be functionally impaired by new construction or remodeling shall be moved, brought out to new surfaces, or provided with new access covers, as necessary to restore apparatuses, devices, or accessories to their original usefulness.

Piping and conduits to be abandoned shall be capped or plugged.

Surfaces that are exposed to view at the limits of removal work shall be patched, bumps shall be removed and depressions filled, and the surface shall be finished to match the existing surrounding surfaces. Depressions in concrete less than 25 mm deep shall be deepened to 25 mm minimum depth before filling with cement mortar.

Anchor bolts and reinforcement shall be removed at least 25 mm below the surrounding surfaces, and the resulting hole shall be patched with cement mortar.

Existing reinforcement that is to be incorporated into the new work shall be protected from damage and thoroughly cleaned before being embedded in new concrete.

##### **DISPOSAL.--**

**General.--**Materials that are to be removed, shall become the property of the Contractor and shall be disposed of outside the highway right of way in accordance with the requirements in Section 7-1.13, "Disposal of Material Outside of the Highway Right of Way," of the Standard Specifications.

### **12-2.02 RELOCATING MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT**

#### **PART 1.- GENERAL**

##### **SUMMARY.--**

**Scope.--**This work shall consist of relocating existing materials and equipment in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

## **PART 2.- PRODUCTS (Not applicable)**

## **PART 3.- EXECUTION**

### **RELOCATION.--**

**General.--**Materials or equipment to be relocated shall be removed carefully to avoid damage to the materials or equipment or to the materials or equipment which are to remain. Assemblies to be relocated which require dismantling for removal shall be matchmarked before dismantling.

The Contractor shall notify the Engineer prior to the relocation work in order that the materials or equipment may be inspected for existing damage.

Materials or equipment to be relocated shall have all adhering concrete, mastics, earth or other deleterious materials removed and shall have all exterior surfaces cleaned.

Materials or equipment which are damaged by the Contractor's operations shall be replaced or restored to match the condition of the materials or equipment prior to the beginning of the Contractor's operations. Replacement or restoration of damaged materials or equipment shall be at the Contractor's expense.

Connections, anchorages and fasteners for relocated materials and equipment shall match existing and shall be furnished and installed by the Contractor. Assemblies which have been dismantled shall be reassembled to match the existing installation. Relocated materials and equipment shall be installed as required for new work.

Modifications to wiring and plumbing to accommodate relocated items shall be as shown on the plans. Ends of piping and conduits to be abandoned shall be capped.

Surfaces that are exposed to view upon removal or relocation of materials or equipment shall be patched. Bumps shall be removed and depressions filled, and the surface finished to match the existing surfaces. Depressions in concrete less than 25 mm deep shall be deepened to 25 mm minimum depth before filling with cement mortar.

### **DISPOSAL.--**

**General.--**Materials from existing facilities to be reused in the work, in the opinion of the Engineer, is unsuitable for use shall become the property of the Contractor and disposed of as provided in Section 7-1.13, "Disposal of Material Outside of the Highway Right of Way." of the Standard Specifications. The unsuitable material shall be replaced as ordered by the Engineer and will be paid for as extra work as provided in Section 4-1.03D, "Extra Work," of the Standard Specifications.

## **12-2.03 CORE CONCRETE**

**GENERAL.--**This work shall consist of coring holes through existing masonry surfaces in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

### **EXECUTION.--**

Holes shall be cored by methods that will not shatter or damage the concrete adjacent to the holes.

The diameter of the cored holes shall be as shown on the plans.

Water for the core drilling operations shall be from the domestic water supply and shall not contain more than 1,000 parts per million of chlorides as Cl, nor more than 1,300 parts per million of sulfates as SO<sub>4</sub>, nor shall it contain any impurities in a sufficient amount to cause discoloration or etching of the surface.

Water from the core drilling operations shall not be permitted to flow into sewers or other drainage facilities.

## **12-2.04 EARTHWORK FOR BUILDING WORK**

### **PART 1.- GENERAL**

#### **SUMMARY.--**

**Scope.--**This work shall consist of performing earthwork for building work in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Earthwork for building work shall consist of structure excavation and structure backfill. Structure excavation shall include excavation for footings, foundations, slabs, and trenches. Structure backfill shall include backfilling under slabs; backfilling under and around footings; backfilling for pipes and conduits; backfilling holes resulting from removal of existing

facilities. In addition to structure excavation and structure backfill, earthwork for building work shall include any other earthwork, not mentioned, but necessary to complete the building work.

Attention is directed to the requirements of "Field Engineering" in Section 12-1, "General Requirements," of these special provisions.

## **QUALITY ASSURANCE.--**

**Samples.--**Samples of sand weighing not less than 11 kg, shall be submitted to the Engineer at the jobsite for approval.

## **SITE CONDITIONS.--**

**Existing underground piping and conduit.--**The location of existing underground piping and conduit is based on the best records available. Before beginning work, the Contractor shall accurately locate the piping and conduit involved in the work. If the location of the existing piping or conduit deviates from the location shown on the plans by more than 1.5 meters, or, if no elevations are indicated and the piping or conduit is more than 0.9 meter below grade, the cost of the additional excavation, backfill, piping or conduit, and removal and replacement of concrete, if any, will be paid for as extra work as provided in Section 4-1.03D of the Standard Specifications.

**Existing surfaced or planted areas.--**Existing surfaced or planted areas that are removed, broken or damaged by the Contractor's operations shall be restored to their original condition except as otherwise shown on the plans or specified herein.

Restoration materials shall be equal to or better than the original materials. Surfacing shall be replaced to match the material thickness, grades, and finish of the adjacent surrounding surfaces.

## **PART 2.- PRODUCTS**

### **BACKFILL MATERIALS.--**

#### **Structure backfill.--**

Structure and trench backfill shall be free of organic and other deleterious material and shall be suitable for the required compaction. Gravel without sand matrix shall not be used except as free draining granular material beneath slabs and footings.

#### **Sand.--**

Sand shall be clean, washed sand, free from clay or organic material graded such that 100 percent passes the 6 mm sieve, 90 percent to 100 percent passes the 4.75 mm sieve and not more than 5 percent passes the 75 µm sieve size.

## **PART 3.- EXECUTION**

### **PREPARATION & RESTORATION.--**

**Sawcutting.--**Prior to excavation or trenching, existing surfacing shall be removed to saw cut lines, or to existing wood dividers or expansion joints, if any. The saw cut shall be to a neat line and have a depth not less than 25 mm.

**Restoration.--**Surfacing shall be replaced to match the thickness, grades and finish of the adjacent surrounding surfaces.

### **STRUCTURE EXCAVATION.--**

**General.--**Unless otherwise noted, all excavation for building work shall be classified as structure excavation.

**Footing excavation.--**The bottom of excavation shall not be disturbed. The contractor shall excavate by hand to the final grade. The bottom of concrete footings shall be poured against undisturbed material. Unless otherwise noted, compaction of the bottom of footing excavation is not required unless the material is disturbed. The footing depths shown on the plans shall be changed to suit field conditions when directed by the Engineer. Solid rock at or near required depths shall not be disturbed. Unsuitable material shall be excavated down to firm bearing as directed by the Engineer. Work and

materials required because of excavation in excess of the depths shown on the plans, when such excavation has been ordered by the Engineer, will be paid for as extra work as provided in Section 4-1.03D of the Standard Specifications.

Excavate to the elevations and dimensions within a tolerance of  $\pm 12$  mm. Limits of the excavation shall allow for adequate working space for installing materials and as required for safety of personnel. Such working space excavation shall be replaced in kind and compacted at the Contractor's expense.

Overdepth excavation for footings shall be backfilled with concrete or such other material recommended by the Contractor and approved by the Engineer. Relative compaction shall be not less than 95 percent.

**Excavation for pipes and conduits.**--Pipes or conduits in the same trench shall have a minimum clear distance between pipes or conduits of 150 mm. Pipes or conduits shall have not less than 0.75 meter of cover from top of pipes or conduits to finished grade unless otherwise shown on the plans or specified.

Trenching shall be of sufficient depth to permit placing a minimum depth of 100 mm of compacted sand under all pipes and conduits.

Excavation adjacent to trees shall be performed by hand methods where necessary to avoid injury to trees and roots. Roots 50 mm in diameter and larger shall be protected with heavy burlap. Roots smaller than 50 mm in diameter adjacent to trees shall be hand trimmed. Cuts through roots 13 mm in diameter and larger shall be sealed with tree trimmers' asphaltic emulsion. If trenches remain open more than 24 hours, the side of the trench adjacent to the tree shall be shaded with burlap and kept damp. Materials shall not be stockpiled within the drip line of trees.

**Dewatering.**--Excavations shall be kept clear of standing water. Water shall be removed by pumping if necessary. Water removed from excavation shall be carried away from the building site and disposed of in a manner that will not harm State or adjacent property.

## **STRUCTURE BACKFILLING.--**

**General.**--Unless otherwise noted, all backfill for building work shall be classified as structure backfill. Backfill shall be placed and compacted in horizontal layers, not more than 150 mm thick prior to compaction, and to the lines and grades shown on the plans or to original ground.

**Structure backfill.**--After structures are in place and forms are removed, wood and other debris shall be removed from excavations before placing structure backfill.

Unless approved in writing by the Engineer, compaction of structure by jetting or ponding will not be permitted.

**Backfilling pipes and conduits.**--Backfill placed under pipe and conduits shall be compacted sand, 100 mm minimum depth. Backfill material placed to a level 150 mm above tops of pipes and conduits shall be sand. Backfill material placed higher than 150 mm above tops of pipes or conduits shall consist of material free of stones or lumps exceeding 100 mm in greatest dimension except:

- (a) The top 300 mm of backfill under roads, walks or paving shall consist of aggregate base material.
- (b) The top 150 mm of backfill in planted areas shall consist of topsoil.

Unless otherwise shown on the plans, pipe under roads, with less than 0.75 m of cover over the top of pipe, shall be backfilled with concrete to a level 100 mm above the top of pipe. Concrete for backfill shall be commercial quality concrete containing not less than  $350 \text{ kg/m}^3$  of cement.

## **COMPACTION.--**

**General.**--Relative compaction shall be determined in accordance with California Test 216 or 231.

Unless otherwise noted below, all backfill shall be compacted to a minimum relative compaction of 90 percent.

**Compact original ground.**--Original ground surface under fill with surfacing of concrete and asphalt concrete shall be compacted to a relative compaction of not less than 95 percent for a minimum depth of 150 mm.

**Subgrade preparation.**--Preparation of subgrade material for placing aggregate base, surfacing, or slabs thereon shall include fine grading, compaction, reworking as necessary. The upper 150 mm of the subgrade shall have the same compaction as the fill to be placed over it.

The prism of backfill directly underneath the building foundation and sloping downward at 1:1 shall be compacted to 95 percent.

**Structure backfill.**--Structure backfill shall be compacted to not less than 95 percent relative compaction.

**Trench backfill.**--Trench backfill placed beneath slabs or paved areas shall be compacted to a relative compaction of not less than 95 percent.

#### **DISPOSAL.--**

**Surplus material.**--Surplus material from the excavation shall be removed and disposed of outside the right-of-way in accordance with Section 7-1.13 of the Standard Specifications.

#### **FIELD QUALITY CONTROL.--**

**Inspection.**--When the excavation is substantially completed to grade, the Contractor shall notify the Engineer. No concrete shall be placed until the foundation has been approved by the Engineer.

**Testing.**--The State will conduct compaction tests during the backfilling and compacting operations.

### **12-2.05 AGGREGATE BASE**

#### **PART 1.-GENERAL**

##### **SUMMARY.--**

**Scope.**--This work shall consist of furnishing, spreading and compacting aggregate base in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

#### **PART 2.-PRODUCTS**

##### **Aggregate base.--**

Aggregate base shall be commercial quality aggregates consisting of broken stone; crushed gravel; natural, clean, rough-surfaced gravel and sand; or a combination thereof.

Aggregate base shall conform to the following grading as determined by California Test 202:

Sieve or Screen Size	Percentage Passing
25 mm	100
19 mm	90 - 100
4.75 mm	35 - 60
600 µm	10 - 30
75 µm	2 - 9

Aggregate base shall also conform to the following quality requirements:

Tests	California Test No.	Test Requirement s
Durability Index	229	35 Min.
Resistance (R-Value)	301	78 Min.
Sand Equivalent	217	22 Min.



### **PART 3.-EXECUTION**

#### **SPREADING AND COMPACTING.--**

**Spreading.--**Aggregate base shall be placed and compacted to the lines and grades shown on the plans.

Spreading and compacting shall be performed by methods that will produce a uniform base, free from pockets of coarse or fine material.

**Compaction.--**Relative compaction of each layer of compacted base material shall be not less than 95 percent, as determined by California Test 216 or 231.

### **12-2.06 FREE DRAINING GRANULAR MATERIAL**

#### **PART 1.- GENERAL**

##### **SUMMARY.--**

**Scope.--**This work shall consist of furnishing and placing free draining granular material beneath slabs in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

#### **PART 2.- PRODUCTS**

##### **Free draining granular material.--**

Free draining granular material shall be clean, hard, durable, free-draining rock. The material gradation shall be such that all passes the 25 mm screen, and not more than 10 percent passes the 4.75 mm sieve as determined by California Test 202. Granular material shall be free from organic material, clay balls or other deleterious substances.

#### **PART 3.- EXECUTION.--**

##### **SPREADING AND CONSOLIDATING.--**

**General.--**Free draining granular material shall be placed, spread and consolidated by tamping or vibrating.

### **12-2.07 SANITARY SEWAGE DISPOSAL SYSTEM**

#### **PART 1.- GENERAL**

##### **SUMMARY.--**

**Scope.--**This work shall consist of furnishing, installing and modifying a sanitary sewage system in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Sanitary sewage system shall include sanitary sewer lines, cleanouts and other fittings and appurtenances, not mentioned, which are required for the complete installation and proper operation of the system.

**Related work.--**Earthwork for installation of pipes, cleanouts and other appurtenances shall be as specified under "Earthwork for Building Work," in this Section 12-2 of these special provisions.

Concrete and reinforcement shall conform to the requirements specified under "Cast-in-place Concrete" in Section 12-3, "Concrete and Reinforcement," of these special provisions.

Sewer pipes in buildings and to a point 1.5 meters beyond the building shall be as specified in Section 12-15, "Mechanical," of these special provisions.

**Order of work.--**Work which will curtail the use of the existing sewage system shall not be done until the facilities utilizing the system are closed and are no longer required.

## **SUBMITTALS.--**

**Product data.--**Materials list for materials to be used shall be submitted for approval and shall include the name of the manufacturer and the source, model number, description, and standard of manufacture.

Manufacturer's descriptive data and catalog cuts shall be submitted for the following:

- Sewer pipe and fittings
- Sewer pipe adapters
- Access caps
- Tracer tape
- Valve box

## **QUALITY ASSURANCE.--**

**Codes and standards.--**All sanitary sewage work shall conform to the applicable portions of the 1997 Uniform Plumbing Code, as amended by the 1998 Title 24 California Building Standards Code, pertaining to the selection and installation of sanitary sewage system materials and products.

## **PART 2.- PRODUCTS**

### **IDENTIFICATION.--**

#### **Underground tracer tape.--**

Underground tracer tape shall be permanent, bright colored, continuous printed plastic tape with integral metallic strip or wire, intended for direct burial service; not less than 50 mm wide; lettering shall read "CAUTION SEWER BURIED BELOW".

### **PIPES AND PIPE FITTINGS.--**

**General.--**Provide pipes of one of the following materials, of weight and class indicated. Provide pipe fittings and accessories of same material and weight and class as pipes, with joining method as indicated.

#### **Sewer and drain pipe.--**

Sewer and drain pipe shall be polyvinyl chloride (PVC) plastic sewer pipe and fittings, Standard Dimension Ratio (SDR) 35, conforming to ASTM Designation: D 3034; or PVC drain waste and vent pipe (PVC-DWV) and fittings conforming to ASTM Designation: D 2665.

#### **Sewer pipe adapters.--**

Sewer pipe adapters for PVC, asbestos cement, cast iron soil pipe or clay piping shall be appropriately sized flexible PVC connector with stainless steel band coupler with hex tightening screw. Rubber couplings will not be allowed. Connectors shall be Indiana Seal; Fernco; or equal.

### **VALVE BOXES.--**

#### **Valve box and cover.--**

Valve box and cover shall be precast concrete box with cast iron cover. Cover shall be factory marked "SEWER," "SS," or "SANITARY SEWER". Valve box and cover shall be Cook Concrete Products; Christy; or equal with extensions as required.

### **CLEANOUTS.--**

#### **Cleanout to grade.--**

Cleanout piping shall be PVC sewer pipe and fittings, conforming to ASTM Designation: D 3034, SDR 35; or PVC-DWV pipe and fittings conforming to ASTM Designation: D 2665. Cleanout piping shall terminate with an

appropriately sized flexible PVC access cap and stainless steel band coupler with hex tightening screw. Rubber coupling or cap will not be allowed. Access cap shall be Indiana Seal; Fernco; or equal.

### **PART 3.- EXECUTION**

#### **INSTALLATION OF IDENTIFICATION.--**

**General.--**Continuous underground tracer tape shall be installed directly above buried line and 150 mm to 200 mm below finished grade during backfilling operations.

#### **INSTALLATION OF SEWER PIPES AND FITTINGS.--**

**General.--**Sewer pipe shall be installed upgrade unless otherwise permitted by the Engineer.

All joints shall be cleaned and sealed with the type of materials required by the local agencies which have jurisdiction over the work. In the absence of such requirements, the pipe shall be jointed with the materials recommended by the pipe manufacturer. The joint sealing operation shall make the joints watertight and shall prevent leakage and infiltration under all conditions of expansion, contraction, and settlement. All joints shall be carefully cleaned before assembly. Completed joints shall be finished smooth on the inside.

**Sewers near water lines.--**Sewers near water lines shall be installed below water lines in the same trench, in parallel trenches less than 3 meters apart, or at any crossing.

When water lines cross above a sewer line, a vertical separation of not less than 300 mm shall be maintained between the top of the sewer pipe and the bottom of the water line.

**Cleaning pipe.--**Interior of pipes shall be cleaned of dirt and other materials as the work progresses.

**Interior inspection.--**Interiors of pipes shall be inspected to determine displacement or damage during installation or backfilling.

Damaged or misaligned pipe shall be corrected prior to use.

#### **INSTALLATION OF CLEANOUTS.--**

**General.--**Cleanouts shall be installed 90 degrees to finished grade and shall terminate in a valve box. A concrete pad, 450 mm long and 100 mm thick, shall be provided full width of the trench under a wye branch. A concrete collar shall be formed and cast-in-place around each cleanout valve box.

#### **FIELD QUALITY CONTROL.--**

**Testing pipes.--**All sewer pipes shall be tested for obstructions before covering the pipes by balling and flushing the pipes with an approved commercial sewer cleaning ball. The ball shall be moved slowly through the sewer with a tag line. NPS 4 sewer pipe shall be tested by pulling an appropriate sized inflatable plug through the pipe. Obstructions or irregularities shall be removed or repaired.

Sewer pipes shall be tested for leakage for a minimum period of 4 hours by filling with water to an elevation of 1.2 meters above the average invert of sewer, or to the top of the manholes where less than 1.2 meters deep. The system shall show no visible leaks, and the leakage rate shall not exceed the rate allowed by the local agency. In the absence of such requirements, leakage shall not exceed 0.5 liters per 24 hours, per millimeter diameter, per 30 meters of pipe. Sewers may be tested in sections with the test water progressively passed down the sewers if feasible. Water shall be released at a rate which will not create water hammer or surge in the plugged section of sewer.

In lieu of hydrostatic test with water, the air test method, as outlined in the Uniform Plumbing Code (UPC), "Low Pressure Air Test for Building Sewers," may be used.

## **SECTION 12-3. CONCRETE AND REINFORCEMENT**

### **12-3.01 CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE**

#### **PART 1.- GENERAL**

##### **SUMMARY.--**

**Scope.--**This work shall consist of constructing cast-in-place concrete facilities in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

##### **SUBMITTALS.--**

**Product data.--**Manufacturer's descriptive data for admixtures, expansion joint material, vapor barrier, hardener, and sealer shall be submitted for approval.

Descriptive data shall be delivered to the Engineer at the jobsite.

##### **QUALITY ASSURANCE.--**

**Certificates of Compliance.--**Certificates of Compliance shall be furnished for cement, reinforcement, admixtures, freeze-thaw aggregates and epoxy products in accordance with the requirements specified in Section 6-1.07, "Certificates of Compliance," of the Standard Specifications.

#### **PART 2.- PRODUCTS**

##### **CONCRETE MIXES.--**

###### **Concrete (structural work).--**

Commercial quality concrete shall be proportioned to provide a workable mix suitable for the intended use; shall have not less than 350 kg/m<sup>3</sup> of cement; 0 to 50 mm penetration, inclusive, as determined by California Test 533.

###### **Concrete (minor work).--**

Commercial quality concrete for thrust blocks and collars shall be proportioned to provide a workable mix suitable for the intended use; shall have not less than 300 kg/m<sup>3</sup> of cement; 0 to 50 mm penetration, inclusive, as determined by California Test 533.

##### **CONCRETE MATERIALS.--**

###### **Cement.--**

Cement shall conform to ASTM Designation: C 150, Types II, or III portland cement; or Type IP (MS) Modified cement. Type IP (MS) Modified shall conform to ASTM Designation: C 595 and shall be comprised of an intimate mixture of Type II Modified cement and not more than 20 percent of a pozzolanic material.

###### **Aggregates.--**

Aggregates shall be free from deleterious coatings, clay balls and other extraneous materials.

###### **Admixtures.--**

Admixtures used in portland cement concrete shall be included on the Department's current list of approved admixtures, and shall conform to ASTM Designation: C 494, Types A, B, D, F or G for chemical admixtures; ASTM Designation: C 260 for air-entraining admixtures; and ASTM Designation: C 618 for mineral admixtures, except loss on ignition shall not exceed 4 percent. Properties of admixtures shall be uniform in each lot.

## **FORM MATERIALS.--**

### **Forms for exposed finish concrete.--**

Forms for exposed surfaces shall be plywood, metal or other panel type materials. Plywood shall be not less than 16 mm thick and without scars, dents, and delaminations. Forms shall be furnished in largest practical pieces to minimize number of joints.

Plywood shall conform to the requirements of U. S. Product Standard PS-1 for Exterior B-B (Concrete Form) Class I.

Forms for edges of slabs shall be nominal 50 mm solid stock lumber, plywood, or metal forms.

### **Forms for unexposed finish concrete.--**

Forms for unexposed finish concrete surfaces shall be plywood, lumber, metal or other acceptable material.

### **Form oil.--**

Form oil shall be commercial quality form oil which will permit the ready release of the forms and will not discolor the concrete.

## **REINFORCING MATERIALS.--**

### **Bar reinforcement.--**

Bar reinforcement shall conform to ASTM Designation: A 615/A 615M, Grade 60 [420], or ASTM Designation: A 706/A 706M.

### **Bar supports.--**

Bar supports for reinforcement shall be precast mortar blocks or ferrous metal chairs, spacers, metal hangers, supporting wires, and other approved devices of sufficient strength to resist crushing under applied loads.

## **EPOXY.--**

**General.--**Epoxy shall be furnished as 2 components which shall be mixed together at the site of the work.

### **Epoxy mortars.--**

Epoxy mortar and epoxy mortar surface treatment shall consist of a commercial quality, trowelable mixture consisting of epoxy and sand. Epoxy shall have a pull-off strength of not less than 6895 MPa and a 90-percent cure in 24 hours. Epoxy shall be of the type that requires no primer as a bonding agent.

### **Sand.--**

Sand for use in epoxy mortars shall be clean and shall have a moisture content of not more than 0.50-percent when tested in accordance with California Test 226.

Sand for epoxy mortar surface treatment shall be graded such that 100-percent passes the 150  $\mu$ m sieve.

## **RELATED MATERIALS.--**

### **Anchor bolts, nuts, and washers.--**

Nonheaded anchor bolts shall conform to ASTM Designation: A 36/A 36M, with a minimum hook length of 6.2 diameters.

Headed anchor bolts shall conform to ASTM Designation: A 307.

Nuts shall conform to ASTM Designation: A 563M, Grade A.

Washers for anchor bolts shall be commercial quality.

Exposed anchor bolts, nuts, and washers shall be hot dipped galvanized.

**Expansion joint material.--**

Expansion joint material shall be commercial quality asphalt impregnated pressed fiber sheets, 13 mm minimum thickness.

**Vapor barrier.--**

Vapor barrier shall be commercial quality polyethylene sheets not less than 0.15 mm thick.

**Type A control joints.--**

Type A control joints shall be commercial quality, preformed, T-shaped plastic strips with detachable top flange.

**Mortar.--**

Mortar shall consist of one part cement to 2 parts clean sand and only enough water to permit placing and packing.

**Curing compound.--**

Curing compound shall be a non-pigmented curing compound with fugitive dye conforming to the requirements of ASTM Designation: C 309, Type 1-D, Class A.

**ADMIXTURES.--**

**General.--**Admixtures shall be used when specified or ordered by the Engineer and may be used at the Contractor's option to conserve cement or to facilitate any construction operation.

Calcium chloride shall not be used in any concrete.

Admixtures shall be combined with concrete materials by methods that produce uniform properties throughout the concrete.

If more than one admixture is used, said admixtures shall be compatible with each other so that the desirable effects of all admixtures will be realized.

Mineral admixtures may be used to replace up to 15 percent of Type II portland cement provided the weight of mineral admixture used is not less than the weight of cement replaced. Mineral admixtures shall not be used to replace Type IP (MS) Modified or Type III cements. Chemical admixtures may be used to reduce up to 5 percent of the portland cement except that the cement content shall not be less than 300 kg/m<sup>3</sup>. When both chemical and mineral admixtures are used with Type II cement, the weight of cement replaced by mineral admixture may be considered as cement in determining the resulting cement content.

Mineral admixtures will be required in the manufacture of concrete containing aggregates that are determined to be "deleterious" or "potentially deleterious" when tested in accordance with ASTM Designation: C 289. The use of mineral admixture in such concrete shall conform to the requirements in this section except that the use of set retarding admixtures will not be permitted.

When the use of a chemical admixture is specified or is ordered by the Engineer, the admixture shall be used at the rate specified or ordered. If no rate is specified or ordered, or if the Contractor uses a chemical admixture for his own convenience, the admixture shall be used at the dosage normally recommended by the admixture manufacturer.

When air-entrainment is specified or is ordered by the Engineer, the air-entraining admixture shall be used in amounts to produce concrete having the specified or ordered air content as determined by California Test 504. If the Contractor uses air-entrainment for his own convenience, the average air content shall not exceed 4 percent and no single test shall exceed 5 1/2 percent.

Chemical admixtures and air-entraining admixtures shall be dispensed in liquid form. Dispensers shall have sufficient capacity to measure at one time the total quantity required for each batch. If more than one liquid admixture is used in the concrete, a separate measuring unit shall be provided for each liquid admixture and dispensing shall be such that the admixtures are not mixed at high concentrations. When air-entraining admixtures are used with other liquid admixtures, the air-entraining admixtures shall be the first to be incorporated into the mix. Unless liquid admixtures are added to premeasured water for the batch, they shall be discharged to flow into the stream of water so that the admixtures are well dispersed throughout the batch.

**BAR REINFORCING STEEL.--**

**Bending.--**Reinforcing steel bars shall accurately conform to the dimensions shown on the plans.

Bars shall be bent or straightened in a manner that will not crack or break the material. Bars with kinks or improper bends shall not be used.

Hooks, bends and splices shall conform to the provisions of the Building Code Requirements for Reinforced Concrete of the American Concrete Institute.

### **MIXING AND TRANSPORTING CONCRETE.--**

**General.--**When a truck mixer or agitator is used for transporting concrete to the delivery point, discharge shall be complete within 1 1/2 hours, or before 250 revolutions of the drum or blades, whichever comes first, after the introduction of cement to the aggregates.

Truck mixers or agitator shall be equipped with electrically or mechanically actuated revolution counters by which the number of revolutions of the drum or blades may readily be verified. The counters shall be of the continuous-registering type, which accurately register the number of revolutions and shall be mounted on the truck so that the Engineer may safely and conveniently inspect them from alongside the truck. Under conditions contributing to quick stiffening of the concrete, or when the temperature of the concrete is 30°C or above, a time less than 1 1/2 hours may be required.

When non-agitating hauling equipment is used for transporting concrete to the delivery point, discharge shall be complete within one hour after the introduction of cement to the aggregates. Under conditions contributing to quick stiffening of the concrete, or when the temperature of the concrete is 30°C, or above, the time between the introduction of cement to the aggregates and discharge shall not exceed 45 minutes.

Each load of concrete for the work shall be accompanied by a trip ticket, a copy of which shall be delivered to the Engineer at the jobsite. The trip ticket shall show volume of concrete, weight of cement and aggregates, quantity of each admixture, quantity of water including water added at the jobsite, time of day the concrete is batched, and revolution counter readings on transit mix trucks at the times the truck is charged and unloaded.

### **PART 3.- EXECUTION**

#### **PREPARATION.--**

**Subgrade preparation.--**Subgrade soils shall be moisture conditioned in accordance with the Design Notes for foundations shown on the Structural plans, immediately prior to concrete placement.

**Existing concrete construction.--**Where fresh concrete joins existing or previously placed concrete or masonry, the contact surfaces of the existing or previously placed material shall be roughened, cleaned, flushed with water and allowed to dry to a surface dry condition immediately prior to placing the fresh concrete. The roughened surface shall be no smoother than a wood trowelled surface. Cleaning of the contact surfaces shall remove laitance, curing compounds, debris, dirt and such other substances or materials which would prevent bonding of the fresh concrete.

Abrasive blast methods shall be used to clean horizontal construction joints to the extent that clean aggregate is exposed.

Exposed reinforcing steel located at the contact surfaces which is to be encased in the fresh concrete shall be cleaned to remove any substance or material that would prevent bonding of the fresh concrete.

**Forms.--**Forms shall be mortar tight, true to the dimensions, lines, and grades shown on the plans, securely fastened and supported, and of adequate rigidity to prevent distortion during placing of concrete.

Forms for exposed surfaces shall be constructed with triangular fillets not less than 19 mm x 19 mm attached so as to prevent mortar runs and to produce smooth straight chamfers at all sharp edges of the concrete.

Form fasteners shall be removable without chipping, spalling, heating or otherwise damaging the concrete surface. Form ties shall be removed to a depth of at least 25 mm below the surface of the concrete.

The inside surfaces of forms shall be cleaned of all dirt, mortar and foreign material. Forms shall be thoroughly coated with form oil prior to use.

Forms shall not be stripped until at least 40 hours after placing concrete.

Anchorage and embedded items shall be placed and rigidly secured at their planned locations prior to placing concrete.

Reglets or embedded flashing shall be installed on concrete forms before the concrete is placed.

**Vapor barrier.--**Vapor barrier shall be lapped 150 mm and securely taped at splices. Vapor barrier shall be protected with a 75 mm layer of clean uncompacted sand cover.

Unless otherwise shown on the plans, vapor barrier shall be placed under portions of the floor slab scheduled to receive finish flooring.

**Placing reinforcing steel.**--Reinforcing steel bars shall be accurately placed to the dimensions shown on the plans.

Bar reinforcement conforming to ASTM Designation: A 615/A 615M, Grade 420, or A 706/A 706M shall be lapped at least 45 diameters.

Bars shall be firmly and securely held in position by means of wiring and approved bar supports. The spacing of supports and ties shall prevent displacement of the reinforcing or crushing of supports.

Tie wire shall be clear of concrete formwork and concrete surfaces.

All reinforcing steel shall be in place and inspected before concrete placement begins. Placing of bars on fresh layers of concrete will not be permitted.

**Ground bar.**--A continuous reinforcing steel bar shall be installed in the building foundation at the location indicated on the plans for the electrical ground bar. The use of epoxy coated reinforcing bar is not permitted. The end of the ground bar shall extend beyond the concrete surface and shall be protected from damage by construction operations.

## **PLACING CONCRETE.--**

**General.**--Concrete shall be placed and consolidated by means of internal vibrators to form dense, homogeneous concrete free of voids and rock pockets.

Forms and subgrade shall be thoroughly moistened with water immediately before placing concrete.

Concrete shall be placed as nearly as possible to its final location and the use of vibrators for extensive shifting of the concrete will not be permitted.

Concrete shall be deposited and consolidated in a continuous operation within limits of construction joints, until the placing of the panel or section is completed.

## **FINISHING CONCRETE SURFACES.--**

**Finishing unformed surfaces.**--Slabs shall be placed full thickness to finish elevation and leveled to screeds by use of long straightedges. The screeds shall be set to grade at approximately 1.8 meter centers. After leveling, screeds shall be removed and the surface shall be floated with wooden floats.

Type A control joint strips shall be inserted into the floated concrete so that the bottom of the top flange is flush with the finish elevation. Strips shall be standard manufactured lengths and shall be placed on an approximate straight line. The top flange of the strips shall be removed after the concrete has set and cured.

The floated surface shall be trowelled with steel trowels. Troweling shall form a dense, smooth and true finish. Walkways, pedestrian ramps, stairs and outdoor slabs for pedestrian traffic shall be given a non-slip broom finish unless a different finish is called for on the plans or in these special provisions.

The application of cement dust coat will not be permitted.

Concrete floor surfaces to receive ceramic tile shall be floated to grade and then, before final set of the concrete, the floated surfaces shall be roughened with stiff bristled brushes or rakes.

Finished surfaces of floor slabs shall not deviate more than 3 mm from the lower edge of a 3-meter long straight edge.

**Finishing formed surfaces.**--Formed concrete surfaces shall be finished by filling holes or depressions in the surface, repairing all rock pockets, and removing fins. All surfaces of formed concrete exposed to view shall have stains and discolorations removed, unsightly bulges removed, and all areas which do not exhibit the required smooth, even surface of uniform texture and appearance shall be sanded with power sanders or other approved abrasive means until smooth, even surfaces of uniform texture and appearance are obtained.

Cement mortar, patching and finishing materials used to finish exposed surfaces of concrete shall closely match the color of surrounding surfaces.

## **CURING CONCRETE.--**

**General.**--Freshly placed concrete shall be protected from premature drying and excessive cold or hot temperatures.

Initial curing of floor slabs shall start as soon as free water has disappeared from the concrete surface. The concrete shall be kept continuously moist for not less than 7 days after the concrete has been placed.

Cotton mats, rugs, carpets, or sand blankets may be used as a curing medium to retain the moisture during the curing period. Curing materials that will stain or discolor concrete shall not be used on surfaces exposed to view.

Prior to placing the curing medium, the entire surface of the concrete shall be kept damp by applying water with a nozzle that so atomizes the flow that a mist and not a spray is formed, until the surface of the concrete is covered with the curing medium. At the expiration of the curing period, the concrete surfaces shall be cleared of all curing mediums.



Concrete surfaces, other than floor slabs, shall be kept moist for a period of at least 5 days by leaving the forms in place or by covering the exposed surfaces using moist rugs, cotton mats or other curing materials approved by the Engineer.

Concrete thrust blocks and collars may be cured with a curing compound.

#### **PROTECTING CONCRETE.--**

**General.--**Concrete shall not be placed on frozen or frost covered surfaces.

Concrete shall be protected from damage due to rain, freezing or inclement weather, and shall be maintained at a temperature of not less than 4°C for 72 hours. When required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall provide a written outline of his proposed methods of protecting concrete.

Vehicles, equipment, or concentrated loads weighing more than 140 kg individually and material stockpiles weighing more than 240 kg/m<sup>2</sup> will not be permitted on the concrete within 10 calendar days after placing.

#### **SPECIAL TREATMENTS.--**

**Epoxy mortars.--**Epoxy for use as a binder in epoxy mortars shall be thoroughly mixed together before the aggregate is added, and unless otherwise specified, the mix proportions shall consist of one part binder to approximately 4 parts of aggregate, by volume.

All surfaces against which epoxy mortars are to be applied shall be free of rust, paint, grease, asphalt, and loose or deleterious material.

### **SECTION 12-4. MASONRY**

#### **12-4.01 CONCRETE MASONRY UNITS**

##### **PART 1.- GENERAL**

##### **SUMMARY.--**

**Scope.--**This work shall consist of constructing reinforced hollow concrete masonry units in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

**Related work.--**Water repellent coating shall be applied in accordance with the requirements specified under "Water Repellent Coating" in Section 12-7, "Thermal and Moisture Protection," of these special provisions.

##### **PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS.--**

**Unit Strength.--**Provide masonry units that develop the following installed compressive strengths (f'm) at 28 days:

Based on net area f'm = 10.34 MPa

##### **SUBMITTALS.--**

**Product data.--**Manufacturer's descriptive data for each type of masonry unit, accessory, and other manufactured products shall be submitted for approval.

**Samples.--**Two samples of masonry units of each color and architectural finish shall be submitted for approval.

##### **QUALITY ASSURANCE.--**

**Certificates of Compliance.--**Certificate of Compliance shall be furnished for masonry units, aggregate for grout and transit mixed grout in accordance with the requirements specified in Section 6-1.07, "Certificates of Compliance," of the Standard Specifications.

## **DELIVERY, HANDLING AND STORAGE.--**

**Delivery.--**Masonry materials shall be delivered to the project in an undamaged condition.

**Storage and handling.--**Masonry units shall be stored and handled in order to prevent deterioration or damage due to moisture, temperature changes, contamination, corrosion or other causes.

## **PART 2.- PRODUCTS**

### **CONCRETE MASONRY UNITS.--**

#### **Concrete masonry units.--**

Concrete masonry units shall be nominal size, color and architectural finish as shown on plans; hollow load bearing, light weight or medium weight, Grade N, Type II, conforming to ASTM Designation: C 90; standard or open ended masonry units.

Special shapes shall be provided where required for lintels, corners, jambs, sash, control joints, headers, bonding and other special conditions.

### **MORTAR AND GROUT MATERIALS.--**

#### **Cement.--**

Cement for mortar shall be Type II, low alkali portland cement conforming to ASTM Designation: C 150; or masonry cement conforming to ASTM Designation: C 91.

Cement for grout shall be Type II portland cement conforming to ASTM Designation: C 150 with maximum 15 percent Class N, F, or C mineral admixture conforming to ASTM Designation: C 618 except that the loss on ignition shall not exceed 4 percent; or Type IP(MS) blended hydraulic cement conforming to ASTM Designation: C 595.

#### **Aggregate.--**

Aggregate for mortar shall conform to ASTM Designation: C 144, except not more than 10 percent shall pass the No. 100 sieve.

Aggregate for grout shall conform to ASTM Designation: C 404, except 100 percent of the coarse aggregate shall pass the 9.5 mm sieve. Soundness loss shall not exceed 10 percent as determined by California Test 214.

#### **Coloring for mortar.--**

Coloring for mortar shall be chemically inert, fade resistant mineral oxide or synthetic type.

#### **Lime.--**

Lime shall conform to ASTM Designation: C 207, Type S.

#### **Premixed mortar or grout.--**

A premixed packaged blend of cement, lime, and sand, with or without color, that requires only water to prepare for use as masonry mortar or grout may be furnished. Packages of premix shall bear the manufacturer's name, brand, contents, weight, and color identification.

#### **Transit mixed grout.--**

Transit mixed grout shall conform to ASTM Designation: C 94, except aggregate shall be as specified herein for aggregate for grout. The minimum compressive strength shall be 17236 kPa at 28 days when tested in accordance with ASTM Designation: C 39. Admixtures, if used, shall conform to ASTM Designation: C 494, Types A, E or F and shall not contain chlorides.

## **REINFORCEMENT, TIES AND ANCHORING DEVICES.--**

### **Bar reinforcement.--**

Bar reinforcement shall conform to ASTM Designation: A 615/A 615 M, Grade 60 [420], or ASTM Designation: A 706/A 706 M.

### **Anchor bolts, nuts, and washers.--**

Nonheaded anchor bolts shall conform to ASTM Designation: A 36/A 36M, with a minimum hook length of 6.2 diameters.

Headed anchor bolts shall conform to ASTM Designation: A 307.

Nuts shall conform to ASTM Designation: A 563M, Grade A.

Washers for anchor bolts shall be commercial quality.

Exposed anchor bolts, nuts, and washers shall be hot-dipped galvanized.

### **Anchors, ties, angles, and metal lath.--**

Anchors, ties, angles, and metal lath shall be commercial quality, and shall be galvanized.

### **Dry pack.--**

Dry pack to set items into masonry shall be one part portland cement to not over 3 parts of clean sand and with a minimum amount of water for hydration and packing.

## **PROPORTIONING MORTAR AND GROUT.--**

**General.--**Mortar shall be proportioned by loose volume and shall have one part cement, one quarter part of hydrated lime and 2 1/4 to 3 parts aggregate. Mortar shall be tinted with coloring to match the masonry units.

Grout, except transit mixed and packaged premix grout, shall be proportioned by loose volume and shall have one part cement, not more than 1/10 part hydrated lime, 2 1/4 to 3 parts sand aggregate, and not more than 2 parts gravel aggregate.

Aggregate shall be measured in a damp loose condition.

Grout shall be mixed with sufficient water to produce a mix consistency suitable for pumping without segregation. Slump shall not exceed 229 mm.

## **PART 3.- EXECUTION**

### **CONSTRUCTION.--**

**General.--**Masonry units shall be laid in running bond, except as otherwise shown on the plans.

Surfaces of metal, glass, wood, completed masonry, and other such materials exposed to view shall be protected from spillage, splatters and other deposits of cementitious materials from masonry construction. All such deposits shall be removed without damage to the materials or exposed surfaces.

Construction will comply with Section 2104 Construction of the Uniform Building Code. Tolerances specified in Section 2104 shall be in affect unless otherwise shown on the plans.

Where fresh masonry joins concrete or masonry, the contact surfaces of existing material shall be roughened, cleaned and lightly wetted. The roughened surface shall be no smoother than a wood troweled surface. Cleaning shall remove laitance, curing compounds, debris, dirt and any substance which decreases bond to the fresh masonry.

Masonry shall not be erected when the ambient air temperature is below 5°C.

Surfaces of masonry erected when the ambient air temperature exceeds 38°C. shall be kept moist with water for a period of not less than 24 hours. Water shall be uniformly applied with a fog spray at the intervals required to keep the surfaces moist but not to exceed 3 hours unless otherwise approved by the Engineer.

All anchors, bolts, dowels, reglets and other miscellaneous items to be cast into the wall, shall be firmly secured in place before grout is poured.

Shoring for concrete masonry lintels shall remain in place a minimum of 15 days after the wall has been completed.

**Laying masonry units.--**Concrete masonry units shall be laid dry.

During laying of units all cells shall be kept dry in inclement weather by suitably covering incomplete walls. Wooden boards and planks shall not be used as covering materials. The covering shall extend down each side of masonry walls approximately 600 mm.

Chases shall be kept free from debris and mortar.

Bond beam units with an opening at each cross web shall be used at all horizontal reinforcing bars.

Where masonry unit cutting is necessary, all cuts shall be made with a masonry saw to neat and true lines. Blocks with excessive cracking or chipping of the finished surfaces exposed to view will not be acceptable.

**Lintels.--**Masonry lintels shall be as shown on the plans. Lintels shall be formed using U-shaped lintel units with reinforcing bars placed as shown on the plans. Formed-in-place lintels shall be temporarily supported.

**Bar reinforcement.--**Bar reinforcement shall be accurately positioned in the center of the cell and securely held in position with either wire ties or spacing devices near the ends of bars and at intervals not exceeding 192 bar diameters. Wire shall be 16-gage or heavier. Wooden, aluminum, or plastic spacing devices shall not be used. Tolerances for the placement of vertical reinforcement in walls and flexural elements shall be  $\pm 12$  mm. Tolerance for longitudinal reinforcement in walls shall be  $\pm 50$  mm.

The minimum spacing for splices in vertical reinforcement for masonry walls shall be 1220 mm plus lap.

Bar reinforcement shall not be placed in the plane of mortar joints.

**Mortar.--**Mortar joints shall be approximately 9.5 mm wide. Units shall be laid with all head and bed joints filled solidly with mortar for the full width of masonry unit shell. Head joints shall be shoved tight. Exposed joints shall be concave, tooled smooth, unless otherwise shown on the plans.

Mortar that has been mixed more than one hour shall not be retempered.

Mortar placed in joints shall preserve the unobstructed vertical continuity of the concrete filling. Any overhanging mortar projecting more than 12 mm, or other obstruction or debris shall be removed from the inside of such cells.

## **GROUTING.--**

**General.--**All cells shall be filled solidly with grout. All grout in the cells shall be consolidated at the time of placement by vibrating and reconsolidated after excess moisture has been absorbed but before plasticity is lost. Slicing with a trowel is not acceptable.

Masonry units may be placed full height of the masonry work before grouting, or they may be placed in increments for individual grout pours.

Cleanouts shall be provided for all grout pours over 1524 mm in height. Such cleanouts shall be provided in the bottom course at every cell containing vertical reinforcement. After cell inspection, the cleanouts shall be sealed before filling with grout.

Masonry units shall be placed full height of the grout pour. Grout shall be placed in a continuous pour in grout lifts not exceeding 1828 mm. The interruption between placing successive lifts of grout shall be not more than one hour.

Between grout pours, a horizontal construction joint shall be formed by stopping the grout a minimum of 38 mm below the top of the last course, except if the joint is at a bond beam, it shall be 12 mm below the top of the bond beam unit, or at the top of the wall.

## **CLEANING AND PROTECTING MASONRY.--**

**General.--**Splashes, stains or spots on the faces of the masonry exposed to view shall be removed.

Completed masonry shall be protected from freezing for a period of at least 5 days.

## SECTION 12-5. METALS

### 12-5.01 STRUCTURAL STEEL FOR BUILDINGS

#### PART 1.- GENERAL

##### SUMMARY.--

**Scope.--**This work shall consist of fabricating, assembling, furnishing and erecting structural steel in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Structural steel consists of:

Canopy tube steel framing

**Source quality control.--**Materials and fabrication procedures are subject to inspection and tests in mill, shop and field, conducted by the Engineer or a qualified inspection agency. The Contractor or fabricator shall provide access to the Engineer or testing agency to places where the structural steel work is being fabricated or produced so that the required inspection and testing can be accomplished. Such inspections and tests will not relieve the Contractor of responsibility for providing materials and fabrication procedures in compliance with specified requirements. The testing agency may inspect the structural steel at the plant before shipment; however, the Engineer reserves the right, at any time before final acceptance to reject the material that does not conform to the contract requirements.

##### REFERENCES.--

**General.--**Structural steel shall be fabricated, assembled and erected in accordance with American Institute of Steel Construction (AISC), "Specifications for the Design, Fabrication and Erection of Structural Steel for Buildings."

Welding shall be in accordance with American Welding Society (AWS) D1.1, "Structural Welding Code - Steel."

##### SUBMITTALS.--

**Product data.--**Product data for items to be incorporated into the work, including structural steel, high strength bolts, nuts and washers and alternative connectors, shall be submitted for approval.

**Working drawings.--**Working drawings and calculations shall be submitted for approval.

Working drawings shall show any changes proposed in the work, details of connections and joints exposed to the weather, details for connections not dimensioned on the plans, the sequence of shop and field assembly and erection, welding sequences and procedures. If required, the location of butt welded splices on a layout drawing of the entire structure, and the location and details of any temporary supports that are to be used.

Calculations and working drawings for falsework to be used for the erection of structural steel shall be submitted for approval. The falsework shall be designed and constructed to provide the necessary rigidity and to support loads which will be applied. Working drawings and design calculations for falsework shall be stamped and signed by an engineer who is registered as a Civil or Structural Engineer in the State of California. The expiration date of the registration shall be shown.

##### CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS.--

**Final drawings.--**At the completion of each building on the contract, one set of reduced prints on 27 kg (minimum) bond paper, 280 mm x 432 mm in size, of the corrected original tracings of all approved drawings for each building shall be furnished to the Engineer. An index prepared specifically for the drawings for each building containing sheet numbers and titles shall be included on the first reduced print in the set for each building. Reduced prints for each building shall be arranged in the order of drawing numbers shown in the index.

The edge of the corrected original tracing image shall be clearly visible and visually parallel with the edges of the page. A clear, legible symbol shall be provided on the upper left side of each page to show the amount of reduction and a horizontal and vertical scale shall be provided on each reduced print to facilitate enlargement to original scale.

## **QUALITY ASSURANCE.--**

**Qualifications for welding.--**A certified copy of qualification test record for welders shall be submitted to the Engineer at the jobsite. Descriptive data for equipment for field welding structural steel, including type and electric power requirements, shall be submitted for approval.

**Certificates of Compliance.--**Certificate of Compliance shall be furnished for structural steel products in accordance with the requirements specified in Section 6-1.07, "Certificates of Compliance," of the Standard Specifications. Certificate of Compliance shall include mill test certificates for each heat number used in the work.

## **DELIVERY, HANDLING AND STORAGE.--**

Structural materials shall be loaded, transported, unloaded and stored so that it is kept clean and undamaged. Material shall be stored above ground on platforms, skids, or other supports. Covers and protection shall be provided to protect the materials from corrosion.

Anchorage and anchor bolts, which are to be embedded in concrete or masonry, shall be delivered in ample time to not delay the work.

## **PART 2.- PRODUCTS**

### **MATERIALS.--**

#### **Steel bars, plates and shapes.--**

Steel bars, plates and shapes shall conform to ASTM Designation: A 36/A 36M or A 572/A 572M, Grade 50 [345].

#### **Steel tubing.--**

Steel tubing shall conform to ASTM Designation: A 500, Grade B.

#### **Anchor bolts, nuts and washers.--**

Nonheaded anchor bolts shall conform to ASTM Designation: A 36/A 36M, with a minimum hook length of 6.2 diameters.

Headed anchor bolts shall conform to ASTM Designation: A 307.

Nuts shall conform to ASTM Designation: A 563M, Grade A.

Washers for anchor bolts shall be commercial quality.

#### **Inorganic zinc primer.--0**

Inorganic zinc primer shall be a waterborne inorganic zinc primer conforming to the requirements of AASHTO Designation: M 300-92 I, Type II. Inorganic zinc primer shall be listed on the qualified products list which may be obtained from the Transportation Laboratory, (916) 227-7000.

#### **Mortar.--**

Mortar shall consist of one part cement, measured by volume, to 2 parts clean sand and only enough water to permit placing and packing.

## **FABRICATION.--**

**Shop fabrication and assembly.--**Workmanship and finish shall be equal to the best general practice in modern shops.

Cuts shall not deviate more than 2 mm from the intended line. Roughness, notches or gouges shall be removed.

Bearing stiffeners at points of loading shall be square with the web and shall have at least 75 percent of the stiffener in contact with the flanges.

Finished members shall be true to line, shall have /square corners and smooth bends and shall be free from twists, kinks, warps, dents and open joints.

Exposed edges and ends of metal shall be dressed smooth, with no sharp edges and with corners slightly rounded.

**Connections.--**Abutting surfaces at connections shall be clean.

Cutting and welding at the jobsite will not be allowed except as shown on the approved drawings or specifically approved by the Engineer.

Finished holes for bolts shall be cylindrical and perpendicular to the plane of the connection. Subpunched and subdrilled holes shall be 6 mm smaller in diameter than the diameter specified for the finished hole.

**Holes for other work.--**Holes for securing other work to structural steel and passage of other work through steel framing members shall be as shown on the approved drawings.

Threaded nuts or specialty items for securing other work to steel members shall be as shown on the approved drawings.

Holes shall be cut, drilled or punched perpendicular to metal surfaces. Holes shall not be flame cut or enlarged by burning. Holes are to be drilled in bearing plates.

## **SHOP PAINTING.--**

**General.--**Structural steel members, except those to receive sprayed-fireproofing, shall be painted.

**Surface preparation.--**Surfaces of structural steel to be receive inorganic zinc primer shall be blast cleaned in accordance with Steel Structures Painting Council, SSPC-SP 10, "Near-White Blast Cleaning."

**Painting.--**Immediately after surface preparation, surfaces of structural steel shall receive an undercoat of waterborne inorganic zinc primer. Color shall essentially match Federal Standard 595B, No. 36373.

The manufacturer's published mixing and application instructions for inorganic zinc primer shall be followed.

## **PART 3.- EXECUTION**

### **ERECTION AND ASSEMBLY.--**

**Field splices.--**Field splices shall be made only at the locations shown on approved working drawings.

The parts shall be accurately assembled in their final position as shown on the plans and in true alignment with related and adjoining work before final fastening.

All parts shall be supported adequately and at locations to provide a vibration free, rigid, and secure installation.

**Setting bases and bearing plates.--**Concrete and masonry surfaces shall be cleaned and roughened to improve bond. Bottom of base and bearing plates shall be clean.

Base plates and bearing plates for structural members shall be set on wedges or other adjusting devices.

Anchor bolts shall be wrench tightened after supported members have been positioned and plumbed.

Mortar shall be solidly packed between bearing surfaces and base or bearing plates to ensure that no voids remain. Exposed surfaces shall be finished and allowed to cure.

### **FIELD PAINTING.--**

**Touch-up painting.--**After erection, the Contractor shall clean field welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas of shop paint and apply the same materials as applied for shop painting.

Surfaces that are scheduled to receive finish coats shall be painted with an additional prime coat and finish coats in accordance with the requirements specified for shop primed steel under "Painting" in Section 12-9.

### **QUALITY CONTROL.--**

**Testing and inspection.--**Ultrasonic examination shall be performed by the Contractor on at least 50 percent of all full penetration butt-welded splices in accordance with the requirements of AWS D1.1 and these special provisions.

Welding procedures and methods shall be subject to inspection for conformance with AWS D1.1.

Butt welds shall be tested in accordance with AWS D1.1, Chapter 6, Part C, Ultrasonic Testing of Groove Welds.

Examination, reporting and disposition of tests shall be in accordance with the provisions of 6.12, AWS D1.1.

In addition to ultrasonic examinations by the Contractor, welds may be subject to inspection or non-destructive testing by the Engineer.

When additional inspection or non-destructive testing is required by the Engineer, the Contractor shall provide sufficient access facilities in the shop and at the jobsite to permit the Engineer or his agent to perform such inspection and testing.

The Contractor shall correct all deficiencies in the structural steel work which inspections and laboratory test reports have indicated to be not in compliance with these special provisions. Additional tests shall be performed by the Contractor at his expense to reconfirm any non-compliance of original work, and to show compliance of the corrected work.

## **12-5.02 METAL DECKING**

### **PART 1.- GENERAL**

#### **SUMMARY.--**

**Scope.--**This work shall consist of furnishing and installing metal decking in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Metal deck includes ribbed sheet steel decking units, bent plates, accessories, fasteners and such other components, not mentioned, but required for a rigid, secure and complete installation.

#### **REFERENCES.--**

**General.--**The design, fabrication and erection of metal deck shall conform to the applicable requirements of the American Iron and Steel Institute (AISI) publication, "Specifications for the Design of Light Gauge Cold Formed Steel Structural Members," and the applicable Steel Deck Institute Design Manual and these special provisions.

Welding shall be in accordance with American Welding Society (AWS) D1.3, "Structural Welding Code - Sheet Steel."

#### **SUBMITTALS.--**

**Product data.--**Manufacturer's descriptive data for each type of deck and accessories shall be submitted for approval.

**Working drawings.--**Working drawings showing complete erection layouts, details, dimensions, deck section properties shall be submitted for approval. Drawings shall show types and gages, fastening methods, including the location, type and sequence of connections, sump pans, cut openings, surface finishes and temporary supports or bracing.

#### **QUALITY ASSURANCE.--**

**Qualification of field welding.--**Welding processes and welding operators shall be qualified in accordance with "Welder Qualification," procedures in American Welding Society (AWS) D1.1, "Structural Welding Code - Steel."

Welding decking in place is subject to inspection and testing. Defective work shall be removed and replaced with acceptable work.

**Certificates of Compliance.--**Certificates of Compliance shall be furnished for the metal decking in accordance with the requirements specified in Section 6-1.07, "Certificates of Compliance," of the Standard Specifications.

#### **DELIVERY, HANDLING AND STORAGE.--**

**General.--**Metal deck units and accessories shall be transported, stored and erected in a manner that will prevent corrosion, distortion or other damage.

Deck units shall be stored off the ground with one end elevated to provide drainage.



## **PART 2.- PRODUCTS**

**MANUFACTURERS.--**Acceptable manufacturers shall be; Verco Manufacturing Co.; BHP Co.; Vulcraft; or equal.

### **MATERIALS.--**

#### **Deck units.--**

Deck units, closures and plates shall be fabricated from galvanized sheet steel conforming to ASTM Designation: A 653/A 653M, Grade 33 [230].

Galvanizing shall conform to the requirements of ASTM Designation: A 924/A 924M, G60 [Z180].

#### **Miscellaneous steel shapes.--**

Miscellaneous steel shapes shall conform to ASTM Designation: A 36/A 36M.

#### **Anchor clips, vent clips, flashing, saddle plates, flexible closure strips and other accessories.--**

Anchor clips, vent clips, flashing, saddle plates, flexible closure strips and other accessories shall be as recommended by the decking manufacturer.

### **FABRICATION.--**

**General.--**Deck units shall be formed to span 3 or more supports, with flush, telescoped or nested 50 mm laps at ends and interlocking or nested side laps unless otherwise shown on the plans.

Deck units shall conform to the configurations, metal thickness, depth and width and section properties shown on the plans.

End bearing shall be not less than 38 mm.

**Metal closure strips.--**Metal closure strips for opening between deck units and other construction shall be fabricated from the same gage and material as the adjacent deck units. Strips shall be formed to provide tight-fitting closures at end of cells or flutes and sides of decking.

## **PART 3.- EXECUTION**

### **INSTALLATION.--**

**General.--**Deck units and accessories shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations and approved drawings and these special provisions.

Units shall be placed on supporting steel framework, adjusted in place and properly aligned before being permanently fastened. Ends of units shall have positive bearing over structural supports.

Cutting and fitting shall present a neat and true appearance with exposed burrs removed. Openings through the decking shall be cut square and shall be reinforced as recommended by the decking manufacturer.

The metal roof deck shall not be used as a working platform before deck units are fastened in place. Supplies, equipment or other loads shall not be stored on the deck. Mechanical equipment or other loads shall not be hung from metal roof decking.

**Welding.--**Welding shall conform to AWS requirements (D1.1 and D1.3) and procedures for manual shielded metal arc welding, appearance and quality of welds, and methods used in correcting welding work.

Welding washers shall be used where recommended by the manufacturer.

**Fastening roof deck units.--**Roof deck units shall be fastened to supporting steel members as shown on the structural plans.

**Fastening side laps.--**Side laps of adjacent deck units shall be fastened as shown on the plans.

**Field painting.--**Immediately following erection, field welds, bolted connections and abraded areas shall be cleaned with a wire brush.

Galvanized surfaces shall be touched-up with galvanizing repair paint recommended by the manufacturer.

## **12-5.03 BUILDING MISCELLANEOUS METAL**

### **PART 1.- GENERAL**

**Scope.--**This work shall consist of fabricating, furnishing and installing building miscellaneous metal in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Building miscellaneous metal shall consist of the following:

- Heat pump enclosure
- Canopy wire cloth screen
- Miscellaneous bars, plates, and shapes

including all anchors, fastenings, hardware, accessories and other supplementary parts necessary to complete the work.

### **REFERENCES.--**

**Codes and standards.--**Welding of steel shall be in accordance with American Welding Society (AWS) D 1.1, "Structural Welding Code-Steel" and D 1.3, "Structural Welding Code-Sheet Steel."

### **SUBMITTALS.--**

**Product data.--**Submit manufacturer's specifications, anchor details and installation instructions for products used in miscellaneous metal fabrications.

**Working drawings.--**Working drawings of fabricated items shall be submitted for approval.

### **QUALITY ASSURANCE.--**

**Shop assembly.--**Preassemble items in shop to the greatest extent possible to minimize field splicing and assembly. Disassemble units only as necessary for shipping and handling limitations. Clearly mark all units for reassembly and installation.

**Inspection and tests.--**Materials and fabrication procedures shall be subject to inspection and tests by the Engineer, in mill, shop and field. Such tests will not relieve the Contractor of responsibility of providing materials and fabrication procedures in compliance with specified requirements.

### **PART 2.- PRODUCTS**

#### **MATERIALS.--**

##### **Steel bars, plates and hot-rolled shapes.--**

Steel bars, plates and hot-rolled shapes shall conform to ASTM Designation: A 36/A 36M.

##### **Wire cloth screen.--**

Cloth shall be hot-dipped galvanized woven steel wire cloth with approximately 51 mm square openings. Wire diameter shall be approximately 5 mm. Edges of cloth shall be wrapped with a galvanized steel edge band channel.

##### **Pipe.--**

Pipe shall be commercial quality standard steel pipe.

##### **Bolts, studs, threaded rods, nuts and washers.--**

Bolts, studs, threaded rods, and nuts for general application shall conform to ASTM Designation: A 307.

Washers shall be commercial quality.

**Expansion anchors.--**

Expansion anchors shall be ICBO approved for the purpose intended, integral stud type anchor or internally threaded type with independent stud, hex nut and washer.

**Powder driven anchors.--**

Powder driven anchors shall be plated, spring steel alloy drive pin or threaded stud type anchors for use in concrete or steel. Spring steel shall conform to ASTM Designation: A 227M, Class 1. The diameter, length and type of shank and the number and type of washer shall be as recommended by the manufacturer for the types and thickness of material being anchored or fastened.

**FABRICATION.--**

**Workmanship and finish.--**Workmanship and finish shall be equal to the best general practice in modern shops.

Miscellaneous metal shall be clean and free from loose mill scale, flake rust and rust pitting, and shall be well formed and finished to shape and size with sharp lines and angles. Bends from shearing or punching shall be straightened.

The thickness of metal and details of assembly and support shall give ample strength and stiffness.

Built-up parts shall be true to line and without sharp bends, twists and kinks. Exposed ends and edges of metal shall be milled or ground smooth, with corners slightly rounded.

**Galvanizing.--**Items indicated on the plans to be galvanized shall be hot-dip galvanized after fabrication. The weight of galvanized coating shall be at least 460 grams per square meter of surface area, except drainage grates shall have at least 610 grams per square meter of surface area.

**Painting.--**Building miscellaneous metal items not galvanized shall be cleaned and prime painted prior to erection in accordance with the requirements specified for steel and other ferrous metals under "Painting" in Section 12-9, "Finishes," of these special provisions.

**PART 3.- EXECUTION****GENERAL.--**

**Anchorage.--**Anchorage devices and fasteners shall be provided for securing miscellaneous metal in-place construction; including threaded fasteners for concrete and masonry inserts, toggle bolts, through bolts, lag bolts, wood screws and other connectors.

Cutting, drilling and fitting shall be performed as required for installation of miscellaneous metal fabrications. Work is to set accurately in location, alignment and elevation, plumb, level, true and free of rack, measured from established lines and levels.

**Powder driven anchors.--**Powder driven anchors shall be installed with low velocity powder actuated equipment in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions and State and Federal OSHA regulations.

**DAMAGED SURFACES.--**

**General.--**Galvanized surfaces that are abraded or damaged at any time after the application of the zinc coating shall be repaired by thoroughly wire brushing the damaged areas and removing all loose and cracked coating, after which the clean areas shall be painted with 2 applications of unthinned zinc-rich primer (organic vehicle type). Aerosol cans shall not be used.

## SECTION 12-6. WOOD AND PLASTICS

### 12-6.01 ROUGH CARPENTRY

#### PART 1.- GENERAL

##### SUMMARY.--

**Scope.--**This work shall consist of furnishing and installing materials and performing rough carpentry work including wood framing, furring, and sheathing in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Rough carpentry includes carpentry work not specified as part of other sections and which is generally not exposed.

##### SUBMITTALS.--

**Product Data.--**Manufacturer's material data and installation instructions shall be submitted for gypsum sheathing, framing hardware and underlayments.

**Wood treatment data.--**Chemical treatment manufacturer's instructions shall be submitted for the handling, sorting, installation, and finishing of treated materials.

For each type of preservative treatment used, certification by treating plant shall include type of preservative solution and pressure process used, net amount of preservative retained and conformance with the applicable standards of the American Wood Preservers Association.

##### DELIVERY, HANDLING AND STORAGE.--

**Delivery and storage.--**Materials shall be kept under cover and dry. All materials shall be protected from exposure to weather and contact with damp or wet surfaces with blocking and stickers. All lumber, plywood and other panels shall be stacked in such a manner to provide air circulation within and around the stacks.

#### PART 2.- PRODUCTS

##### LUMBER.--

**General.--**Lumber shall be manufactured to comply with PS 20, "American Softwood Lumber Standard," and with applicable grading rules of inspection.

Softwood lumber shall be quality grade stamped or shall be accompanied by a certificate of inspection. Inspection certificates or grade stamps shall indicate compliance with the grading requirements of WWPA, WCLIB, RIS, or other approved lumber inspection agencies.

All lumber used shall be nominal sized and dressed S4S unless otherwise specified in these special provisions.

Framing lumber shall be solid stock lumber, Douglas Fir-Larch, and the grades indicated under WCLIB or WWPA rules. Moisture content shall not exceed 19 percent and shall be grade stamped "S-Dry."

##### DIMENSION LUMBER.--

Except as otherwise shown on the plans, lumber shall have the following grades.

##### Vertical framing lumber.--

Vertical framing lumber, nominal 51 mm x 51 mm through 102 mm x 102 mm, shall be Construction grade or better.

Vertical framing lumber, nominal 51 mm x 152 mm through 102 mm x 152 mm shall be No. 2 or better.

##### Horizontal framing lumber.--

Horizontal framing lumber, nominal 51 mm x 102 mm and wider, including joists and rafters, shall be No. 2 or better.

Horizontal framing lumber, nominal 102 mm x 102 mm and wider, including joist and rafters, shall be No. 1 or better.

**Miscellaneous lumber.--**

Miscellaneous lumber for support or attachment of other work including rooftop equipment curbs and support bases, cant strips, bucks, nailers, blocking, furring, grounds, stripping and similar members shall be not less than No. 2 or better.

Lumber in contact with concrete or masonry construction shall be pressure treated Douglas Fir-Larch.

**TIMBERS.--**

**Timbers (nominal 127 mm or thicker).--**

Timbers shall be No. 1 or better.

**PLYWOOD PANELS.--**

**General.**—Plywood panels shall comply with Voluntary Product Standard PS1, "U. S. Product Standard for Construction and Industrial Plywood."

Plywood panels shall be Group 1 unless otherwise noted.

Each plywood panel shall be factory marked with APA or other trademark evidencing compliance with grade requirements.

**Structural plywood roof sheathing.--**

Structure plywood roof sheathing shall be APA RATED SHEATHING, Exposure 1. Span rating, thickness and grade shall be as shown on the plans.

**Plywood backing panels.--**

Plywood backing panels for mounting electrical or telephone equipment shall be 19 mm plywood panels APA C-D PLUGGED, Exposure 1, touch-sanded.

**MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS.--**

**Rough Carpentry Hardware.--**

Steel plates and rolled sections shall be mild, weldable steel, conforming to AISI grades 1016 through 1030 except 1017.

Nails, screws, bolts, nuts, washers shall be commercial quality. Exposed fasteners shall be hot-dipped galvanized or stainless steel.

Joist hangers, clips and other standard framing hardware shall be ICBO approved, commercial quality, galvanized sheet steel or hot-dipped galvanized, of the size shown on the plans.

Expansion anchors and powder driven anchors shall be as specified under "Building Miscellaneous Metal," in Section 12-5, "Metals," of these special provisions.

**Nails.--**

Nails shall conform to ASTM F 1667-95. "Common" nails shall conform to the following table:

Nail Size	Length (mm)	Diameter (mm)
8d	63.5	3.33
10d	76.2	3.76
16d	88.9	4.11

## **WOOD TREATMENT BY PRESSURE PROCESS.--**

### **Preservative treatment.--**

Preservative treatment shall be copper naphthenate, pentachlorophenol or water-borne arsenicals (ACA, CCA or ACZA).

The following items shall be treated:

Wood cants, nailers, curbs, equipment support bases, blocking, stripping and similar members in connection with roofing, flashing, vapor barriers and waterproofing.

Wood sills, sleepers, blocking, furring and other similar members in contact with concrete or masonry.

All holes, daps and cut ends of treated lumber shall be thoroughly swabbed with 2 applications of copper naphthenate.

## **PART 3.- EXECUTION**

### **INSTALLATION.--**

**Wood framing.--**Wood framing shall be in accordance with Chapter 23 of the California Building Code.

Framing members shall be of sizes and spacing shown on the plans. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, structural members shall not be spliced between supports.

Wood framing shall be accurately cut and assembled to provide closely fitted members. Framing shall be erected true to the lines and grades shown on the plans and shall be rigidly secured in place as shown and as required by recognized standards. Bracing shall be placed wherever necessary to support all loads on the structure during erection.

The size and spacing of fasteners and the edge distance for nails shall be as shown on the plans.

Nailing schedule shall be as shown on the plans and shall comply with the California Building Code.

Wall coverings exposed to the weather shall have a backing of building paper applied weatherboard fashion to the framing or sheathing. Backing shall be lapped 50 mm at horizontal joints, 152 mm at vertical joints and 305 mm at building corners.

**Plywood panels.--**Plywood panels shall be attached to the framing as shown on the plans and these special provisions. All structural plywood sheathing (both roof and wall) shall be nailed with "Common" nails.

Plywood sheathing shall be nailed to the framing system and shall be continuous over 2 or more supports. Roof panels shall be installed with the long dimension across the supports, with end joints staggered 1.22 m. Wall sheathing shall have all edges blocked. Spacing between panels shall be 3 mm.

## **12-6.02 GLUED LAMINATED MEMBERS**

### **PART 1.- GENERAL**

#### **SUMMARY.--**

**Scope.--**This work consists of furnishing and erecting factory fabricated glued laminated decking, in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

#### **SUBMITTALS.--**

**Product data.--**Manufacturer's data, specifications and installation instructions shall be submitted for approval.

#### **QUALITY ASSURANCE.--**

**Codes and standards.--**Glued laminated decking shall conform to American Standards Committee and Voluntary Standards PS 20.

**Certificates of Compliance.**--Certificates of Compliance shall be furnished for glued laminated members in accordance with the requirements specified in Section 6-1.07, "Certificates of Compliance," of the Standard Specifications.

#### **DELIVERY, STORAGE, HANDLING.--**

**Protection.**--Water resistant wrapping on glued laminated members shall remain in place until units are erected.

Laminated members that are to be stored prior to erection shall be stored on blocks well off the ground with individual member separated for air circulation. Wrapping shall remain intact, lower side of wrapping shall be slit or punctured to permit drainage of water which may accumulate.

### **PART 2.- PRODUCTS**

#### **GLUED LAMINATED DECKING.--**

**General.**--Glued laminated decking shall be sized as indicated on the plans.

Glued laminated decking shall be Douglas Fir-Larch; Appearance Grade; smooth sanded face; edge pattern shall be standard vee.

**Factory finishing.**--Finish shall be manufacturer's standard "dry appearance" clear, penetrating acrylic stain-and-sealer, over dried and resistant to mildew and fungus.

**Factory applied protection.**--Before shipping, decking units shall be wrapped with manufacturer's standard, opaque durable, water-resistant, plastic coated paper covering with water resistant seams. Small members of uniform size may be bundle wrapped. Protective slip sheets shall be inserted between finished surfaces where factory finishes have been provided.

### **PART 3.- EXECUTION**

#### **INSTALLATION.--**

**General.**--Decking shall be nailed as indicated or in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for nailing wood decking.

Temporary waterproof covering shall be provided to protect exposed decking if required prior to application of finish roofing.

### **12-6.03 PRE-ENGINEERED WOOD TRUSSES**

#### **PART 1.- GENERAL**

##### **SUMMARY.--**

**Scope.**--This work shall consist of designing, fabricating, furnishing and erecting pre-engineered, factory fabricated wood trusses in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

##### **SUBMITTALS.--**

**Product data.**--Manufacturer's data for lumber, metal plates, hardware and fabrication process shall be submitted for approval.

**Working drawings.**--Complete working drawings, erection drawings, if required, and design calculations for the pre-engineered wood trusses and permanent bracing shall be submitted for approval. Submittals shall be approved prior to the start of fabrication.

Working drawings and design calculations shall be stamped and signed by an engineer who is registered as a Civil or Structural Engineer in the State of California. The expiration date of the registration shall be shown. Engineer's original signature shall be submitted, copies will not be accepted.

Working drawings shall show the lumber size, species and grades for all truss and temporary and permanent bracing members. Joint and connection details shall be shown.

Working drawings shall include a location plan which shows the location and identification of each truss.

Calculations for the design of the trusses and bracing shall include a list of applied loads and load combinations, including fire sprinkler system if required, with the resulting member forces and member stresses.

If the design calculations contain or consist of computerized or tabulated calculations, the values pertaining to the design shall be identified, described or indexed in such a manner that a design review can be performed.

## **QUALITY ASSURANCE.--**

**Certificates of Compliance.--**Certificates of Compliance shall be furnished for trusses in accordance with the requirements specified in Section 6-1.07, "Certificates of Compliance," of the Standard Specifications.

**Codes and standards.--**Wood trusses and permanent bracing shall be designed for the loads shown on the plans. The design shall be in accordance with the requirements of the Uniform Building Code (UBC), the "National Design Specification for Wood Construction" by the National Forest Products Association (NFPA), the "Timber Construction Standards" by the American Institute of Timber Construction (AITC) and the "Design Specifications for Light Metal Connected Wood Trusses" by the Truss Plate Institute (TPI).

Wood trusses with light metal plate connectors shall be fabricated in accordance with the requirements of the UBC Section 2343.

## **DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING.--**

Trusses shall be transported and handled in such a manner as to prevent damage due to warping, distortion and moisture.

Trusses shall be stored off the ground in such a manner as to avoid damage from bending, overturning or other cause for which the truss is not designed to resist or endure.

## **PART 2.- PRODUCTS**

### **Pre-engineered truss.--**

Pre-engineered truss shall be factory fabricated pre-engineered truss sized to fit the location shown on the plans. Lumber sizes, species and grades shall be as shown on the approved working drawings. Lumber shall bear grade marks of a recognized grading association and the moisture content of the lumber shall be within the amount specified in the referenced specifications.

### **Connector plates.--**

Connector plates shall be galvanized sheet steel conforming to ASTM Designation: A 446, Grade A. Zinc coating by hot dip galvanizing shall conform to ASTM Designation: A 525, G90. Minimum coated metal thickness shall be not less than 0.91 mm.

## **FABRICATION.--**

**General.--**Truss and bracing members shall be accurately cut to length and shape to provide tightly fitted joints.

Connectors, framing anchors and other hardware accessories shall be coordinated for placement in the proper locations and positions.

Camber, if required by the design, shall be built into the trusses.

Each truss shall be stamped or marked with a location identification mark or symbol and with the name and address of the manufacturer.



## **PART 3.- EXECUTION**

### **INSTALLATION AND ERECTION.--**

**General.--**Trusses shall be erected plumb and true and shall be secured rigidly in place in accordance with the truss manufacturer's recommendations.

Fasteners and connectors shall be placed as shown on the plans and as recommended by the truss manufacturer.

Longitudinal and transverse bracing shall be installed during erection to hold the trusses plumb and true and in a safe position until sufficient permanent construction is in place to provide full stability.

All permanent bracing shall be secured in place before any sustained permanent loads are applied to the roof truss system.

Materials loaded on the truss system shall be located in such a manner that the design load of the trusses is not exceeded in the area of placement of the loads.

## **12-6.04 CABINETS**

### **PART 1.- GENERAL**

#### **SUMMARY.--**

**Scope.--**This work shall consist of furnishing and installing a swinging gate, wood cabinets and plastic laminate tops, splashes and returns as shown on the plans and in these special provisions.

#### **SUBMITTALS.--**

**Product data.--**Manufacturer's product data for plastic laminates and cabinet hardware shall be submitted for approval.

**Samples.--**Three samples shall be submitted for each of the items shown below:

Plastic laminate, 203 mm x 254 mm for each type, color, pattern and surface finish.

**Working drawings.--**Working drawings for cabinets showing location of cabinets, dimensioned plans and elevations, attachment devices and other components shall be submitted for approval. Working drawings shall bear the "WIC Certified Compliance Label" on the first sheet of the drawings.

#### **QUALITY ASSURANCE.--**

**Codes and standards.--**Cabinets and swinging gate shall be manufactured and installed in accordance with the Manual of Millwork of the Woodwork Institute of California (WIC) requirements for the grade or grades specified or shown on the plans.

**Certificates of Compliance.--**Prior to delivery to the jobsite, the cabinet manufacturer shall issue a WIC Certified Compliance Certificate indicating that the products he will furnish for this job and certifying that they will fully meet all the requirements of the grade or grades specified.

WIC Certified Compliance Label shall be stamped on all cabinet work and swinging gate.

Each plastic laminate top shall bear the WIC Certified Compliance Label.

Prior to completion of the contract, a WIC Certified Compliance Certificate for Installation shall be delivered to the Engineer.

#### **DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING.--**

**Protection.--**Cabinets shall be protected during transit, delivery, storage and handling to prevent damage, soiling and deterioration.

## **PART 2.- PRODUCTS**

### **ACCEPTABLE MANUFACTURERS.--**

**Manufacturers.--**Subject to compliance with these specifications, high pressure decorative laminates shall be Consoweld Corp.; Formica Corp.; Nevamar Corp.; or equal.

### **MANUFACTURED UNITS.--**

**General.--**Cabinets shall be fabricated to the dimensions, profiles, and details shown on the plans with openings and mortises precut, where possible to receive hardware and other items and work.

Fabrication, assembly, finishing, hardware application, and other work shall be completed to the maximum extent possible prior to shipment to the jobsite.

#### **Wood cabinets for transparent finish.--**

Wood cabinets for transparent finish shall be custom grade, exposed face frame construction. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, exposed surfaces shall be natural birch. Wood for semi-exposed surfaces shall match the wood for exposed surfaces.

#### **Laminate clad cabinets.--**

Laminate clad cabinets shall be custom grade, flush overlay construction.

Laminate cladding shall be high pressure decorative laminate complying with NEMA LD 3. Color, pattern and finish shall be as shown on the plans. Laminate surface and grade shall be as follows:

Horizontal and vertical surfaces other than tops shall conform to GP-50 (1.27 mm nominal thickness).

Postformed surfaces shall conform to PF-42 (1.07 mm nominal thickness).

#### **Laminated counter tops and splashes.--**

Laminated counter tops and splashes shall be WIC custom grade.

Surface material shall be high pressure laminated plastic conforming to NEMA LD-3, 1.27 mm thickness.

Unless otherwise shown on the plans, splashes shall be 102 mm high from the surface of the deck. Back splashes shall be continuous formed and coved. Side splashes shall be top set.

Laminated counter tops self edged, counter tops to receive sinks or plumbing fixtures shall have a bullnose.

The underside of tops and backsides of splashes shall be covered with an approved backing sheet.

### **CABINET HARDWARE AND ACCESSORY MATERIALS.--**

**General.--**Cabinet hardware and accessory materials shall be provided for cabinets. Hardware shall be provided with standard US 26D metal plated finish.

#### **Drawer slides.--**

Drawer slides shall be side mounting full extension with fully enclosed rolling balls and rollers. Concealed slides and bearings, and positive stop. Capacity shall be not less than 35 kg, except capacity shall be not less than 45 kg for heavy duty drawers.

#### **Door guides.--**

Sliding door guides shall be continuous, dual channel, metal guides, top and bottom. Bottom guide shall have crowned track.

**Shelf supports.--**

Shelf supports shall be adjustable, semi-recessed, chrome finished pressed metal, heavy duty standards and support clip, with one inch adjustment increments.

**Cabinet hinges.--**

Cabinet hinges shall be steel. Length of jamb leaf shall be 64 mm. The type of hinge shall be as shown on the plans.

Cabinet hinge manufacturers shall be Stanley, Hager, McKinney, or equal.

**Cabinet catches.--**

Cabinet catches shall be self aligning magnetic type in aluminum case with zinc plated steel strike.

Cabinet catch manufacturers shall be Stanley, Hager, McKinney, or equal.

**Cabinet pulls.--**

Cabinet pulls shall be 8 mm diameter rod, with 33 mm projection and 75 mm center to center fastening.

Cabinet pull manufacturers shall be Stanley, Hager, McKinney, or equal.

**FABRICATION.--**

**Shop assembly.--**Nails shall be countersunk and the holes filled, molds shall be neatly mitered and all joints shall be tight and true.

As far as practicable, work shall be assembled at the mill and delivered to the building ready to be set in place. Parts shall be smoothly dressed and interior work shall be belt sanded at the mill and hand sanded at the building. After assembly, work shall be cleaned and made ready for the specified finish.

All work shall be prepared to receive finish hardware. Finish hardware shall be accurately fitted and securely fastened as recommended by the manufacturer. Finish hardware shall not be fastened with adhesives.

Drawers shall be fitted with dust covers of 6 mm plywood or hardboard above compartments and drawers except where located directly under tops.

**Precut openings.--**Openings for hardware, appliances, plumbing fixtures, and similar items shall be precut where possible. Openings shall be accurately located and templates used for proper size and shape. Edges of cutouts shall be smoothed and edges sealed with a water-resistant coating.

**PART 3.- EXECUTION****INSTALLATION.--**

**Cabinets.--**Cabinets shall be installed without distortion so that doors and drawers fit openings properly and are accurately aligned. Hardware shall be adjusted to center doors and drawers in openings and to provide unencumbered operation. Installation of hardware and accessory items shall be completed as indicated on the approved drawings.

**Laminate tops.--**Laminate tops shall be securely fastened to base units and other support systems as indicated on the approved drawings.

**Cabinet hardware.--**Doors for cabinets shall be equipped with one pair of hinges and one catch per leaf, unless otherwise shown on the plans. Each door leaf shall be equipped with one pull.

Drawers up to 610 mm wide shall have one pull and drawers over 610 mm wide shall have two pulls.

## **SECTION 12-7. THERMAL AND MOISTURE PROTECTION**

### **12-7.01 WATER REPELLENT COATING**

#### **PART 1.- GENERAL**

##### **SUMMARY.--**

**Scope.--**This work shall consist of furnishing and applying water repellent coating to or masonry surfaces in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

The water repellent coating shall be applied to all exterior masonry surfaces as shown on the plans.

##### **SUBMITTALS.--**

**Product data.--**Manufacturer's descriptive data, application instructions and general recommendations for water repellents shall be submitted for approval.

##### **QUALITY ASSURANCE.--**

**Codes and standards.--**Water repellent coatings shall comply with all rules and regulations concerning air pollution in the State of California.

**Certificates of Compliance.--**Certificates of Compliance shall be furnished with each shipment of water repellent coating materials in accordance with Section 6-1.07, "Certificates of Compliance," of the Standard Specifications.

#### **PART 2.- PRODUCTS**

##### **Water repellent coating.--**

Water repellent coating shall be clear, colorless, water-based sealer. Water repellent coating shall be Hydrozo Inc., Clear Double 7; Euclid Chemical Co., Architectural Seal VOX; Tamms Industries Co., Chemstop; or equal.

#### **PART 3.- EXECUTION**

**Preparation.--**All surfaces to receive water repellent coating shall be dry and cleaned by removing contaminants that block pores of the surface. Cleaning methods shall be as recommended by the water repellent manufacturer.

**Application.--**The water repellent solution shall be applied in accordance with the manufacturer's printed instructions. The time period between applications of water repellent coating shall be not less than 24 hours.

**Protection.--**Surfaces of other materials surrounding or near the surfaces to receive the water repellent coating shall be protected from overspray or spillage from the waterproofing operation. Water repellent coating applied to surfaces not intended to be waterproofed shall be removed and the surfaces restored to their original condition.

### **12-7.02 INSULATION (GENERAL)**

#### **PART 1.- GENERAL**

##### **SUMMARY.--**

**Scope.--**This work shall consist of furnishing and installing insulation in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Insulation materials shall be as specified in these special provisions, and shall be compatible with existing or new materials incorporated in the building.

#### **SUBMITTALS.--**

**Product data.--**A list of materials, manufacturer's descriptive data, location schedule, and time schedule shall be submitted for approval.

The list of materials to be used shall include the trade name, manufacturer's name, smoke developed and flame spread classification, resistance rating and thickness for the insulation materials and accessories.

**Schedules.--**A location schedule and time schedule shall be submitted for approval.

The location schedule shall show where each material is to be installed.

The Contractor shall provide the Engineer at the jobsite with an accurate time schedule of the areas of the building to be insulated each day. The time schedule shall be submitted 3 working days in advance of the work.

**Samples --**Samples of insulation material shall be submitted to the Engineer at the jobsite.

#### **QUALITY ASSURANCE.--**

**Codes and standards.--**All insulating materials shall be certified to comply with the California Quality Standards for Insulating Materials and shall be listed in the Department of Consumer Affairs publication "Consumer Guide and Directory of Certified Insulation Material."

#### **DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING.--**

**General.--**Insulating materials shall be delivered to the jobsite and stored in a safe dry location with labels intact and legible.

Insulating materials shall be protected from physical damage and from becoming wet or soiled.

In the event of damage, materials shall be repaired or replaced as necessary to comply with these specifications.

#### **PART 2.- PRODUCTS (Not applicable.)**

#### **PART 3.- EXECUTION (Not applicable.)**

### **12-7.03 BATT AND BLANKET INSULATION**

#### **PART 1.- GENERAL**

#### **SUMMARY.--**

**Scope.--**This work shall consist of furnishing and installing batt or blanket insulation in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Batt insulation shall include faced batts in ceilings, and acoustical batts for sound control in walls.

#### **QUALITY ASSURANCE.--**

**Codes and standards.--**All batt or blanket insulation, including facings such as vapor barriers, shall have a flame-spread rating not to exceed 25 and a smoke density not to exceed 450 when tested in accordance with CBC Standard No. 8-1.

The flame-spread and smoke density limitations do not apply to facings on batt insulation installed between ceiling joists, or in roof-ceiling or wall cavities, provided the facing is installed in substantial contact with the surface of the ceiling or wall finish.

## **PART 2.- PRODUCTS**

### **INSULATING MATERIALS.--**

**General.--**Fiberglass batts shall be thermal insulation produced by combining glass fibers with thermosetting resins to comply with ASTM Designation: C 665.

#### **Ceiling insulation.--**

Ceiling insulation shall be  $R-5.3 \text{ K} \cdot \text{m}^2/\text{W}$  fiberglass batts with paper-laminate vapor-retarder membrane on one face. Insulation shall conform to ASTM Designation: C 665, Type II, Class C.

#### **Acoustical insulation.--**

Acoustical insulation shall be 89 and 140 mm as shown on the plans, unfaced fiberglass insulation batts. Insulation shall conform to ASTM Designation: C 665, Type I.

### **VAPOR-RETARDERS.--**

#### **Paper-laminate vapor-retarder.--**

Paper-laminate vapor-retarder shall be kraft paper sheets laminated together with asphalt or other vapor retarding compounds, scrim reinforced at edges of sheets.

### **AUXILIARY INSULATION MATERIALS.--**

#### **Insulation tape.--**

Insulation tape shall be as recommended by the insulation manufacturer.

## **PART 3.- EXECUTION**

### **INSTALLATION.--**

**General.--**The vapor retarder on faced batts shall be toward the interior and shall be fastened to provide a sealed retarder. Punctures and holes in the retarder shall be repaired.

Unless otherwise shown on the plans or specified elsewhere in these special provisions, insulation shall be kept 75 mm to 100 mm clear of lighting fixtures and heat producing electrical appliances and equipment.

**Installing batt type insulation.--**Insulation batts shall be installed to completely fill the space between framing members. Apply a single layer of insulation of required thickness, unless otherwise shown on the plans or required to make up total thickness. Installation shall conform to the manufacturer's recommendations and these special provisions.

## **12-7.04 RIGID WALL INSULATION**

### **PART 1.- GENERAL**

#### **SUMMARY.--**

**Scope.--**This work shall consist of furnishing and installing rigid wall insulation in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Rigid insulation shall include rigid insulation, wood nailers, fasteners and such other materials, not mentioned, which are required for the complete installation of the rigid insulation system.

## **QUALITY ASSURANCE.--**

**Codes and standards.--**Rigid foam insulation shall have a flame-spread rating not to exceed 75 and a smoke density not to exceed 450 when tested in accordance with UBC Standard No. 8-1. Rigid foam insulation shall be approved in accordance with UBC Standard 26-3 to be installed exposed, or without a thermal barrier on the room side of the insulation.

## **PART 2.- PRODUCTS**

### **Rigid insulation.--**

Rigid insulation shall be rigid rectangular boards of polyisocyanurate foam with aluminum foil facing on both sides and an aged thermal resistance of  $R-1.9 \text{ K} \cdot \text{m}^2/\text{W}$ . Facing on exposed insulation shall be white tinted aluminum foil.

### **Wood nailers.--**

Wood nailers shall be Douglas fir, Hem-fir or equivalent western softwood. Nailers in contact with masonry or concrete shall be pressure treated after fabrication. Wood preservatives shall be waterborne type.

### **Insulation tape.--**

Insulation tape shall be as recommended by the insulation manufacturer.

### **Adhesive.--**

Adhesive shall be construction grade panel adhesive as recommended by the insulation manufacturer.

### **Fasteners.--**

Fasteners shall be concrete nails; Bostich, Pneumatic Nail System; Buildex, Tampcon Fasteners; or equal.

## **EXECUTION.--**

**Installation of rigid insulation--**The preparation of the wall surfaces and the installation of insulation shall conform to the manufacturer's recommendations and these special provisions.

Rigid insulation placed behind plywood or gypsum board shall be tight fitting between nominal 51 mm x 102 mm wood nailers laid flat and spaced 0.6 meter on center. Wood nailers shall also be placed at the top and bottom of the plywood or gypsum board.

All joints between insulation boards and between insulation boards and wood nailers shall be taped.

Insulation panels with broken or crushed corners or edges shall be trimmed free of such defects or shall be discarded. Replacement boards less than 300 mm wide shall not be used.

Damaged insulation in the completed work shall be removed and replaced. Insulation that has been wet or is wet shall be considered damaged.

## **12-7.05 METAL ROOFING**

### **PART 1.- GENERAL**

### **SUMMARY.--**

**Scope.--**This work shall consist of furnishing and installing preformed metal roofing in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Metal roofing system shall consist of underlayment, prefinished metal roof panels, gutters, downspouts, concealed fasteners, sealants, and other accessories and components, not mentioned, which are required for a complete, securely fastened and weathertight installation.

### **SYSTEM DESCRIPTION.--**

**Design Requirements.--**The roofing system shall conform to the wind design requirements for uplift in Chapter 16 of the Uniform Building Code for the wind speed and exposure shown on the plans.

## **SUBMITTALS.--**

**Product Data.--**Manufacturer's technical product data, installation instructions, and recommendations for each type of roofing material shall be submitted for approval.

Product data shall include the manufacturer's name and a complete material description of all components of the metal roofing system.

**Samples.--**Material samples shall include a 305 mm x 305 mm sample of the roofing panel for each color to be installed and a sample of each anchor clip and fastening device.

**Working Drawings.--**Working drawings showing the layout and details of the metal roofing shall be submitted for approval.

Working drawings shall show the shape, size, thickness, and method of attachment for each component used in the work; the layout and spacing of fasteners; details of connections and closures; and details for expansion joints and weathertight joints.

Design calculations for the fastening system with the substrate shown on the plans shall be submitted to verify compliance with the design requirements.

Working drawings and design calculations shall be stamped and signed by an engineer who is registered as a Civil or Structural Engineer in the State of California. The expiration date of the registration shall be shown. The Engineer's signature shall be original.

## **QUALITY ASSURANCE.--**

**Certificates of Compliance.--**Certificates of Compliance shall be furnished for the metal roofing system in accordance with the requirements specified in Section 6-1.07, "Certificates of Compliance," of the Standard Specifications.

## **DELIVERY, HANDLING AND STORAGE.--**

**Delivery and handling.--**Panels shall be protected against damage and discoloration.

**Storage.--**Panels shall be stored above ground, with one end elevated for drainage and protected against standing water and condensation between adjacent surfaces.

## **PART 2.- PRODUCTS**

### **MATERIALS.--**

#### **SHEET MATERIAL.--**

##### **Base metal.--**

Base metal shall be cold formed, 0.71 mm (24-gage), galvanized sheet steel conforming to ASTM Designation: A 653/A 653M, Grade 33 [230] with G90 [Z275] coating, except where a higher strength is required for performance, extra smooth; or cold formed aluminum-zinc alloy-coated, commercial quality, sheet steel conforming to ASTM Designation: A 792/A 792M, Grade 40 [275] with AZ55 [AZM 165], coating extra smooth.

##### **Configuration.--**

Metal roofing system shall be a standing seam system with standing rib a minimum of 45 mm high and spaced not less than 305 mm nor more than 460 mm on center.



## **METAL FINISHES.--**

**General--**Coatings shall be applied before or after forming and fabricating panels, as required for maximum coating performance capability.

Colors or color matches shall be as shown on the plans or, if not otherwise shown, shall be as selected by the Architect from the manufacturer's standard color palette.

### **Fluoropolymer coating.--**

Finish shall be the manufacturer's standard Kynar coating with a baked on primer (0.005 mm) and a finish coat of 0.02 mm nominal for a total dry film thickness of approximately 0.025 mm nominal.

Interior finish shall consist of a 0.004 mm epoxy primer and a backer coat.

## **MISCELLANEOUS METAL SHAPES.--**

### **Flashings, gutters, and downspouts.--**

Flashings, gutters, and downspouts shall be formed from the same material, gage and in the same finish as the roofing panels.

### **Soffit.--**

Soffit shall be solid or perforated as shown on the plans and formed from the same material, gage and in the same finish as the roof panels.

## **MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS--**

### **Fastener clips.--**

Fastener clips shall be noncorrosive ferrous metal fasteners as recommended by the metal roofing system manufacturer to resist the design loads.

### **Fasteners.--**

Fasteners shall be as recommended by the metal roofing system manufacturer. Sheet metal screws shall not be used except to fasten trim and flashings.

### **Underlayment.--**

Underlayment shall be a fiberglass-reinforced SBS (styrene-butadiene-styrene) modified membrane not less than 16 kg per square.. Underlayment shall be MB Technology, Tamco, Bi-Tech, or equal.

### **Sealant and sealant tape.--**

Sealant and sealant tape shall be as recommended by the roofing manufacturer.

### **Closures.--**

Closures shall be rubber, neoprene, closed cell plastic or prefinished metal.

## **FABRICATION.--**

**General.--**Unless otherwise shown on the plans, or specified herein, roof panels shall be fabricated in continuous lengths for the length of the roof, from ridge or peak to eave, except such length shall not exceed the manufacturer's maximum production length. Flashings shall be fabricated in the longest practical lengths.

Roofing panels shall be factory formed. Field formed panels are not acceptable.

## **PART 3.- EXECUTION.--**

### **INSTALLATION.--**

**Underlayment.--**The roof and fascia panels shall be installed over underlayment. Underlayment shall be laid parallel to the eaves, shingle fashion with 152 mm edge laps and 305 mm end laps and shall be fastened as recommended by the metal roofing system manufacturer.

**Roof panels.--**The roof system shall be installed and fastened in accordance with the details shown on the plans and the approved working drawings. Cutting and fitting shall present a neat and true appearance with exposed burrs removed. Openings through roof panels shall be cut square and shall be reinforced as recommended by the metal roofing system manufacturer.

Roof panels shall be adjusted in place and properly aligned for the detailed conditions before fastening. Panels shall not be warped, bowed or twisted. The surface finish on the panels shall not be cracked, blemished or otherwise damaged.

Gaskets, joint fillers, sealants and sealing tape shall be installed where indicated on the approved drawings or as required for weatherproof performance of panel systems.

Fasteners shall not be driven through roof panels or batten covers.

**Miscellaneous metal shapes.--**Trim, fascia, flashings, gutters, downspouts, scuppers, caps, and other prefinished metal work shall be positioned to the correct alignment for each detailed condition. Metal work shall be securely attached to backing using fasteners at the spacing shown on approved working drawings. Prefinished metal to be installed over concrete, masonry or plaster shall be back-coated with asphaltic paint as recommended by the metal roofing system manufacturer.

Roof panels, trim, gutters, and other prefinished metal that are marred, punctured, incorrectly bent, or incorrectly installed will be considered damaged and shall be replaced with undamaged units.

Gutters shall be fabricated by the metal roofing system manufacturer to the shape and lengths shown on the plans. Expansion joints shall conform to the manufacturer's recommendations and to SMACNA "Architectural Sheet Metal Manual."

The metal roofing system shall be installed weathertight. Closures shall be tight fitting and shall be provided at the ends of panels, at the boundary of the roof, and as indicated on the approved working drawings.

### **CLEAN UP AND CLOSE OUT.--**

**Clean up.--**Adjacent surfaces shall be protected during the roofing system installation and sealant work. Excess sealant shall be removed as the installation progresses.

Roof panels, molding, trim, and other prefinished metal surfaces shall be cleaned after installation as recommended by the manufacturer. Exposed cuts shall be touched-up with a matching durable primer and paint as recommended by the metal roofing system manufacturer.

**Touch up.--**Damaged paint surfaces shall be touched up by using an air dry touch up paint supplied by the metal roofing system manufacturer. Only a small brush shall be used for touching up. No spraying of touch up paint is to be performed.

**Damaged units.--**Panels and other components of the work which have been damaged or have deteriorated beyond successful repair shall be removed and replaced.

## **12-7.06 SHEET METAL FLASHING**

### **PART 1.- GENERAL**

#### **SUMMARY.--**

**Scope.--**This work shall consist of fabricating, furnishing and installing sheet metal flashing in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Sheet metal shall include metal flashings, counterflashings, straps, and roof jacks.

## **QUALITY ASSURANCE.--**

**Codes and standards.--**Sheet metal work shall in accordance with the requirements in the latest edition of the Sheet Metal and Air Conditioning Contractors National Association "Standard Practice in Architectural Sheet Metal Work."

## **PART 2.- PRODUCTS**

### **MATERIALS.--**

#### **Galvanized sheet steel.--**

Galvanized sheet steel shall conform to ASTM Designation: A 361, not less than 0.71 mm (24-gage), unless otherwise shown on the plans. Surfaces to be painted shall not have factory coatings on galvanizing that cannot be removed by paint thinner.

#### **Premolded roof flashing.--**

Premolded flashing shall be premolded neoprene or ethylene propylene diene monomer (EPDM) flashing, resistant to ozone and ultraviolet. Units shall have overlapping tab to flash the seam.

#### **Hardware and fastenings.--**

Hardware and fastening for premolded roof flashings shall be stainless steel.

#### **Solder.--**

Solder shall conform to ASTM Designation: B 32, Alloy Grade Sn50.

#### **Soldering flux.--**

Soldering flux shall be acid type, conforming to Federal Specification: O-F-506C, Type I, Form A.

#### **Lap joint sealant.--**

Lap joint sealant for concealed locations shall be a non-drying butyl.

#### **Flashing cement.--**

Flashing cement shall be a bituminous plastic cement, asbestos free, conforming to ASTM Designation: D 4586, Type II.

#### **Sealant.--**

Sealant for exposed locations shall be a silicone sealant conforming to ASTM Designation: C 920.

#### **Primer.--**

Primer shall be as recommended by the sealant manufacturer.

## **FABRICATION.--**

**General.--**Sheet metal shall be assembled to Sheet Metal and Air Conditioning Contractors National Association Standards.

Sheet metal shall be formed to the sizes, shapes and dimensions shown on the plans or as specified herein with angles and lines straight, sharp and in true alignment. The number of joints shall be kept to a minimum.

Angle bends and folds for interlocking the metal shall be made with full regard for expansion and contraction to avoid buckling or fullness in the metal after it is installed.

Joints in sheet metal work shall be closed watertight unless slip joints are specifically required. Watertight joints shall be mechanically interlocked and then thoroughly soldered for metals other than aluminum. Watertight joints in aluminum or between aluminum and other metals shall be sealed with acrylic sealant.

Sheet metal joints to be soldered shall be cleaned with steel wool or other means, pre-tinned and soldered watertight.

All joints shall be wiped clean of flux after soldering. Acid flux shall be neutralized by washing the joints with sodium bicarbonate.

Flashings shall have a 45 degree drip return at bottom edges. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, counterflashing shall extend not less than 100 mm over roofing or other materials protected by the counterflashing and shall be arranged so that roofing or materials can be repaired without damage to the counterflashing. Where reglets are indicated, counterflashing shall be fastened by lead wedges or snap-in flashing.

### **PART 3.- EXECUTION**

**PREPARATION.**--Surfaces to receive sheet metal shall be clean, smooth and free from defects.

**PROTECTION.**--Aluminum surfaces to be in contact with concrete, mortar, or dissimilar metals shall be given a heavy coat of coal tar paint.

#### **INSTALLATION.**--

**Roof penetration flashings.**--All pipes, ducts, vents and flues passing through roofs shall be made waterproof with flashings of storm collars or counterflashings.

Roof penetration flashings shall be fabricated from galvanized sheet steel, not less than 0.71 mm (24-gage). Size and shape shall be as shown on the plans.

**Premolded roof flashings.**--Premolded roof flashings shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

## **12-7.07 SEALANTS AND CAULKING**

### **PART 1.- GENERAL**

#### **SUMMARY.**--

**Scope.**--This work shall consist of furnishing and applying sealants and caulking which are required for this project, but not specified elsewhere, in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

#### **QUALITY ASSURANCE.**--

**Certificates of Compliance.**--Certificates of Compliance shall be furnished for the sealants and caulking in accordance with the requirements specified in Section 6-1.07, "Certificates of Compliance," of the Standard Specifications.

#### **SUBMITTALS.**--

**Product data.**--Manufacturer's descriptive data and installation instructions for all sealants shall be submitted for approval.

**Samples.**--Color samples of all sealants shall be submitted for approval. Unless otherwise shown on the plans, colors will be selected by the Engineer from the manufacturer's standard colors.

### **PART 2.- PRODUCTS**

#### **MATERIALS.**--

**General.**--All sealants, primers and accessories shall be non-staining to adjacent exposed surfaces. Products having similar applications and usage shall be of the same type and same manufacturer. Gun consistency compound shall be used unless otherwise required by the job conditions.

#### **Acrylic sealant.**--

Acrylic sealant shall be one compound, solvent release acrylic sealant.

**Butyl sealant.--**

Butyl sealant shall be one component, skinning type.

**Silicone sealant.--**

Silicone sealant shall be one component, low modulus building sealant. Sealant shall be tack-free in one hour, shall not sag or flow, shall be ozone resistant and capable of 100 percent extension without failure.

**Joint sealant.--**

Joint sealant shall be a two-part, non sag polysulfide base, synthetic rubber sealant formulated from liquid polysulfide polymer.

**Backer rod.--**

Backer rod shall be round, open or closed cell polyurethane. Backer rod shall be sized such that it must be compressed between 25 and 75 percent of its uncompressed diameter during installation in the joint.

**Neoprene.--**

Neoprene shall conform to the requirements of ASTM Designation: C 542.

**PART 3.- EXECUTION****APPLICATION.--**

**General.--**Unless otherwise shown on the plans, sealants shall be applied in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

Silicone sealants shall not be used in locations where painting is required.

Butyl sealants shall not be used in exterior applications, and acrylic sealants shall not be used in interior applications.

Sealants shall be applied in a continuous operation for the full length of the joint. Immediately following the application of the sealant, the sealant shall be tooled smooth using a tool similar to that used to produce concave masonry joints. Following tooling, the sealant shall remain undisturbed for not less than 48 hours.

**SECTION 12-8. DOORS AND WINDOWS****12-8.01 HINGED DOORS**

**GENERAL.--**This work shall consist of furnishing and installing hinged doors and frames in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

**SUBMITTALS.--**Manufacturer's descriptive data, installation instructions for fire rated assemblies and a door schedule shall be submitted for approval. The door schedule shall include a description of the type, location and size of each door and frame.

**PRODUCTS.--****Wood door.--**

Wood door shall be Woodwork Institute of California (WIC) "Custom" grade flush, hollow or solid core wood doors as shown on the plans. Face shall be paint grade hardwood veneer except as otherwise shown on the plans. Doors shall bear the WIC quality grade mark or shall be accompanied by a Certificate of Compliance certifying compliance with the WIC quality specified herein. Certificates of Compliance shall be in accordance with the requirements specified in Section 6-1.07, "Certificates of Compliance," of the Standard Specifications.

**Metal door.--**

Metal door shall be flush, seamless steel door factory prepared and reinforced to receive hardware and having cold rolled stretcher leveled sheet steel face sheets not less than 1.2 mm thick (18-gage). Face sheets shall be bonded

with thermosetting adhesive to rigid board honeycomb or precured foam core; or face sheets shall be welded to all parts of an assembled grid of cold formed pressed metal stiffeners and framing members located around edges, ends, openings and at all locations necessary to prevent buckling of face sheets. Seams shall be tack welded, filled and ground smooth. Bottom edge and internal stiffeners of grid type core shall have moisture vents. Welds on exposed surfaces shall be ground smooth. Louvered or glazed openings shall be provided where shown on the plans.

Active leaf of double door shall have a full height astragal of 3 mm flat bar or folded sheet strip, not less than 1.5 mm thick (16-gage), welded on the outside of the active leaf.

Door shall be cleaned and treated by the bonderized process or approved phosphatizing process and then given one factory application of metal protective rust inhibitive primer. Primer shall not contain lead type pigments.

#### **Door louvers.--**

Door louvers shall be inverted V-type factory primed, galvanized sheet steel louvers. Exterior door louvers shall not be removable from outside of the building. Louvers at exterior doors shall have inside mounted bronze insect screens.

#### **Pressed metal frame.--**

Pressed metal frame shall be not less than 1.5 mm thick (16-gage) sheet steel with integral stop, mitered corners, face welded and ground smooth corners. Frames shall be reinforced for all hardware and shall be cleaned and treated by the bonderized process or an approved phosphatizing process and then given one factory application of metal protective rust inhibitive primer. Primer shall not contain lead type pigments.

#### **Sealants.--**

Sealants shall be ultraviolet and ozone resistant, gun grade polysulfide or polyurethane, multicomponent, Federal Specification: TT-S-227.

#### **EXECUTION.--**

**INSTALLATION.--**Doors and frames shall be installed rigidly, securely, plumb and true and in such a manner that the doors operate freely without rubbing or binding. Clearance between frame and door shall be not more than 3 mm. The exterior frame shall be sealed weathertight.

Pressed metal frames shall be secured with clips and anchors as shown on the plans.

**PAINTING.--**Except for the primer application specified herein, doors and frames shall be cleaned, prepared and painted in accordance with the requirements specified under "Painting" in Section 12-9, "Finishes," of these special provisions.

### **12-8.02 PRESSED METAL FRAMED WINDOWS**

#### **PART 1.- GENERAL**

**SUMMARY.--**This work shall consist of furnishing and installing pressed metal framed windows in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

**SUBMITTALS.--**Manufacturer's descriptive data, working drawings and installation instructions shall be submitted for approval.

#### **PART 2.- PRODUCTS**

##### **Framing.--**

Framing shall be pressed metal, not less than 1.52 mm thick (16-gage) with all members square and true, full mitered frame corners and continuous welds at all joints and cover plates. Welds at frame faces shall be ground smooth and flush with surrounding surfaces. All metal surfaces shall be cleaned and factory primed with one coat of metal protective rust inhibitive primer. Primer shall not contain lead type pigments.

**Anchors.--**

Anchors shall be manufacturer's standard.

**Glazing.--**

Glazing shall conform to the requirements specified under "Glazing," in Section 12-8, "Doors and Windows," of these special provisions.

**Backer rod.--**

Backer rod shall be close cell, non-absorbent, non-staining foam rod compatible with sealant.

**Sealant.--**

Sealant shall be ultraviolet and ozone resistant, gun grade polysulfide or polyurethane, single component. Sealant shall conform to Federal Specification: TT-S-227.

**PART 3.- EXECUTION**

**INSTALLATION.--**Frames shall be installed rigidly, securely, plumb and true. Installations shall be sealed watertight and weathertight.

**PAINTING.--**Except for the primer application specified herein, exposed frame surfaces shall be cleaned, prepared and painted in accordance with the requirements specified under "Painting" in Section 12-9, "Finishes," of these special provisions.

**12-8.03 FINISH HARDWARE****PART 1.- GENERAL****SUMMARY.--**

This work shall consist of furnishing and installing hardware items for doors in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Hardware assemblies shall comply with the fire code and the disabled accessibility requirements indicated on the plans and specified in these special provisions.

**SUBMITTALS.—**

Manufacturer's technical information and catalog cuts for each item of door hardware and a door hardware schedule shall be submitted for approval prior to installation.

Manufacturer's catalog cuts shall include catalog numbers, material, grade, type, size, function, design, quality and finish of hardware.

The door hardware schedule shall indicate the location and size of door opening, the door and frame material, and the size, style, finish and quantity of the hardware components required.

**FINISHES.—**

Hardware shall be provided with standard US 26D metal plated finish.

**KEYING INSTRUCTIONS.—**

New locks shall be compatible with the master key system of the existing facility and shall be keyed to the existing lock system in use.

Locks and cylinders shall be provided with seven pin "O" cylinders and blank keys. Cylinders and blank keys shall be delivered to the Engineer for combining of cylinders and cutting of keys.

The Contractor shall provide cylinders for use during construction. Construction cylinders shall remain in place until permanent cylinders are installed. Construction cylinders shall remain the property of the Contractor.

Key bows shall be stamped "State of California" and "Do Not Duplicate."

## **PART 2.- PRODUCTS.--**

### **GENERAL.—**

Door hardware equal in material, grade, type, size, function, design, quality and manufacture to that specified herein may be submitted for approval.

#### **Butt hinges.--**

Butt hinges shall be steel, 1 1/2-pair per door unless otherwise specified or shown on the plans. Nonremovable pins shall be provided at outswing exterior doors. Hinge size shall be 114 mm x 114 mm unless otherwise noted.

Standard weight hinges shall be:

Hager	BB 1279
McKinney	TB 2714
Stanley	BB 179
or equal.	

#### **Mortise locksets.--**

Mortise locksets shall be steel case with 32 mm x 203 mm face plate and 70 mm backset. Door and frame preparation for mortise locksets shall conform to ANSI A115.1.

Lever operated lockset shall be:

Best	35H 6FW 15H
Falcon	LM521 DG
Schlage	L9453P x 06
or equal.	

#### **Cylindrical privacy sets.--**

Cylindrical privacy sets shall be steel chassis, 54 mm diameter, 70 mm backset. Door and frame preparation for cylindrical privacy sets shall conform to ANSI A115.1.

Lever operated privacy set shall be:

Best	83K OL 9C
Falcon	LY301 DG
Schlage	D40S RHO
or equal.	

#### **Cylindrical dead locks.--**

Cylindrical dead locks shall have 25 mm throw bolt with concealed hardened steel inserts and one inch diameter bolt housing, 70 mm backset.

Single cylinder dead lock with inside thumb turn shall be:

Best	83T 7K
Falcon	D441
Schlage	B460P
or equal.	



Double cylinder dead lock shall be:

Best	83T 7M
Falcon	D431
Schlage	B462P
or equal.	

**Flush bolts.--**

Flush bolts shall be installed at the top and bottom of the inactive leaf of pairs of doors. Provide automatic bolts on UL rated pairs of doors.

Flush bolts for manual operation shall be:

Builders Brass	5020
Glynn Johnson	FB6
H.B. Ives	457
or equal.	

**Door closers.--**

Parallel arms for closers shall be installed at outswing exterior doors. Closers shall have sprayed finish to match other hardware on door.

Door closers shall be:

LCN	4040
Norton	85001
Dorma	7800
or equal.	

**Pushplates and pullplates.--**

Pushplates and pullplates shall be 102 mm x 406 mm x 1.52 mm (16-gage). Grips shall be 25 mm diameter with 38 mm standoff and 203 mm center to center fastening, unless indicated otherwise.

Pushplates shall be:

Builders Brass	47
Quality	40
Trimco	1001-3
or equal.	

Pullplates shall be:

Builders Brass	47x290-1
Quality	1515
Trimco	01-3 x 1193-2
or equal.	

**Kickplates.--**

Kickplates shall be 254 mm in height x 51 mm less than door width x 1.52 mm (16-gage).

Kickplates shall be:

Builders Brass	37
Quality	48
Trimco	6000
or equal.	

**Mop plates.--**

Mop plates shall be stainless steel, 1.52 mm (16-gage), 152 mm in height x 51 mm less than the door width.

Mop plates shall be:

Builders Brass  
Ives  
or equal.

**Wall mounted door stop and holder.--**

Wall mounted door stop and holder shall be:

Builders Brass	W140, W141X
Quality	36, 136
Trimco	1202, 1207
or equal.	

**Thresholds, rain drips, door sweeps and door shoes.--**

Thresholds, rain drips, door sweeps and door shoes shall conform to the sizes and configurations shown on plans. Thresholds at door openings with accessibility requirements shall not exceed 13 mm in height.

Threshold, rain drip, door sweep and door shoe manufacturers shall be Pemko, Reese, Zero, or equal.

**Threshold bedding sealant.--**

Threshold bedding sealant shall conform to Federal Specification: SS-C-153.

**Weatherstrip.--**

Weatherstrip shall conform to the sizes and shapes shown on plans. Assemblies shall be UL listed and shall be provided where shown on the plans or as specified in these special provisions.

Weatherstrip manufacturers shall be Pemko, Reese, Zero, or equal.

**Door signs and name plates.--**

Door signs and name plates shall be as specified under "Signs" in Section 12-10, "Specialties," of these special provisions.

**PART 3.- EXECUTION**

**DOORS AND FRAMES.--**Doors and frames shall be set square and plumb and be properly prepared before the installation of hardware.

**INSTALLATION.--**Hardware items shall be accurately fitted, securely applied, and adjusted and lubricated in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. Installation shall provide proper operation without bind or excessive play.

Hinges shall be installed at equal spacing with the center of the end hinges not more than 244 mm from the top and bottom of the door. Locksets and latchsets shall be 1024 mm from the finished floor. Kickplates shall be mounted on the push side of the doors, 25 mm clear of door edges.

Thresholds shall be set in a continuous bed of sealant material.

Door controls shall be set so that the effort required to operate doors with closers shall not exceed 37.7 N maximum for exterior doors and 22.3 N maximum for interior doors.

Door stops located on concrete surfaces shall be fastened rigidly and securely in place with expansion anchoring devices. Door stops mounted elsewhere shall be securely attached with wood screws or expansion devices as required.

Backing shall be provided in wall framing at wall bumper locations.

The location and inscriptions for door signs and name plates shall be as shown on the plans.

Hardware, except hinges, shall be removed from surfaces to be painted before painting.

Upon completion of installation and adjustment, the Contractor shall deliver to the Engineer all dogging keys, closer valve keys, lock spanner wrenches, and other factory furnished installation aids, instructions and maintenance guides.

**DOOR HARDWARE GROUPS AND SCHEDULE.**--Hardware groups specified herein shall correspond to those shown on the plans:

**GROUP 1 (Door Nos. 1 &6)**

- 1 1/2-pair butt hinges
- 1 each lever operated mortise lockset
- 1 each cylindrical dead lock, single cylinder with inside thumb turn
- 1 each closer
- 1 each threshold, rain drip, door shoe, door sweep
- 1 each weatherstrip

**GROUP 2 (Door No. 3)**

- 1 1/2-pair butt hinges
- 1 each lever operated cylindrical privacy set
- 1 each wall bumper
- 1 each door closer
- 1 each kickplate
- 1 each mop plate

**GROUP 3 (Door Nos. 4 & 5)**

- 3-pair butt hinges
- 1 each lever operated mortise lockset
- 1 each cylindrical dead lock with inside thumb turn
- 1 each astragal
- 1 each flush bolt
- 2 each door closer
- 2 each threshold, rain drip, door shoe, door sweep

**GROUP 4 (Door No. 2)**

- 1 1/2-pair butt hinges
- 1 each lever operated mortise lockset
- 1 each cylindrical dead lock, single cylinder with inside thumb turn
- 1 each closer

**GROUP 5 (Door Nos. 7, 8, 9, & 10)**

- 1 1/2-pair butt hinges
- 1 each cylindrical dead lock, double cylinder
- 1 each closer
- 1 each pushplate
- 1 each pullplate
- 1 each wall mounted door stop and holder

**12-8.04 GLAZING**

**PART 1.- GENERAL**

**SUMMARY.---**

This work shall consist of furnishing and installing glazing in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Glazing shall consist of glass sheets for windows, doors and other glazed openings.

All glass shall conform to ASTM Designation: C 1036 and the classifications specified herein and shall be clear glass except as noted.

#### **SUBMITTALS.—**

A detailed list of glazing materials including glass, sheet, sealants, tapes, setting blocks, shims, compression seals, and glazing channels shall be submitted for approval. The list shall include a schedule of the materials to be used at each location.

### **PART 2.- PRODUCTS**

#### **Sheet glass, float glass, or plate glass.--**

Sheet glass, float glass, or plate glass shall be Type I, Class 1, Quality q4 or better, double strength for panes to 0.93 m<sup>2</sup>, 5 mm thick for panes between 0.93 m<sup>2</sup> and 2.6 m<sup>2</sup>, and 6 mm thick for panes over 2.6 m<sup>2</sup>, except as otherwise shown on the plans.

#### **Obscure wire glass.--**

Obscure wire glass shall be Type II, Class 1, Form 2, Mesh m1, Quality q8, Finish f1, Pattern p1 or p2; 6 mm thick flat figured glass, one surface smooth, other surface fine grid pattern, with diamond mesh.

#### **Bullet resistant glass.--**

Bullet resistant glass shall be multiple laminated glass fused to plastic interlayers; one inch minimum thickness; UL rated for medium power small arms.

#### **Polycarbonate glazing.--**

Polycarbonate glazing shall be 6 mm thick, commercial quality sheet material.

#### **Insulating glass assemblies.--**

Insulating glass assemblies shall be double pane units consisting of 2 pieces of glass separated by a spacer and hermetically sealed with double seal sealants. The entrapped air shall be at atmospheric pressure and maintained in a hydrated condition by a drying agent located in the spacer

#### **Seals, caulks, putties, setting blocks, shims, tapes, compression seals, felt, spacers, and channels.--**

Seals, caulks, putties, setting blocks, shims, tapes, compression seals, felt, spacers, and channels shall be top grade, commercial quality, as recommended by the glass or sheet manufacturer and shall conform to the requirements in the publications of the Flat Glass Marketing Association.

### **PART 3.- EXECUTION**

#### **INSTALLATION.—**

Glazing shall conform to the general conditions and applicable details in the publications of the Flat Glass Marketing Association.

Panes shall be bedded fully and evenly, set straight and square within panels in such a manner that the pane is entirely free of any contact with metal edges and surfaces.

For all panes on the exterior of the building, the glazing on both sides of window panes shall provide a watertight seal and watershed. Seals shall extend not more than 2 mm beyond the holding members. A void shall be left between the vertical edges of the panes and the glazing channel. Weep systems shall be provided to drain condensation to the outside.

Panes in assemblies using extruded gasket glazing shall be set in accordance with the assembly manufacturer's instructions using gaskets and stops supplied by the manufacturer.

Whenever welding or burning of metal is in progress within 4.6 m of glazing materials, a protective cover shall be provided over exposed surfaces.

#### **REPLACEMENT AND CLEANING.—**

All broken or cracked glass and glass with scratches which reduce the strength shall be replaced before completion of the project.

Panes shall be kept clean of cement and plaster products, cleansers, sealants, tapes and all other foreign material that may cause discoloration, etching, staining, or surface blemishes to the materials.

Excess sealant left on the surface of the glass or surrounding materials shall be removed during the work life of the sealant.

Solvents and cleaning compounds shall be chemically compatible with materials, coatings and glazing compounds to remain. Cleaners shall not have abrasives that scratch or mar the surfaces.

All panes shall be cleaned just before the final inspection. All stains and defects shall be removed. Paint, dirt, stains, labels (except etched labels), and surplus glazing compound shall be removed without scratching or marring the surface of the panes or metal work.

## **SECTION 12-9. FINISHES**

### **12-9.01 GYPSUM WALLBOARD**

**GENERAL.--**This work shall consist of furnishing, installing and finishing gypsum wallboard in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Where assembly fire ratings are indicated on the plans, construction shall provide the fire resistance in accordance with the applicable standards in the Fire Resistance Design Manual published by the Gypsum Association.

Wallboard backing for use in restroom and shower areas shall be water-resistant gypsum backing board.

#### **PRODUCTS.--**

##### **Gypsum wallboard.--**

Gypsum wallboard shall conform to ASTM Designation: C 36.

##### **Water-resistant gypsum backing board.--**

Water-resistant gypsum backing board shall conform to ASTM Designation: C 630.

##### **Joint tape and joint and finishing compound.--**

Joint tape and joint and finishing compound shall conform to ASTM Designation: C 475.

##### **Corner beads, metal trim and control joints.--**

Corner beads, metal trim and control joints shall be galvanized steel of standard manufacture.

##### **Fasteners.--**

Fasteners shall be gypsum wallboard nails conforming to ASTM Designation: C 514 or steel drill screws conforming to ASTM Designation: C 1002.

#### **EXECUTION.--**

**DELIVERY AND STORAGE.--**Materials shall be delivered in original packages, containers or bundles bearing brand name, applicable standard of manufacture, and name of manufacturer or supplier and shall be kept dry and fully protected from weather and direct sunlight exposure. Gypsum wallboard shall be stacked flat with adequate support to prevent sagging or damage to edges, ends and surfaces.

**INSTALLATION.--**Wallboard panels to be installed on ceilings and soffits shall be installed with the long dimension of the panels perpendicular to the framing members. Wallboard panels to be installed on walls may be installed with the long dimension of the panels either parallel or perpendicular to the framing members. The direction of placing the panels shall be the same on any one wall or partition assembly.

Edges of wallboard panels shall be butted loosely together. All cut edges and ends shall be smoothed as needed for neat fitting joints.

All edges and ends of gypsum wallboard panels shall coincide with the framing members, except those edges and ends which are perpendicular to the framing members. End joints on ceiling and on the opposite sides of a partition assembly shall be staggered.

Except where closer spacings are shown on the plans, the spacing of fasteners shall not exceed the following:

Nails	175 mm
Screws	300 mm

Type S steel drill screws shall be used to fasten wallboard to metal framing. Nails or Type W steel drill screws shall be used to fasten wallboard to wood framing. Except as shown on the plans, screws shall not be used in fire resistive assemblies.

Adhesives shall not be used for securing wallboard to framing.

Gypsum wallboard panels shown on the plans for shear wall sheathing or for fire resistive assemblies shall be fastened to all framing members. Gypsum wallboard panels at other locations and gypsum wallboard finish over plywood sheathed shear walls shall be fastened to all framing members except at the following locations:

At internal angles formed by ceiling and walls; ceiling panels shall be installed first with the fasteners terminating at a row 175 mm from the walls, except for walls parallel to ceiling framing. Wall panels shall butt the ceiling panels. The top row of wall panel fasteners shall terminate 200 mm from the ceiling.

At internal vertical angles formed by the walls; fasteners shall not be installed along the edge or end of the panel that is installed first. Fasteners shall be installed only along the edge or end of the panel that butts and overlaps the panel installed first.

Fasteners shall be located at least 10 mm from wallboard panel edges and ends. Nails shall penetrate into wood framing at least 30 mm. Screws shall penetrate into wood framing at least 20 mm. All metal fasteners shall be driven slightly below surface level without breaking the paper or fracturing the core.

Metal trim shall be installed at all free edges of panels, at locations where wallboard panels abut dissimilar materials and at locations shown on the plans. Corner beads shall be installed at external corners. Control joints shall be installed at the locations shown on the plans.

Joints between face panels, the internal angles formed by ceiling and walls and the internal vertical angles formed by walls shall be filled and finished with joint tape and at least 3 coats of joint compound. Tape in the corners shall be folded to conform to the angle of the corner. Tape at joints and corners shall be embedded in joint compound.

Dimples at nail and screw heads, dents, and voids or surface irregularities shall be patched with joint compound. Each patch shall consist of at least 3 coats and each coat shall be applied in a different direction.

Flanges of corner beads, control joints and trim shall be finished with a least 3 coats of joint compound.

Each coat of joint compound shall be feathered out onto the panel surface and shall be dry and lightly sanded before applying the next coat. The finished surfaces of joint compound at the panel joints, internal angles, patches and at the flanges of trim, corner beads and control joints shall be flat and true to the plane of the surrounding surfaces and shall be lightly sanded.

Good lighting of the work area shall be provided during the final application and sanding of the joint compound.

Gypsum wallboard used as backing boards for tile or rigid sheet wall covering or wainscoting shall be water resistant. Joints in backing board shall not be taped or filled and dimples at the fastener heads shall not be patched. Edges of cuts and holes in backing board shall be sealed with a primer or sealer that is compatible with the wall covering or wainscoting adhesive to be used.

Surfaces of wallboard to be textured shall receive an orange peel texture, unless otherwise shown on the plans.

## **12-9.02 CERAMIC TILE**

### **PART 1.- GENERAL**

#### **SUMMARY.--**

**Scope.--**This work shall consist of furnishing and installing ceramic tile in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Ceramic tile shall include glazed wall tile, matte porcelain tile, trim tile, setting materials, grouts and such other materials as maybe required for a complete installation.

## **SUBMITTALS.--**

**Product data.--**Manufacturer's descriptive data, a list of materials to be used, and installation instructions for all materials required for the work shall be submitted for approval.

Manufacturer's descriptive data shall be submitted for each type of tile, mortar bed materials, bond coat materials and additives, and grout materials and additives.

Materials list and installation instructions shall include all products and materials to be incorporated into the work.

Friction reports shall be submitted for tile products to be used on floors and other pedestrian surfaces.

**Samples.--**Samples shall include 2 individual samples of each type and color of tile and trim to be installed and shall be of the same size, shape, pattern and finish as the tile and trim to be installed.

## **QUALITY ASSURANCE.--**

**Single source responsibility.--**Each type and color of tile, grout and setting materials shall be obtained from a single source.

**Master Grade Certificates.--**Each shipment of tile to the project site shall be accompanied by a Master Grade Certificate issued by the tile manufacturer.

**Certificates of Compliance.--**Certificates of Compliance shall be furnished for bond coat materials, setting bed materials and grout in accordance with the requirements specified in Section 6-1.07, "Certificates of Compliance," of the Standard Specifications.

## **DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING.--**

**Delivery.--**Tile and packaged materials shall be delivered to the job site in sealed, unbroken, unopened containers with the labels intact. Tile containers shall bear the Standard Grade label.

**Storage and handling.--**Materials shall be stored and handled in such a manner as to prevent damage or contamination by water, freezing or foreign matter.

## **PROJECT CONDITIONS.--**

**Protection.--**Tile work shall be protected and environmental conditions maintained during and after installation to comply with the reference standards and manufacturer's printed instructions.

**Temperatures.--**Unless otherwise specified in the manufacturer's installation instructions, the ambient temperature shall be maintained at not less than 10°C nor more than 38°C in tiled areas during installation and for 7 days after completion. Exterior work areas shall be shaded from direct sunlight during installation.

Tile shall not be installed when the temperature of the substrate is greater than 32°C or is frost covered.

**Illumination.--**Interior work areas shall be illuminated to provide the same level and angle of illumination as will be available during final inspection.

## **PART 2.- PRODUCTS**

### **MANUFACTURERS.--**

**Available manufacture's.--**Subject to compliance with the specifications, tile shall be American Olean Tile Co., Inc.; Summitville Tiles, Inc.; United States Ceramic Tile Co.; or equal.

## **GENERAL.--**

**Ceramic tile.--**Ceramic tile shall conform to the requirements in ANSI Standard: A137.1, "American National Standard Specifications for Ceramic Tile" for types and grades of tile indicated.

Ceramic tile shall conform to the "Standard Grade" requirements.

**Tile installation materials.--**Tile installation materials shall conform to the requirements in ANSI standard referenced with products and materials indicated for setting and grouting.

**Tile color and size.--**Tile color shall be as shown on the plans; tile size shall be as indicated in the Schedule elsewhere in this special provision.

**Slip resistant tile.--**Slip resistant tile shall have sufficient abrasives added such that the static coefficient of friction, wet or dry, shall be not less than 0.6 for walking surfaces and 0.8 for ramps when tested in accordance with ASTM Designation: C 1028.

## **TILE PRODUCTS.--**

### **Glazed wall tile.--**

Glazed wall tile shall be machine made, dust pressed white body clay, and shall have a glossy glaze finish, plain face, and cushion edges. Tile shall be 8 mm nominal thickness.

Ceramic tile trim shall match material, size and finish of field tile. Free edges of tiled areas of walls shall have bullnose type trim. Outside corners shall have bullnose type runner trim (not beads). Reentrant corners shall have cove type trim.

### **Matte porcelain tile.--**

Matte porcelain tile shall be machine made, unpolished, dust pressed natural porcelain clay and shall have a plain face. Tile shall have a nominal thickness of 8 mm. Matte porcelain tile shall be slip resistant.

Matte porcelain trim tile shall include cove type base at walls and single piece intersecting cove base at corners.

## **SETTING MATERIALS.--**

### **Portland cement mortar installation materials.--**

Materials for portland cement mortar installation shall conform to the requirements in ANSI Standard: A108.1 as required for installation method designated, unless otherwise indicated.

**Membrane.--**Membrane shall be asphalt impregnated felt conforming to ASTM Designation: D 226, Type I, or polyethylene film conforming to ASTM Designation: C 171, Type 1.1.2. Polyethylene film shall not be less than 0.1 mm thick.

**Reinforcement.--**Reinforcement shall be galvanized welded wire fabric with 50 mm x 50 mm - 1.6 mm x 1.6 mm conforming to ASTM Designations: A 82 and A 185 except for minimum wire size. Reinforcement shall be provided in flat sheets.

**Metal lath.--**Metal lath shall be self furring, galvanized, conforming to ASTM Designation: C 847, flat expanded type weighing not less than 1.4 kg/m<sup>2</sup>. Factory assembled metal lath and paper backing may be used where reinforcement over paper is shown on the plans.

### **Tile bond coat.--**

Tile bond coat shall be latex-portland cement bond coat.

Latex-portland cement mortar bond coat shall be a prepackaged mortar mix, conforming to ANSI Standard: A118.4, incorporating a dry acrylic resin, and to which only water is added at the job site. Mortar shall be suitable for exterior use and be labeled for the type of tile to be installed.



## **GROUTING MATERIALS.--**

### **Tile grout.--**

Tile grout shall be latex-portland cement grout.

Latex-portland cement grout shall be a prepackaged grout mix, conforming to ANSI Standard: A118.6, incorporating a dry acrylic resin, and to which only water is added at the jobsite. Epoxy grout shall be suitable for exterior use and labeled for the type of tile to be installed.

### **Grout pigment.--**

Grout pigment shall be chemically inert, fade resistant mineral oxide or synthetic type. Color shall be as shown on the plans.

## **SEALANTS.--**

### **Sealant.--**

Sealant for vertical expansion joints shall be a medium modulus silicone or polyurethane. Sealant for horizontal joints shall be a 2-part polyurethane type material with a Shore Hardness of 35 to 45.

Color of exposed sealants shall match color of grout in tile adjoining sealed joints.

## **MORTAR BEDS.--**

### **Cement mortar bed.--**

Cement mortar bed for walls shall be proportioned of one part cement, 1/2 part hydrated lime, 6 parts damp sand by volume and only enough water to provide the necessary workability. Ingredients shall be dry mixed, water added, and materials blended to produce a stiff mix. Mortar bed shall be not less than 20 mm in thickness.

Cement mortar bed for floors shall be proportioned of one part cement, 1/10 parts hydrated lime, 5 parts damp sand by volume and only enough water added to provide the necessary workability. Ingredients shall be dry mixed, water added, and materials blended to produce a stiff mix. Mortar bed shall be not less than 32 mm in thickness.

## **MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS.--**

### **Sand.--**

Sand shall be a natural or manufactured sand conforming to ASTM Designation: C 144, except that no more than 10 percent shall pass the No. 150  $\mu$ m sieve.

### **Sealers.--**

Sealer for grout shall be a penetrating proprietary compound designed for sealing grout. Silicone sealers shall not be used.

### **Cement.--**

Cement shall conform to ASTM Designation: C 150, Type I.

### **Hydrated lime.--**

Hydrated lime shall conform to ASTM Designation: C 206, Type S, or ASTM Designation: C 207, Type S.

### **Water.--**

Water shall be clean and potable.

### **Metal edge strips.--**

Metal edge strips shall be stainless steel terrazzo strips, 3 mm wide at top edge with integral provision for anchorage to mortar bed or substrate.

### **MIXING MORTAR AND GROUT.--**

**Mixing.--**Mortar and grout shall be mixed to comply with the requirements of referenced standards and manufacturers for accurately proportioning of materials, water or additive content, mixing equipment and mixer speeds, mixing containers, mixing time, and other procedures need to produce mortars and grout of uniform quality with optimum performance characteristics for application intended.

## **PART 3.- EXECUTION**

### **PREPARATION.--**

**General.--**Concrete, mortar, or masonry substrate surfaces which are to receive a mortar bed shall not vary more than 5 mm in 2.4 m from the required plane and shall be true, plumb at vertical surfaces, and square at intersection edges.

Surfaces to receive a mortar setting bed or a bond coat shall be cleaned adequately to assure a tight bond to the applied material. Such cleaning shall leave the surface thoroughly roughened and free from laitance, coatings, oil, sand, dust and loose particles.

The cleaned surfaces which are to receive a mortar bed shall be saturated with water just prior to placing mortar or the cleaned surfaces shall be coated with fresh neat cement slurry. If the surface is saturated with water, excess water shall be removed and the wetted surfaces uniformly dusted with portland cement. The slurry or wetted cement dust shall be broomed to completely coat the surface with a thin and uniform coating just prior to placing the mortar.

Substrates shall be inspected to insure that grounds, anchors, plugs, recessed frames, bucks, drains, electrical work, mechanical work, and similar items in or behind the tile have been installed before proceeding with installation of the tiles.

### **INSTALLATION.--**

**General.--**Tile installation shall conform to applicable parts of ANSI 108 Series of the tile installation standards included under "American National Standard Specifications for the Installation of Ceramic Tile" and Tile Council of American, "Handbook for Ceramic Tile Installation."

All tile shall be installed on a bond coat over a setting bed. The setting bed shall be a cured cement mortar bed or a prepared, dimensionally stable substrate of concrete, masonry, cementitious backer board, or other cementitious material.

The back face of the tile shall be free of paper, adhesives, fiber mesh, resins, or other materials affecting the bond of the tile to the bedding material.

Tile sheets shall have permanent edge bonding or temporary mounting materials on the exposed face. Water soluble or absorbent adhesives shall not be used for edge bonding. Temporary mounting materials shall allow observation during tile setting operations.

Tile work shall extend into recesses and under or behind equipment and fixtures, to form a complete covering without interruptions, except as shown on the plans. Work shall be terminated neatly at obstructions, edges and corners without disrupting pattern or joint alignments.

Intersections and returns shall be accurately formed. Cutting and drilling of tile shall be performed without marring visible surfaces. Cut edges of tile abutting trim, finish or built-in items shall be carefully ground to produce straight aligned joints. Tile shall be closely fit to electrical outlets, piping, fixtures and other penetrations such that plates, collars, or covers overlap the tile.

**Mortar bed placement.--**The mortar bed, with or without reinforcement as shown on the plans, shall be placed, consolidated, and finished to the required thickness.

The surface of the mortar bed shall be true and pitched as shown on the plans, without high or low spots. The mortar bed surface shall not vary more than 3 mm in 2.4 m from a plane parallel to the finished tile surface when tile is installed on a cured mortar bed.

In no case shall the allowed tolerances result in offsets between adjoining tiles, low spots on finished tile surfaces than can pond water, or finished tile surfaces that are not plumb or not true.

Cement mortar beds to receive a tile bond coat shall be damp cured under cover for a minimum of 48 hours at a temperature of not less than 21°C.

Cement mortar beds to receive an epoxy bond coat shall be damp cured under cover for a minimum of 96 hours at a temperature of not less than 21°C and allowed to dry thoroughly prior to setting tile.

**Tile bond coat.**--The tile bond coat mortar shall be mixed according to the manufacturer's recommendations. The consistency of the mixture shall be such that ridges formed with the recommended notched trowel shall not flow or slump. Reworking will be allowed provided no water or materials are added. The setting bed surfaces shall be dampened before placing the bond coat as necessary tile installation, but the setting bed shall not be soaked. The setting bed surfaces for epoxy bond coat shall be dry.

The bond coat shall be floated onto the cured mortar bed surface with sufficient pressure to cover the surface evenly with no bare spots. The surface area to be covered with the bond coat shall be no greater than the area that can be tiled while the bond coat is still plastic. The bond coat shall be combed with a notched trowel as recommended by the manufacturer within 10 minutes before installing tile. Tile shall not be installed on a skinned over bond coat.

**Installing tiles.**--Tile shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions and shall be set solid and shall be well bonded to the substrate.

Tile set on a tile bond coat shall be installed in accordance with ANSI Standard: A108.5, and tile set on an epoxy mortar shall be installed in accordance with ANSI Standard; A108.6.

If tiles are cut, the cuts shall be made with saws. Cut edges shall be rubbed with an abrasive stone to bring the edge of the glaze slightly back from the body of the tile. Cuts shall be accurately made to neatly fit the tile in place. Cut edges shall not be butted against other tile. Cut tile shall be at least half the size of a full size tile.

Tile shall completely cover wall areas behind mirrors and fixtures.

Tile shall be installed so that the finished tile surface does not vary more than 3 mm in 2.4 m from the finished tile surface shown on the plans. In no case shall there be offsets in adjoining tiles, low spots on finished tile surfaces that can pond water, or finished tile surfaces that are not plumb or true in the completed tile work.

Tiles shall be firmly pressed into the freshly notched bond coat. Tile on interior surfaces shall be tapped and beat into a true surface and to obtain at least 80 percent coverage by the mortar on the back of each tile. Tile on exterior surfaces shall have 100 percent coverage and shall be back-buttered immediately prior to setting the tile.

If tile is face mounted, the paper and glue shall be removed within one hour after tile is installed and all tiles that do not meet the requirements for joints and surface tolerance shall be adjusted or replaced.

Mortar that exudes into the grout spaces between tiles shall be removed to the bottom of tile.

**Joints.**--Joints between tile shall be continuous both vertically and horizontally. Joints shall be straight and of uniform and equal width. Where tiles on adjoining surface are the same size, the joints shall align, one with the other. Joint width shall be as recommended by the tile manufacturer.

**Grouting tile.**--Grout shall be mixed, applied and cured in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations and ANSI Standard: A108.10 for cement grout and ANSI Standard: A108.9 for epoxy grout.

Spacers, strings, ropes, pegs, glue, paper, and face mounting material shall be removed before grouting. Joints between glazed wall tile shall be wetted if they have become dry. Joints for epoxy mortar shall be dry.

Grouting shall not begin until at least 48 hours after installing tile.

A maximum amount of grout shall be forced into the joints between tiles in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. The grout shall be finished to the depth of the cushion for cushion edge tile and finished flush with the surface for square edge tile. All gaps and skips in the grout spaces shall be filled.

Mortar or mounting mesh shall not show through the grouted joints.

The finished grout shall have a uniform color and shall be smooth without voids, pinholes or low spots.

Expansion joints shall be kept free of grout or mortar.

Grout shall be protected from freezing or frost for a least 5 days after installation.

**Expansion joints.**--Expansion joints shall be installed at the perimeter of all tile floors and at all substrate control joints and changes in the substrate material. Exterior expansion joint spacing shall not exceed 5 m in any direction.

All expansion joints shall be made with sealant over backer rods. The thickness of sealant at the center of expansion joints shall not exceed the width of the joint. Joint edges shall be primed as recommended by the sealant manufacturer.

**Edge strips.**--Edge strips shall be installed at openings where the threshold has not been shown on the plans, but where tile floor abuts other flooring materials at the same level. Edge strips shall be installed centered under the closed door, or where there is no door, centered in the opening.

**Sounding tile.**--Tiled surfaces shall be sounded with a metal bar or chain for improperly bonded tile or setting bed. Tile or setting bed that emits a hollow sound shall be replaced.

**Replacement.--**Cracked, chipped, broken, or otherwise defective tiles shall be removed and replaced. All tiles which differ more than 2 mm in elevation from adjacent tile edges shall be removed and replaced.

**Curing.--**After the installation of tile and the grouting of joints, the tile and grout shall be cured by keeping the surface continuously damp for at least 72 hours after grouting. Curing materials shall not stain the tile or grouted joints. Curing methods shall not erode away the grout.

After grouting, horizontal tiled surfaces shall be closed to traffic, and all tiled surfaces shall be kept free from impact, vibration or shock, for at least 72 hours.

#### **CLEANING AND PROTECTION.--**

**Cleaning tile surfaces.--**All exposed tile surfaces shall be cleaned of all grout haze upon completion of grouting. Acids and chemicals used to clean tile shall conform to the tile manufacturer's recommendations. Cleaners shall not be harmful to materials on surfaces of abutting floors, walls, and ceilings. Tile work shall be rinsed thoroughly with clean water before and after using acid or chemical cleaners. After cleaning and rinsing, tile surfaces shall be polished using a soft cloth.

Tile work shall be cleaned and polished again immediately prior to completion of the contract. All dirt, grime, stains, paints, grease, and other discoloring agents or foreign materials shall be removed.

**Protection.--**After grouting, horizontal tiled surfaces shall be closed to traffic, and all tiled surfaces shall be kept free from impact, vibration or shock, for at least 72 hours after.

Tile surfaces damaged by construction operations shall be retiled.

#### **SCHEDULES.--**

##### **Wall tile.--**

Wall tile shall be nominal 102 mm x 102 mm glazed wall tile. Installation on water resistant gypsum wallboard, using a tile bond coat and grout, shall conform to the requirements of Method W 243. "Handbook for Ceramic Tile Installation."

##### **Floor tile.--**

Floor tile shall be nominal 50 mm x 50 mm matte porcelain tile installed on a mortar bed using a tile bond coat and grout and shall conform to the requirements of Method F 112, "Handbook for Ceramic Tile Installation."

### **12-9.03 RUBBER BASE**

**GENERAL.--**This work shall consist of furnishing and installing rubber base in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

**SUBMITTALS.--**Manufacturer's descriptive data, installation instructions, color palette, and samples of rubber base shall be submitted for approval. Samples shall be not less than 50 mm in length.

#### **PRODUCTS.--**

##### **Rubber base.--**

Rubber base shall be manufacturer's best grade, rubber base, with premolded internal and external corner pieces. The height and color shall be as shown on the plans.

##### **Adhesive.--**

Adhesive shall be as recommended by base manufacturer.

## **EXECUTION.--**

**INSTALLATION.--**Bases shall be firmly and totally attached to walls with adhesive and shall be accurately scribed to trim, molding and cabinets. All joints shall be tight fitting. Bases between premolded corners or other termini may be installed continuous or installed using one m minimum standard manufactured lengths. Filler pieces shall be not less than 0.5 m.

### **12-9.04 VINYL COMPOSITION TILE**

**GENERAL.--**This work shall consist of furnishing and installing vinyl composition tile in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Vinyl composition tile shall consist of vinyl composition tile, edger strips, floor wax and tile manufacturer's recommended primers and adhesives.

**SUBMITTALS.--**Manufacturer's descriptive data, installation instructions, color and pattern samples shall be submitted for approval. Samples of tile shall be 305 mm x 305 mm in size.

## **PRODUCTS.--**

### **Vinyl composition tile.--**

Vinyl composition tile shall be semi-flexible, 2.38 mm minimum thick, 305 mm x 305 mm tile conforming to Federal Specification: SS-T-312, Type IV. Color and pattern shall be as shown on the plans.

### **Primer, leveling compound crack filler and adhesives.--**

Primer, leveling compound crack filler and adhesives shall be waterproof types as recommended by the tile manufacturer.

### **Wax.--**

Wax shall be water emulsion, self-polishing type containing not less than 16 percent wax solids, wetting agents, and a nonslip agent. The wax shall meet UL antislip standards.

Edger strips.--Edger strips shall be commercial quality, stainless steel or aluminum.

## **EXECUTION.--**

**PREPARATION.--**Before placing adhesives, all surfaces to receive vinyl composition tile shall be made free of localized depressions or bumps. Bumps shall be ground flat. Holes, depressions and cracks shall be filled with crack filler or leveling compound.

Immediately prior to application of the tile flooring, the surface to be covered shall be thoroughly dry, free of paint, oil, grease, mortar, plaster droppings, scaly surfaces or other irregularities and shall be broom clean. Primer, when recommended, shall be thoroughly brushed on the surface at the rate recommended by the adhesive manufacturer and shall be completely dry before the application of adhesives.

The rooms where tile is to be installed shall be maintained at a temperature of at least 21°C for not less than 72 hours before installation, during installation and for 5 days after installation.

**APPLICATION.--**Tile shall be laid to a true, straight, smooth and even finished surface in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. Joints shall be tight fitting. Floor covering shall be placed before floor mounted fixtures are installed. After tile has been set, the finished surface shall be rolled and crossrolled with a roller weighing 50 kg or more.

Edger strips shall be installed at free edges.

Where tile patterns between rooms differ, the pattern break at openings shall occur at the centerline of the common wall.

Upon completion of the tile application, all stains, surplus adhesive, dirt and debris resulting from the work shall be removed and the floor left broom clean. Tile shall be protected from damage at all times during construction. As a last order of work, tile shall be washed with soap and warm water, rinsed, and then waxed in accordance with the tile manufacturer's printed instructions. Not less than 2 applications of wax shall be placed on the tile flooring.

## **12-9.05 PAINTING**

### **PART 1.- GENERAL**

**SUMMARY.**--This work shall consist of preparing surfaces to receive coatings, and furnishing and applying coatings, in accordance with the schedules and details shown on the plans, and these special provisions.

The coatings specified in this section are in addition to any factory finishes, shop priming, or surface treatment specified elsewhere in these special provisions.

**SUBMITTALS.**--Manufacturer's descriptive data, a materials list, and color samples shall be submitted for approval.

Product descriptive data shall include product description, manufacturer's recommendations for product mixing, thinning, tinting, handling, site environmental requirements, product application and drying time.

Materials list shall include manufacturer's name, trade name, and product numbers for each type coating to be applied.

Color samples shall be manufacturer's color cards, approximately 50 mm x 75 mm, for each color of coating shown on the plans. Color samples for stains shall be submitted on wood of the same species, color, and texture as the wood to receive the stain.

**REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS.**--Coatings and applications shall conform to the rules for control of volatile organic compound emissions adopted by the air quality control district in the air basin in which the coatings are applied.

**SITE ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS.**--Coatings shall not be applied when the air temperature is below 10°C (20°C for varnishes) or when the relative humidity exceeds 75 percent.

The surface to be coated shall be maintained at a minimum temperature of 7°C for a period of 24 hours prior to, and 48 hours after the application of the coating. Heating facilities shall be provided when necessary.

Continuous ventilation shall be provided during application of the coatings.

A minimum lighting level of 865 lux, measured 1 m from the surface to be coated, shall be provided while surfaces are being prepared for coatings and during coating applications.

**DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING.**--Products shall be delivered to the site in sealed, labeled containers and stored in a well ventilated area at an ambient air temperature of not less than 7°C. Container labeling shall include manufacturer's name, type of coating, trade name, color designation, drying time, and instructions for tinting, mixing, and thinning.

**MAINTENANCE STOCK.**--Upon completion of coating work, a full 3.8 liter container of each type and color of finish coat and stain used shall be delivered to the location at the project site designated by the Engineer. Containers shall be tightly sealed and labeled with color, texture, and room locations where used, in addition to the manufacturer's standard product label.

### **PART 2.- PRODUCTS**

**GENERAL.**--The products shall be the best quality grade coatings of the specified types as regularly manufactured by nationally recognized paint and varnish manufacturers that have not less than 10 years experience in manufacturing paints and varnishes. Products that do not bear the manufacturer's identification as the best quality grade product shall not be used. Products for each coating system shall be by a single manufacturer and shall not contain lead type pigments.

Thinners, shellac, fillers, patching compounds, coloring tint, and other products required to achieve the specified finish shall be the manufacturer's best quality and shall be used as recommended.

### **PART 3.- EXECUTION**

**INSPECTION.**--Surfaces to be coated at the jobsite shall be approved by the Engineer prior to the application of coatings. The Contractor shall notify the Engineer at least 3 working days prior to the application of coatings.

**SURFACE PREPARATION.**--Surfaces scheduled to be coated shall be prepared in accordance with the following, except that the surfaces not specified herein shall be prepared as recommended by the coating manufacturer.

**GENERAL.--**Hardware, cover plates, light fixture trim, and similar items shall be removed prior to preparing surfaces for coating. Following the application of the finish coating, the removed items shall be reinstalled in their original locations.

**WOOD.--**Oil and grease shall be removed by solvent wash. Mildew shall be removed by mildew wash. Surfaces to be coated shall be cleaned of all dirt, excess material, or filler by hand cleaning. Smooth surfaced wood shall be sanded lightly.

A sealer composed of equal parts of shellac and alcohol shall be spot applied to knots, sap, pitch, tar, creosote, and other bleeding substances.

After the application of the prime coat, all nail holes, cracks, open joints, dents, scars, and surface irregularities shall be filled, hand cleaned, and spot primed to provide smooth surfaces for the application of finish coats.

Irregularities in wood surfaces to receive a transparent stain finish shall be filled and hand cleaned after the first coat of stain has been applied. The color of the filler shall match the color of the stained wood.

Irregularities in wood surfaces to receive a clear finish shall be filled and hand cleaned before the application of coatings. The color of the filler shall match the color of the coated wood.

**GALVANIZED METAL.--**Oils, grease, and fabrication lubricants shall be removed by solvent wash. Surfaces shall be cleaned of remaining surface treatments by hand cleaning. New surfaces shall be roughened by hand cleaning or light abrasive blasting.

Abraded or corroded areas shall be hand cleaned and spot coated with one coat of vinyl wash pretreatment. Abraded or corroded areas on new surfaces not scheduled to be painted shall be cleaned by solvent wash, hand cleaned, and given 2 spot applications of zinc rich paint.

**STEEL AND OTHER FERROUS METALS.--**Oils, grease, and fabrication lubricants shall be removed by solvent wash. Dirt, water soluble chemicals, and similar surface contamination shall be removed by detergent wash or steam cleaning. Mill scale and rust shall be removed by hand cleaning or abrasive blasting.

**GYPSUM BOARD.--**Holes, cracks, and other surface imperfections shall be filled with joint compound or suitable filler prior to application of coatings. Taped joints and filled areas shall be hand sanded to remove excess joint compound and filler.

**PREVIOUSLY COATED AND SHOP PRIMED SURFACES.--**Dirt, oil, grease, or other surface contaminants shall be removed by water blasting, steam cleaning, or TSP wash. Minor surface imperfections shall be filled as required for new work. Mildew shall be removed by mildew wash. Chalking paint shall be removed by hand cleaning. The surfaces of existing hard or glossy coatings shall be abraded to dull the finish by hand cleaning or light abrasive blasting. Abrasive blasting shall not be used on wood or non-ferrous metal surfaces.

Chipped, peeling, blistered, or loose coatings shall be removed by hand cleaning, water blasting, or abrasive blasting. Bare areas shall be pretreated and primed as required for new work.

## **DEFINITIONS.--**

**DETERGENT WASH.--**Removal of dirt and water soluble chemicals by scrubbing with a solution of detergent and water, and removal of all solution and residues with clean water.

**HAND CLEANING.--**Removal of dirt, loose rust, mill scale, excess base material, filler, aluminum oxide, chalking paint, peeling paint, or paint which is not firmly bonded to the surfaces by using hand or powered wire brushes, hand scraping tools, power grinders, or sandpaper and removal of all loose particles and dust prior to coating.

**MILDEW WASH.--**Removal of mildew by scrubbing with a solution of detergent, hypochlorite-type household bleach, and warm water, and removal of all solution and residues with clean water.

**ABRASIVE BLASTING.--**Removal of oil, grease, form release agents, paint, dirt, rust, mill scale, efflorescence, weak concrete, or laitance, by the use of airborne abrasives, and removal of loose particles, dust, and abrasives by blasting with clean air.

Abrasives shall be limited to clean dry sand, mineral grit, steel grit, or steel shot, and shall be graded to produce satisfactory results. Unwashed beach sand containing salt or silt shall not be used.

Abrasive blasting shall conform to the requirements of SSPC-SP6-85, Commercial Blast Cleaning, as defined in the Steel Structures Painting Council Manual.

Light abrasive blasting shall conform to the requirements of SSPC-SP7-85, Brush-Off Blast Cleaning, as defined in the Steel Structures Painting Council Manual.

**SOLVENT WASH.--**Removal of oil, grease, wax, dirt, or other foreign matter by using solvents, such as mineral spirits or xylol, or other approved cleaning compounds.

**STEAM CLEANING.--**Removal of oil, grease, dirt, rust, scale, or other foreign matter by using steam generated by commercial steam cleaning equipment, from a solution of water and steam cleaning compounds, and removal of all residues and cleaning compounds with clean water.

**TSP WASH.--**Removal of oil, grease, dirt, paint gloss, and other foreign matter by scrubbing with a solution of trisodium phosphate and warm water, and removal of all solution and residues with clean water.

**WATER BLASTING.--**High pressure, low volume water stream for removing dirt, light scale, chalking or peeling paint. Water blasting equipment shall produce not less than a 13 800 MPa minimum output pressure when used. Heated water shall not exceed 66°C. If a detergent solution is used, it shall be biodegradable and shall be removed from all surfaces with clean water.

**PROTECTION.--**The Contractor shall provide protective devices, such as tarps, screens or covers, as necessary to prevent damage to the work and to other property or persons from all cleaning and painting operations.

Paint or paint stains on surfaces not designated to be painted shall be removed by the Contractor at his expense and the original surface restored to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

#### **APPLICATION.--**

**GENERAL.--**Coatings shall be applied in accordance with the printed instructions and at the application rates recommended by the manufacturer to achieve the dry film thickness specified in these special provisions.

Mixing, thinning and tinting shall conform to the manufacturer's printed instructions. Thinning will be allowed only when recommended by the manufacturer.

Coatings shall be applied only when surfaces are dry and properly prepared.

Cleaning and painting shall be scheduled so that dust and other contaminants from the cleaning process will not fall on wet, newly coated surfaces.

Materials required to be coated shall have coatings applied to all exposed surfaces, including the tops and bottoms of wood and metal doors, the insides of cabinets, and other surfaces not normally visible from eye level.

**APPLICATION SURFACE FINISH.--**Each coat shall be applied to a uniform finish. Finished surfaces shall be free of surface deviations and imperfections such as skips, cloudiness, spotting, holidays, laps, brush marks, runs, sags, curtains, ropiness, improper cutting in, overspray, drips, ridges, waves, and variations in color and texture.

Each application of a multiple application finish system shall closely resemble the final color coat, except each application shall provide enough contrast in shade to distinguish the separate applications.

**WORK REQUIRED BETWEEN APPLICATIONS.--**Each application of material shall be cured in accordance with the coating manufacturer's recommendations before applying the succeeding coating. Enamels and clear finishes shall be lightly sanded, dusted, and wiped clean between applications.

Stain blocking primer shall be spot applied whenever stains bleed through the previous application of a coating.

**TIMING OF APPLICATIONS.--**The first application of the specified coating system shall be applied prior to any deterioration of the newly prepared surface. Metal surfaces shall be prepared and prime coated the same day that cleaning of bare metal is performed. Additional prime coats shall be applied as soon as drying time of the preceding coat permits.

Metal surfaces shall be prime coated within 12 hours of application of vinyl wash pretreatment.

Shellac sealer shall be allowed to dry at least 12 hours before applying the next coat.

Drying time between applications of water borne coatings shall be at least 12 hours.

**APPLICATION METHODS.--**Coatings shall be applied by brush, roller or spray. Rollers shall be of a type which do not leave a stippled texture in the paint film. Extension handles for rollers shall not be greater than 2 m in length.

If spray methods are used, surface deviations and imperfections such as, overspray, thickness deviations, lap marks, and orange peel shall be considered as evidence that the work is unsatisfactory and the Contractor shall apply the remainder of the coating by brush or roller, as approved by the Engineer.



## **DRY FILM THICKNESS.--**

Vinyl wash pretreatment	0.007 mm to 0.13 mm, maximum.
Bituminous paint	0.1 mm, minimum.
Other primers, undercoats, sealers, and coatings	As recommended by the manufacturer.

**BACKPRIMING.--**The first application of the specified coating system shall be applied to all wood surfaces (face, back, edges, and ends) of wood materials that are not factory coated, immediately upon delivery to the project site, except surfaces of interior finish woodwork that adjoin concrete or masonry shall be coated with one application of alkyd exterior wood primer before installation.

When clear or stain type coatings are required on millwork, trim, or paneling, varnish, reduced 25 percent by mineral spirits, shall be used for coating the back faces.

All primed metal surfaces in contact with concrete or concrete block exterior walls shall be coated with a bituminous paint on those surfaces in contact with the wall.

**PATCHES IN PREVIOUSLY COATED SURFACES.--**Where patches are made on surfaces of previously coated walls or ceilings, the entire surface to corners on every side of the patch shall be coated with a minimum of one application of the finish coat.

**FINISHING MECHANICAL AND ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS.--**Shop primed mechanical and electrical components shall be finish coated in accordance with the coating system entitled, "Shop Primed Steel." Louvers, grilles, covers, and access panels on mechanical and electrical components shall be removed and coated separately.

Interior surfaces of air ducts which are visible through grilles or louvers shall be coated with one application of flat black enamel, to limit of the sight line.

Exposed conduit, piping, and other mechanical and electrical components visible in public areas shall be painted.

Both sides and all surfaces, including edges and back of wood mounting panels for electrical and telephone equipment shall be finish coated before installing equipment.

**CLEANING.--**Upon completion of all operations, the coated surfaces shall be thoroughly cleaned of dust, dirt, grease, or other unsightly materials or substances.

Surfaces marred or damaged as a result of the Contractor's operations shall be repaired, at his expense, to match the condition of the surfaces prior to the beginning of the Contractor's operations.

**COATING SYSTEMS.--**The surfaces to be coated shall be as shown on the plans and as specified elsewhere in these special provisions. When a coating system is not shown or specified for a surface to be finish coated, the coating system to be used shall be as specified for the substrate material. The number of applications specified for each coating system listed herein is a minimum. Additional coats shall be applied if necessary to obtain a uniform color, texture, appearance, or required dry film thickness.

### **SYSTEM 1- GALVANIZED METAL.--**

- 1 pretreat coat: vinyl wash pretreatment
- 1 prime coat: galvanized metal primer
- 2 finish coats: acrylic, exterior enamel, semi-gloss

### **SYSTEM 2- GYPSUM BOARD.--**

- 1 prime coat: PVA wall sealer
- 2 finish coats: acrylic, interior enamel, semi-gloss

### **SYSTEM 3- PREVIOUSLY COATED EXTERIOR SURFACES.--**

- 1 prime coat : alkyd exterior enamel undercoat
- 2 finish coats: acrylic, exterior enamel, semi-gloss

#### **SYSTEM 4- PREVIOUSLY COATED INTERIOR SURFACES.--**

1 prime coat: alkyd interior wood primer  
2 finish coats: acrylic, interior enamel, semi-gloss

#### **SYSTEM 5- SHOP PRIMED STEEL.--**

1 prime coat : red oxide ferrous metal primer  
2 finish coats: alkyd, exterior enamel, semi-gloss

#### **SYSTEM 6- STEEL AND OTHER FERROUS METALS.--**

2 prime coats: red oxide ferrous metal primer  
2 finish coats: alkyd, exterior enamel, semi-gloss

#### **SYSTEM 7- WOOD, PAINTED.--**

1 prime coat: alkyd, exterior wood primer  
2 finish coats: acrylic, exterior enamel, semi-gloss

**COLOR SCHEDULE.--**Colors shall be as shown on the plans.

### **SECTION 12-10. SPECIALTIES**

#### **12-10.01 TACKBOARDS**

**GENERAL.--**This work shall consist of furnishing and installing tackboards in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

**SUBMITTALS.--**Manufacturer's descriptive data, color and texture samples and installation instructions shall be submitted for approval. Color and texture will be selected by the Engineer after the award of the contract.

#### **PRODUCTS.--**

##### **Tackboards.--**

Tackboards shall be textured plastic coating on cotton-fabric, pressure laminated to 6 mm thick cork underlayment. Cork underlayment shall be bonded to a 6 mm thick hardboard backing. Tackboard dimensions shall be as shown on the plans.

##### **Border moldings.--**

Border moldings shall be factory applied, extruded clear anodized aluminum trim.

#### **EXECUTION.--**

**INSTALLATION.--**Tackboards shall be installed rigidly, securely, plumb and true, and in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.

#### **12-10.02 MARKER BOARDS**

**GENERAL.--**This work shall consist of furnishing and installing a marker boards in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

One felt eraser and 12 felt tipped liquid chalk markers of assorted colors shall be furnished for each marker board installed.

**SUBMITTALS.--**Manufacturer's descriptive data and installation instructions shall be submitted for approval.

## **PRODUCTS.--**

### **Marker board.--**

Marker board shall conform to Porcelain Enamel Institute Standard PEI-S-104, and shall be porcelain enamel surface on 0.61 mm thick (24-gage) sheet steel pressure laminated to 6 mm thick tempered hardboard. Hardboard shall have a backing of 0.38 mm nominal thickness aluminum sheet. Enamel surface shall be suitable for marking with felt tipped liquid chalk markers and erasing with a felt eraser or dry cloth. The enamel surface shall be white in color.

Marker board dimensions shall be as shown on the plans.

### **Trim and marker tray.--**

Trim and marker tray shall be factory installed, satin finish, clear anodized aluminum extrusions.

## **EXECUTION.--**

**INSTALLATION.--**Marker boards shall be installed rigidly, securely, plumb and true in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

## **12-10.03 TOILET PARTITIONS**

**GENERAL.--**This work shall consist of furnishing and installing toilet partitions in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Toilet partitions shall consist of panels, doors, pilasters, headrails, urinal screens, fasteners, anchorages and hardware. Internal reinforcement shall be provided at all fasteners, anchorages, hardware and accessories.

**SUBMITTALS.--**Manufacturer's descriptive data, standard color palette, samples, installation instructions and working drawings shall be submitted for approval. Samples shall be a minimum of three 50 mm x 50 mm panel samples.

Colors shall be as shown on the plans.

Working drawings shall show the plan layout, door and panel elevations and all details required for the complete installation and anchorage of the partition system.

## **PRODUCTS.--**

### **Toilet partitions.--**

Toilet partitions shall be a homogeneous filled acrylic material and shall be overhead braced partitions, with concealed fasteners and concealed hardware. Toilet partitions shall be Shower Shapes, Corian; Formica Corp., Surell; Ampco Products Inc., Solid Surface; or equal.

Doors shall be provided with slide bar latches and a combination coat-hat hook and door stop.

Doors on stalls designed for use by the disabled shall have a grip and turn latch and shall have U-shaped door pulls immediately below the latch on the inside and outside of the door.

## **EXECUTION.--**

**INSTALLATION.--**Toilet partitions shall be installed rigidly, securely, plumb, and true and in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. Tops and bottoms of doors shall align with tops and bottoms of panels, and all horizontal lines shall be level.

Rigid backing shall be provided in walls to receive anchorages.

Panels shall be anchored with at least 3 brackets at each wall and pilaster. Two anchors shall be used to fasten each pilaster base to the floor.

Doors shall not bind during opening and closing. The clearance between the door edges and pilasters shall be uniform, equidistant, and shall not exceed 3/16 inch. Hinges shall be adjusted to hold doors ajar when unlatched. Doors on stalls designed for use by the disabled shall return to the closed position.

Drilling, cutting and fitting of wall and floor finishes shall be concealed by the completed installation.

**CLEAN-UP.**--Toilet partitions shall be cleaned, polished and free of all defects. Chipped, dented, scratched, or otherwise damaged work shall be replaced at the Contractor's expense.

#### **12-10.04 LOUVERS**

**GENERAL.**--This work consists of furnishing and installing louvers in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

**SUBMITTALS.**--Manufacturer's descriptive data and installation instructions shall be submitted for approval.

#### **PRODUCTS.**--

##### **Louvers.**--

Louvers shall be factory fabricated units of galvanized steel sheet not less than 1.63 mm thick (16-gage) with standard "Z" type blades, and removable bronze 16 x 16 mesh insect screens mounted on the inside of the units.

Louvers shall have integral caulking strips and retaining beads.

#### **EXECUTION.**--

**INSTALLATION.**--Louvers shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. The completed louver installation shall be weather tight.

**PAINTING.**--Louvers shall be cleaned, prepared and painted in accordance with the requirements specified under "Painting" in Section 12-9, "Finishes," of these special provisions.

#### **12-10.05 SIGNS**

##### **PART 1.- GENERAL**

#### **SUMMARY.**--

**Scope.**--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing signs in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

#### **SUBMITTALS.**--

**Product data.**--Manufacturer's descriptive data for sign materials, colors and graphics, and for fastening hardware and material shall be submitted for approval.

##### **PART 2.- PRODUCTS**

#### **Plastic signs (room identification).**--

Plastic signs for room identification shall be scratch resistant, non-static, fire retardent, washable melamine laminate with a non-glare surface, not less than 3 mm thick. Sign background shall be blue and shall conform to Federal Standard 595B, Color No. 15090. Symbols and lettering shall be white and shall conform to Federal Standard 595B, Color No. 17886. Letters and numbers shall be upper case Helvetica, 25 mm in height, 0.80 mm above and integral with sign material, accompanied by Grade 2 Braille.

Grade 2 Braille dots shall be 2.5 mm on centers in each cell with 5 mm space between cells. Dots shall be raised a minimum of 0.6 mm above the background.

**Plastic signs (restroom wall).--**

Plastic signs for restroom wall shall be scratch resistant, non-static, fire retardent, washable melamine laminate with a non-glare surface, not less than 3 mm thick. Sign background shall be blue and shall conform to Federal Standard 595B, Color No. 15090. Symbols and lettering shall be white and shall conform to Federal Standard 595B, Color No. 17886.

Male/female symbols and international symbol of accessibility shall be as shown on the plans and shall be 0.80 mm above and integral with sign material.

Letters and numbers shall be upper case Helvetica, 25 mm in height, 0.80 mm above and integral with sign material, accompanied by Grade 2 Braille. Grade 2 Braille dots shall be 2.5 mm on centers in each cell with 5 mm space between cells. Dots shall be raised a minimum of 0.6 mm above the background.

Sign may be either one or 2-piece.

**Plastic signs (opposite sex attendant).--**

Plastic signs for opposite sex attendant shall be scratch resistant, non-static, fire retardent, washable melamine laminate with a non-glare surface, not less than 3 mm thick. Sign background shall be blue and shall conform to Federal Standard 595B, Color No. 15090. Symbols and lettering shall be white and shall conform to Federal Standard 595B, Color No. 17886.

Male/female symbols and international symbol of accessibility shall be as shown on the plans and shall be 0.80 mm above and integral with sign material.

Letters and numbers shall be upper case Helvetica, 15 mm in height, 0.80 mm above and integral with sign material.

**Plastic sign (restroom door).--**

Plastic sign for restroom door shall be not less than 6 mm acrylic plastic. Sign background shall be blue and shall conform to Federal Standard 595B, Color No. 15090. Male/female symbol and lettering shall be white and shall conform to Federal Standard 595B, Color No. 17886.

Male/female symbols shall be as shown on the plans and shall be 0.80 mm above and integral with sign material.

Letters and numbers shall be upper case Helvetica, 15 mm in height, 0.80 mm above and integral with sign material.

Male restroom identification shall be a male symbol on an equilateral triangle with edges 305 mm long and a vertex pointing upward.

Female restroom identification shall be a female symbol on a 305 mm diameter circle.

Unisex restroom identification shall be a male and female symbol on a 305 mm equilateral triangle superimposed on a 305 mm diameter circle.

**Plastic signs (telephone).--**

Plastic signs for telephone shall be scratch resistant, non-static, fire retardent, washable melamine laminate with a non-glare surface, not less than 3 mm thick. Sign background shall be blue and shall conform to Federal Standard 595B, Color No. 15090. Symbols and lettering shall be white and shall conform to Federal Standard 595B, Color No. 17886.

Telephone symbol shall be as shown on the plans and shall be 0.80 mm above and integral with sign material.

Letters shall be upper case Helvetica, 25 mm in height, 0.80 mm above and integral with sign material.

**Accessible building entrance sign.--**

Accessible building entrance sign shall be not less than 3 mm acrylic plastic, not less than 102 mm x 102 mm , with the international symbol of accessibility.

Sign background shall be blue and shall conform to Federal Standard 595B, Color No. 15090. Symbol and border shall be white and shall conform to Federal Standard 595B, Color No. 17886.

**Fastening hardware and material.--**

Fastening hardware and material shall be as recommended by the sign manufacturer. Fasteners shall be noncorrosive.

**PART 3.- EXECUTION**

**Inscription.--**Sign messages shall be as shown on the plans.

**Installation.--**Plastic signs for room identification and restrooms shall be fastened or secured to clean, finished surfaces in accordance with the sign manufacturer's instructions. Signs shall be installed at a location and height as shown on the plans.

Fastening hardware and material shall be installed within the sign as shown on the plans.

**12-10.06 WARDROBE LOCKERS****PART 1.- GENERAL****SUMMARY.--**

**Scope.--**This work shall consist of furnishing and installing wardrobe lockers in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

**SUBMITTALS.--**

**Product data.--**Manufacturer's descriptive data, installation instructions, and standard color palette shall be submitted for approval.

Unless otherwise shown on the plans, the color will be selected by the Engineer from the standard color palette after the award of the contract.

**PART 2.- PRODUCTS****ACCEPTABLE MANUFACTURERS.--**

**Available manufacturers.--**Subject to conformance with the contract provisions, metal lockers shall be Art Metal Products; Lyon Metal Products; Republic Storage Systems; or equal.

**Lockers.--**

Lockers shall be standard, factory fabricated steel units. Framing shall be 1.52 mm thick (16-gage) and face sheets shall be 0.61 mm (24-gage), except door face sheets shall be 1.5 mm (16-gage).

Lockers shall be equipped with the following: hat shelf located approximately 255 mm below the top of the wardrobe locker, side to side coat rod, coat hook, louver vents at top and bottom of door, nonbreakable handle with provisions for a padlock, lockbar with 3-point latching contact with door frame and 1 1/2 pair full looped leaf hinges.

Doors on lockers for use by the disabled shall have a grip and turn latch and shall have provisions for padlocking. Disabled accessible lockers shall be labeled with the international symbol of accessibility.

The approximate dimensions of the wardrobe lockers shall be 380 mm wide, 457 mm deep and 1829 mm high, unless otherwise shown on the plans.

**Closed base.--**

Closed base shall be the manufacturer's standard continuous 152 mm base, fabricated of the same material and designed for use with the lockers provided. Bottoms shall be flanged inward for stiffening. Bases shall have the same finish as the locker units.

**FABRICATION.--**

**Shop assembly.--**Lockers shall be fabricated square, rigid, and without warp, with metal faces flat and free of dents or distortion.

Frame joints and seams shall be welded. Exposed welds shall be ground smooth. Hinge and latch connections shall be welded or riveted.

Bolts shall be used for assembly and mounting lockers components. Bolt or rivet heads on fronts of locker doors or frame shall not be exposed.

**Factory finish.--**Lockers shall be chemically pretreated with degreasing and phosphatizing process. Wardrobe lockers shall have a baked enamel finish on all surfaces, exposed and concealed.

**PART 3.- EXECUTION**

**Installation.--**Lockers shall be mounted on closed bases at locations shown in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions for plumb, level, rigid, and flush installation.

Wardrobe lockers shall be bolted together at tops and bottoms. The backs of the end lockers shall be bolted to wall anchors with 6 mm bolts installed near the tops of the wardrobe lockers as recommended by the locker manufacturer.

Trim, sloping tops, and metal filler panels, if required, shall be installed using concealed fasteners to provide flush, hairline joints against adjacent surfaces.

The number of lockers shall be as shown on the plans.

**12-10.07 FIRE EXTINGUISHERS AND CABINETS**

**PART 1.- GENERAL**

**SUMMARY.--**

**Scope.--**This work shall consist of furnishing and installing fire extinguishers with cabinets or mounting brackets in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

**REFERENCES.--**

**General.--**Fire Extinguishers shall conform to the requirements in California Code of Regulations, Title 19 Division 1, Chapter 3, "Portable Fire Extinguishers."

**SUBMITTALS.--**

**Product data.--**Manufacturer's descriptive data and installation instructions shall be submitted for approval.

**QUALITY ASSURANCE.--**

**Codes and standards.--**Fire extinguishers shall be Underwriters Laboratories or Factory Mutual Laboratories approved for the type, rating and classification of extinguisher specified.

## **PART 2.- PRODUCTS**

### **MANUFACTURER'S.--**

**Acceptable manufacturers.--**Subject to contract compliance, manufacturers shall be J. L. Industries; Larsen's Manufacturing; Potter-Roemer; or equal.

### **COMPONENTS.--**

#### **Fire extinguisher.--**

Fire extinguisher shall be fully charged, multi-purpose dry chemical type, with charge indicator, hose and nozzle, and attached service record tag. Fire extinguisher shall be of the capacity and type rating 4A 40BC.

#### **Fire extinguisher cabinet.--**

Fire extinguisher cabinet shall be factory fabricated, constructed of steel with a clear plastic panel in a steel door frame, and shall have a baked enamel finish. Color to be selected by the Engineer from the manufacturer's standard colors.

Fire extinguisher cabinet shall be surface mounted as shown on the plans.

## **PART 3.- EXECUTION**

### **INSTALLATION.--**

**General.--**Fire extinguishers shall be installed in locations and at mounting heights shown on the plans, or if not shown, at a height of 1220 mm from the finished floor to the top of the fire extinguisher.

Fire extinguisher mounting brackets and cabinets shall be attached to structure, square and plumb, in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.

### **IDENTIFICATION.--**

**Cabinet-mounted.--**Extinguishers in cabinets shall be identified with letter spelling "FIRE EXTINGUISHER" applied to the cabinet door. Letter size, styles, and color shall be selected by the Engineer from manufacturer's standard arrangements.

### **SERVICING.--**

**General.--**Fire extinguishers shall be serviced, charged, and tagged not more than 5 days prior to contract acceptance.

## **12-10.08 FREE STANDING STEEL SHELVING AND CABINET**

**GENERAL.--**This work shall consist of furnishing and installing free standing steel shelving and cabinet in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

**SUBMITTALS.--**Manufacturer's descriptive data, installation instructions and standard color palette shall be submitted for approval. The color will be selected by the Engineer after the award of the contract.

### **PRODUCTS.--**

#### **Shelving.--**

Shelving shall be factory fabricated steel shelves and supports capable of supporting loads of 1200 Pa of shelf area. Shelves shall not deflect more than 8 mm when subjected to the loads specified herein and shall show no permanent deflection after removal of such loads. Shelves shall be supported and attached by means of clips. Studs or bolts



shall not be used. Shelves shall be adjustable in vertical increments of 75 mm or less. Shelving shall be of the approximate dimensions and number shown on the plans and shall have a baked enamel finish.

**Cabinet.--**

Cabinet shall include shelving with steel doors and lock.

**EXECUTION.--**Free standing steel shelving and cabinet shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

**12-10.09 TOILET ROOM ACCESSORIES**

**GENERAL.--**This work shall consist of furnishing and installing toilet room accessories in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

**SUBMITTALS.--**Manufacturer's descriptive data and installation instructions and details shall be submitted for approval.

**PRODUCTS.--**

**Toilet tissue dispenser.--**

Toilet tissue dispenser shall be dual roll, surface mounted, stainless steel with satin finish, approximately 150 mm x 290 mm x 150 mm deep. Dispenser shall utilize standard toilet tissue rolls. The top roll shall automatically drop into place after the bottom roll is depleted. One dispenser per toilet stall.

**Combination paper towel dispenser and waste receptacle.--**

Combination paper towel dispenser and waste receptacle shall be semi-recessed unit of stainless steel with satin finish. The approximate size shall be 355 mm x 1880 mm x 190 mm deep with 102 mm skirt. The paper towel dispenser shall have a capacity of 1000 single fold paper towels. The waste receptacle shall have a capacity of not less than 37 liters. One unit per lavatory.

**Soap dispenser system.--**

Soap dispenser system shall be wall-mounted and shall have gravity feed, plunger type spouts, and a remote stainless steel liquid soap reservoir equipped with soap level indicator, outlet valves, and brass tubing and fittings. Brass tubing and fittings shall be as recommended by the dispenser manufacturer. The stainless steel and chrome plated brass construction soap dispensing mechanisms shall be capable of delivering fixed amounts of liquid soap in lather form. The vandal resistant valves shall project not more than 89 mm from the wall and shall not be removable from within the restroom.

**Toilet seat cover dispenser.--**

Toilet seat cover dispenser shall be stainless steel, lockable dispenser. Approximate dimensions: 380 mm x 290 mm x 60 mm deep. One dispenser per toilet stall.

**Napkin receptacle.--**

Napkin receptacle shall be wall hung, stainless steel napkin receptacle with piano hinges top and bottom and disposable liner. Approximate capacity: 3.8 liters. One receptacle per women's toilet stall.

**Mirror, wall hung.--**

Mirror, wall hung shall be 18-gage stainless steel, Type 404, formed mirror with No. 8 polish finish. Mounting shall be concealed.

**Grab bars.--**

Grab bars shall be stainless steel, 38 mm diameter bars with integral mounting flanges concealed under integral escutcheons.

**EXECUTION.--**Toilet room accessories shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. Fasteners for mounting toilet room accessories shall be concealed and vandal resistant.

Expansion anchors shall be used for mounting accessories on masonry or concrete walls.

Toilet room accessories shall be mounted after painting work has been complete.

All toilet room accessories shall be mounted plumb, secure and rigid. Grab bars shall be supported adequately so the bars will withstand an applied load of 113 kg at any point.

## **SECTION 12-11. EQUIPMENT**

### **12-11.01 SEWAGE PUMPING STATION EQUIPMENT**

#### **PART 1.- GENERAL**

##### **SUMMARY.--**

**Scope.--**The work shall consist of furnishing and installing sewage pumping station equipment in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Earthwork, foundations, electrical, and all other work incidental and necessary for the proper installation and operation of the work shall conform to the requirements for similar type work elsewhere in these special provisions.

##### **SUBMITTALS.--**

**Product data.--**Manufacturer's descriptive data for all equipment, including installation instructions, shall be submitted for approval.

Manufacturer's descriptive data shall be submitted for the following:

- Sewage pump
- Flexible expansion coupling
- Discharge pipe and fittings

**Working drawings.--**Working drawings shall be submitted for approval.

Working drawings shall show any changes in the proposed work, installation details of pumps and associated hardware, and dimensions and accurate locations of pumping equipment to avoid conflict with other work.

In the event the pumping equipment manufacturer requires a seal failure alarm system in order to warrant his equipment, the Contractor shall submit details of the circuit modification for approval and shall provide all necessary additional components and do all additional work connected thereto at no additional cost to the State.

Changes required by the Contractor's selection of pumping equipment from the details shown on the plans are to be made at no cost to the State and no further compensation will be allowed.

##### **CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS.--**

**Operation and maintenance manuals.--**Before completion of project, 3 bound identified copies of operation maintenance instructions and parts lists for equipment furnished shall be delivered to the Engineer at the jobsite. Manuals that are inadequate or incomplete will be returned and the Contractor shall resubmit adequate and complete manuals.

##### **QUALITY ASSURANCE.--**

**Certificates of Compliance.--**Certificates of Compliance shall be furnished for sewage pumps in accordance with the requirements specified in Section 6-1.07, "Certificates of Compliance," of the Standard Specifications.

##### **WARRANTY.--**

**Warranties and Guarantees.--**Manufacturer's warranties and guarantees furnished for materials or equipment used in the work shall be delivered to the Engineer at the jobsite prior to acceptance of the contract.

## **PART 2.- PRODUCTS**

### **MANUFACTURED UNITS.--**

#### **Sewage pump.--**

Sewage pump shall be a guide rail mounted, submersible type, sewage cutter pump capable of handling raw, unscreened sewage and fibrous materials. Fibers are caught by the cutter grooves and sheared between the hardened edges of the impeller and the hard cutter plate. The design shall be such that the pump unit shall be automatically and firmly sealed to the discharge elbow when lowered into place by its mating connection. Sealing of the connection shall be accomplished by a machined metal-to-metal, watertight contact. Sealing with a diaphragm, O-ring, or profile gasket shall not be used. The pump shall be easily removable for inspection and service, without requiring bolts or other fasteners to be disconnected or removed. The pump, including appurtenances and cables, shall be capable of continuous submergence under water without loss of integrity.

Pump casing, bracket, and volute shall be gray cast iron construction.

The pump mating base shall be bolted to the sump floor with stainless steel expansion anchors. The mating base elbow shall be supplied with standard flanged connection for discharge pipe.

Each sewage pump supplied shall be factory tested and certified capable of pumping water, under test, according to given flow rates at the total heads indicated on the plans. Documentation of the certified test shall be submitted for approval prior to installation of the pump and shall include performance curves of the pump supplied showing flow rate, total head, kilowatt rating, rpm, efficiency and the actual impeller diameter. The pump, as installed, shall not load the motor to more than the actual full load nameplate amperage regardless of head.

The pump motor shall be a submersible type, explosion proof, UL or FM approved for Class 1, Group D, Division 1 locations. Motor shaft shall be stainless steel. Motor shall be housed in a cast iron casing and shall have built-in thermal overload protection. Kilowatt rating and voltage shall be as shown on the plans. The impeller shall be dynamically balanced and factory certified to not exceed 41 g•mm/kg of rotating mass at 1800 RPM. Balancing of impeller shall not weaken or deform the impeller.

The pump motor shall be protected from contamination, by the liquid being pumped, by a tandem, double-mechanical seal running in an oil reservoir. The outer seal shall be tungsten carbide. The oil reservoir of the pump shall be equipped with a seal failure alarm system as required by the manufacturer.

The pump motor shall be have portable Type-SO cord, or cords for pump power and overload, of sufficient length to reach from the pump to motor starter enclosure without splicing. Cords shall be sealed into the motor by the pump manufacturer.

### **EQUIPMENT.--**

#### **Discharge pipe.--**

Discharge pipe shall be Class 53 ductile iron, 860 kPa factory assembled threaded flanges, asphaltic coated and shall conform to ANSI/AWWA Designation: C115/A21.5. Flanges shall conform to ANSI B16.1, Class 125.

#### **Discharge pipe fittings.--**

Discharge pipe fittings shall be ductile iron, 860 kPa flanges with smooth insides and asphalt coating, and shall conform to ANSI/AWWA Designation: C110/A21.10.

#### **Flexible couplings.--**

Flexible couplings shall be gasketed short sleeve type couplings consisting of a mild steel middle ring with pipe stop, 2 rubber compounded wedge-section ring gaskets, 2 mild steel follower rings and sufficient mild steel bolts to compress the gaskets. All ferrous parts of the couplings shall be hot-dipped galvanized after fabrication. The couplings shall be assembled in such a manner as to insure a permanent watertight joint.

### **MISCELLANEOUS.--**

**Fasteners.--**

Fasteners, including external nuts, bolts and washers shall be stainless steel unless otherwise shown on the plans.

**Expansion anchors.--**

Expansion anchors shall be stainless steel, ICBO approved, integral stud type anchor or internally threaded type with independent stud, hex nut and washer. Expansion anchors shall be 6 mm diameter, embedment shall be as recommended by the manufacturer.

**Lifting cable.--**

Lifting cable shall be stainless steel of adequate strength to raise and lower the pump. All related hardware shall be stainless steel.

**Guide bar.—**

Guide bar shall be stainless steel, Schedule 40 pipe.

**PART 3.- EXECUTION****INSTALLATION.--**

**General.--**The sewage pumping station equipment shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations and the details shown on the plans.

**FIELD QUALITY CONTROL.--**

**Tests.--**Sewage pump shall be capable of pumping water, under test, at the given rates at the total heads indicated on the plans.

The pump, as installed, shall not load the motor to more than the nameplate amperage on the motor at the specified head. Service factor shall not be included in the rating.

**SECTION 12-12. THRU 12-14. (BLANK)****SECTION 12-15. MECHANICAL****12-15.01 MECHANICAL WORK****GENERAL.--**

**Scope.--**This work shall consist of performing mechanical work in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Mechanical work shall include furnishing all labor, materials, equipment and services required for providing heating, ventilating, air conditioning, and plumbing systems.

Earthwork, foundations, sheet metal, painting, electrical, and such other work incidental and necessary to the proper installation and operation of the mechanical work shall be in accordance with the requirements specified for similar type work elsewhere in these special provisions.

System layouts are generally diagrammatic and location of equipment is approximate. Exact routing of pipes, ducts, etc., and location of equipment is to be governed by structural conditions and obstructions. Equipment requiring maintenance and inspection is to be readily accessible.

Roof penetrations shall be flashed and sealed watertight in accordance with the requirements specified under "Sheet Metal Flashing" in Section 12-7, "Thermal and Moisture Protection," of these special provisions.

## **SUBMITTALS.--**

**Product data.--**A list of materials and equipment to be installed, manufacturer's descriptive data, and such other data as may be requested by the Engineer shall be submitted for approval.

Manufacturer's descriptive data shall include complete description, performance data and installation instructions for the materials and equipment specified herein. Control and wiring diagrams, rough-in dimensions for plumbing fixtures, and component layout shall be included where applicable.

Manufacturer's descriptive data shall be submitted for the following:

- Plumbing fixtures and accessories
- Split type ductless heat pump
- Heater/vent

## **CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS.--**

**Operation and maintenance manuals.--**Prior to the completion of the contract, 3 identified copies of the operation and maintenance instructions with parts lists for the equipment specified herein shall be delivered to the Engineer at the jobsite. The instructions and parts lists shall be indexed and bound in a manual form and shall be complete and adequate for the equipment installed. Inadequate or incomplete material shall be returned. The Contractor shall resubmit adequate and complete manuals at no expense to the State.

Operation and maintenance manuals shall be submitted for the following equipment:

- Split-type ductless heat pump

## **QUALITY ASSURANCE.--**

**Codes and standards.--**Mechanical work, including equipment, materials and installation, shall conform to the California Building Standards Code, Title 24, and to the California Code of Regulations, Title 8, Chapter 4, Division of Industrial Safety (DIS).

## **WARRANTY.--**

**Warranties and guarantees.--**Manufacturer's warranties and guarantees for materials or equipment used in the work shall be delivered to the Engineer at the jobsite prior to acceptance of the contract.

## **12-15.02 PIPE, FITTINGS AND VALVES**

### **PART 1.- GENERAL**

#### **SUMMARY.--**

**Scope.--**This work shall consist of furnishing and installing pipes, fittings and valves in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions. Pipe, fittings and valves shall include such plumbing and piping accessories and appurtenances, not mentioned, that are required for the proper installation and operation of the plumbing and piping systems.

All piping insulation and wrapping material shall be in accordance with the requirements specified under "Mechanical Insulation," in this Section 12-15.

No change in the pipe size shown on the plans shall be permitted without written permission from the Engineer.

The pipe and fitting classes and material descriptions shall be as specified herein. No change in class or description shall be permitted without written permission from the Engineer.

## **QUALITY ASSURANCE.--**

**Codes and standards.--**Pipe, fittings and valves shall be installed in accordance with the requirements in the latest edition of the Uniform Plumbing Code, the manufacturer's recommendations and the requirements specified herein.

## **PART 2.- PRODUCTS**

### **MATERIALS.--**

#### **PIPE AND FITTINGS --**

<b>Class</b>	<b>Description</b>
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##### **C1.--**

Hub and plain end cast iron soil pipe with neoprene gaskets conforming to Cast Iron Soil Pipe Institute's Standard 301. Pipe, fittings and gaskets shall be of one manufacturer.

##### **C2.--**

Hubless cast iron soil pipe with neoprene gaskets, corrugated stainless steel shields and stainless steel clamps conforming to Cast Iron Soil Pipe Institute's Standard 301. Joint materials shall be furnished by pipe manufacturer.

##### **H1.--**

Type DWV hard copper tubing conforming to ASTM Designation: B 306, with DWV drainage fittings, stop type couplings and threaded adapters.

##### **H2.--**

Type K hard copper tubing conforming to ASTM Designation: B 88, with wrought copper or cast bronze solder joint pressure fittings, stop type couplings and threaded adapters. Solder shall be lead-free.

##### **H3.--**

Type L hard copper tubing conforming to ASTM Designation: B 88, with wrought copper or cast bronze solder joint pressure fittings, stop type couplings and threaded adapters. Solder shall be lead-free.

#### **Unions (for copper or brass pipe).--**

Unions (for copper or brass pipe) shall be 1040 kPa cast bronze, ground joint, bronze to bronze seat with silver brazing threadless ends or 860 kPa cast brass, ground joint, brass to brass seat with threaded ends.

#### **Unions (for brass waste and flush pipes).--**

Unions (for brass waste and flush pipes) shall be slip or flange joint unions with soft rubber or leather gaskets. Unions shall be placed on the fixture side of the traps.

#### **Dielectric waterway.--**

Dielectric waterway shall be a premanufactured unit that incorporates an insulated interior lining at least 75 mm in length between the 2 pipes being connected while maintaining metal to metal contact on the exterior surface. Dielectric water way shall be listed by IAPMO (International Association of Plumbing and Mechanical Officials).

#### **Insulating union.--**

Insulating union or flange as applicable shall be suitable for the service on which used. Connections shall be constructed such that the 2 pipes being connected are completely insulated from each other with no metal to metal contact. Insulating couplings shall not be used. Insulating union shall be F. H. Maloney; Central Plastics; EPCO; or equal.

**Insulating connection (to hot water tanks).--**

Insulating connection (to hot water tanks) shall be 150 mm minimum, flexible copper tubing with dielectric union at each end and designed to withstand a pressure of 1040 kPa and a temperature of 93°C.

**VALVES.--****Gate valve (65 mm and smaller).--**

Gate valve in nonferrous water piping systems may be solder joint type with bronze body and trim. Valve shall be Kitz, 59; Nibco Scott, S-113; Jenkins, 1240; or equal.

**Ball valve.--**

Ball valve shall be two piece, minimum 2760 kPa WOG, bronze body and chrome plated or brass ball with full size port. Valve shall be Nibco Scott, T-580; Watts, B-6000; Kitz, 56; or equal.

**Pressure regulator (PR).--**

Pressure regulator (PR) shall be direct acting, spring loaded diaphragm type control valve with balanced single seat, bronze body, bronze trim and screwed connection. PR shall be completely self-contained and shall require no external sending pipes or outside control medium. The outlet pressure of the PR shall be adjustable within a range of 200 kPa to 500 kPa.

**FAUCET.--****Hose faucet.--**

Hose faucet shall be compression type, angle pattern, wall flange at exterior locations, tee handle, 20 mm female thread with hose end, rough chrome or nickel plated finish for locations inside building, rough brass finish for others. Hose faucet shall be supplied with an integral or nonremovable threaded outlet vacuum breaker which meets the requirements of the American Society of Sanitary Engineering (ASSE) Standard: 1011. Hose faucet shall be Nibco, No. 63VB; Chicago, No. 13T; or equal.

**CLEANOUTS.--****Cleanout through wall.--**

Cleanout through wall shall be cast iron cleanout tee type with polished stainless access plates. Plug shall be countersunk brass or bronze with tapered threads. Cleanout shall be Wade, No. W-8460; Smith, No. 4532; Zurn, No. 1445; or equal.

**Cleanout to grade.--**

Cleanout to grade shall be cast iron ferrule type. Plug shall be countersunk brass or bronze with tapered threads. Cleanout to grade shall be Wade, No. W-8450; Smith, 4420; Zurn, No 1440; or equal.

**MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.--****Water hammer arrestor.--**

Water hammer arrestor shall be stainless steel body with bellows or piston. Arrestor compression chambers shall be pneumatically charged. Water hammer arrestors shall be tested and certified in accordance with the Plumbing and Drainage Institute Standard: PDI-WH201 and sized as shown on the plans.

**Compression stop (exposed).--**

Compression stop (exposed) shall be metal full free waterway, angle type, ground joint union, non-rising stem, molded rubber seat and wheel handle.

**Pressure gages (for PR).--**

Pressure gages (for PR) shall have 0 to 700 kPa scale with 80 mm minimum diameter dial. Gages shall be installed within 150 mm of the inlet and outlet sides of the pressure reducing valve. Pressure gages shall be provided with a brass gage cock.

**Wye strainer.--**

Wye strainer shall be wye pattern, cast iron body and Type 304 stainless steel or monel strainer screen. The strainer screen shall have an open area equal to at least 3 times the cross sectional area of the pipe in which it is installed and shall be woven wire fabric with 20 mesh or perforated sheet with 850 micron maximum diameter holes.

**Pipe hanger (for piping supported from overhead).--**

Pipe hanger (for piping supported from overhead) shall be Grinnell, Model 269; Super Struct, C711; or equal.

**Pipe wrapping tape and primer.--**

Pipe wrapping tape shall be pressure sensitive polyvinyl chloride or pressure sensitive polyethylene tape having nominal thickness of 0.50 mm. Wrapping tape shall be Polyken, 922; Manville, Trantex VID-20; Scotchrap, 51; or equal.

Pipe wrapping primer shall be compatible with the pipe wrapping tape used.

**Floor, wall, and ceiling plates.--**

Floor, wall, and ceiling plates shall be chromium plated steel or plastic plates having screw or spring clamping devices and concealed hinges. Plates shall be sized to completely cover the hole.

**PART 3.- EXECUTION****INSTALLATION.--****INSTALLATION OF PIPES AND FITTINGS.--**

**Pipe and fittings.--**Pipe and fittings shall be installed in accordance with the following designated uses:

Designated Use	Pipe and Fitting Class
Domestic water (CW and HW) in buildings	H3 or H2
Domestic water underground within 1.5 m of the building	H2
Sanitary drain piping above ground in building	H1, or C2
Sanitary drain and vent piping underground within 1.5 m of the building	C1 or C2
Sanitary vent piping above ground in building	H1, or C2
Equipment drains and relief valve discharge	H3
Soap lines	H3

**Installing piping.--**Water piping shall be installed generally level, free of traps and bends, and arranged to conform to the building requirements.

Piping installed underground shall be tested as specified elsewhere in these special provisions before backfilling.

Public use areas shall have concealed piping.

Utility rooms and storage rooms may have exposed piping where indicated on plans.

Piping shall not be run in floor fill, except as shown on the plans.

Piping shall be installed parallel to walls. All obstructions shall be cleared, headroom preserved and openings and passageways kept clear whether shown or not. Piping shall not interfere with other work.

Where pipes pass through exterior walls, a clear space around pipe shall be provided. Space shall be caulked water tight with silicone caulk.

Underground copper pipe shall have brazed joints.



Exposed supply and drain piping in rest rooms shall be chrome finished.

Forty-five degree bends shall be used where offsets are required in venting. Vent pipe headers shall be sloped to eliminate any water or condensation.

Vent piping shall extend a minimum of 200 mm above the roof.

Horizontal sanitary sewer pipe inside buildings shall be installed on a uniform grade of not less than 2 percent unless shown otherwise on the plans.

Drainage pipe shall be run as straight as possible and shall have easy bends with long turns.

Wye fittings and 1/8 or 1/16 bends shall be used where possible. Long sweep bends and combination Wye and 1/8 bends may be used only for the connection of branch pipes to fixtures and on vertical runs of pipe.

**Water pipe near sewers.**--Water pipe shall not be installed below sewer pipe in the same trench or at any crossing, or below sewer pipe in parallel trenches less than one meter apart.

When a water pipe crosses above a sewer pipe, a vertical separation of at least 300 mm between the top of the sewer and the bottom of the water pipe shall be maintained.

When water and sewer pipe is installed in the same trench, the water pipe shall be on a solid shelf at least 300 mm above the top of the sewer pipe and 300 mm to one side.

**Pipe sleeves.**--The Contractor shall provide sleeves, inserts and openings necessary for the installation of pipe, fittings and valves. Damage to surrounding surfaces shall be patched to match existing.

PVC pipe sleeves shall be provided where each pipe passes through concrete floors, footings, walls or ceilings. Inside diameter of sleeves shall be at least 20 mm larger than outside diameter of pipe. Sleeves shall be installed to provide at least 10 mm space all around pipe the full depth of concrete. Space between pipes and pipe sleeves shall be caulked watertight.

**Cutting pipe.**--All pipe shall be cut straight and true and the ends shall be reamed to the full inside diameter of the pipe after cutting.

**Damaged pipe.**--Pipe that is cracked, bent or otherwise damaged shall be removed from the work.

**Pipe joints and connections.**--Exposed polished or enameled connections to fixtures or equipment shall be made with special care, showing no tool marks or threads.

**Cleaning and closing pipe.**--The interior of all pipe shall be cleaned before installation. All openings shall be capped or plugged as soon as the pipe is installed to prevent the entrance of any materials. The caps or plugs shall remain in place until their removal is necessary for completion of the installation.

**Securing pipe.**--Pipe in the buildings shall be held in place by iron hangers, supports, pipe rests, anchors, sway braces, guides or other special hangers. Material for hangers and supports shall be compatible with the piping or neoprene isolators shall be used. Allowances shall be made for expansion and contraction. Copper pipe 25 mm or smaller shall have hangers or supports every 2 m and sizes larger than 25 mm shall have hangers or supports every 3 m. Cast iron soil pipe with neoprene gaskets shall be supported at each joint. Vertical pipes shall be supported with clamps or straps. Horizontal and vertical piping shall be securely supported and braced to prevent swaying, sagging or flexing of joints.

**Hangers and supports.**--Hangers and supports shall be selected to withstand all conditions of loading to which the piping and associated equipment may be subjected and within the manufacturer's load ratings. Hangers and supports shall be spaced and distributed so as to avoid load concentrations and to minimize the loading effect on the building structure.

Hangers and supports shall be sized to fit the outside diameter of pipe or pipe insulation. Hangers shall be removable from around pipe and shall have provisions for vertical adjustment after erection. Turnbuckles may be used.

Materials for holding pipe in place shall be compatible with piping material.

Hanger rods shall be provided with locknuts at all threaded connections. Hanger rods shall be sized as follows:

Pipe Size	Minimum Hanger Rod Diameter
15 mm to 50 mm	10 mm
65 mm to 87 mm	13 mm
100 mm to 125 mm	16 mm
150 mm	19 mm

**Union.--**Unions shall be installed where shown and at each threaded or soldered connection to equipment and tanks. Unions shall be located so piping can be easily disconnected for removal of equipment or tanks. Unions shall be omitted at compression stops.

**Dielectric waterway.--**Dielectric waterway shall be provided between metal pipes of different material, and between brass or bronze valves and steel piping.

**Insulating union and insulating connection.--**Insulating union and insulating connection shall be provided where shown and at the following locations:

1. In metallic water connections into each. Insulating connections shall be installed on the exterior of the building, above ground and after shut-off valve.
2. In water connections in ground at point where new metallic pipes connect to existing metallic pipes. Install valve box above insulating connection.

**Bonding at insulating connections.--**Interior water piping and other interior piping that may be electrically energized and are connected with insulating connections shall be bonded in accordance with the National Electrical Code. Bonding shall all be coordinated with electrical work.

**Compression stop.--**Each fixture, including hose faucets, shall be equipped with a compression stop installed on water supply pipes to permit repairs without shutting off water mains. Ball valves may be installed where shown on the plans or otherwise permitted by the Engineer.

#### **INSTALLATION OF FAUCETS.--**

**Hose faucets.--**Faucets shall be installed with outlets 0.5 m above finished grade.

#### **INSTALLATION OF CLEANOUTS.--**

**Cleanouts.--**A concrete pad 0.5 m long and 100 mm thick shall be placed across the full width of trench under cleanout Wye or 1/8 bend. Cast iron soil pipe (C1 or C2) and fittings shall be used from Wye to surface. Required clearance around cleanouts shall be maintained.

Cleanout risers outside of a building installed in a surface other than concrete shall terminate in a cleanout to grade. Cleanout to grade shall terminate in a valve box with cover marked "CO-SS". Top of box shall be set flush with finished grade. Cleanout plug shall be 100 mm below grade and shall be located in the box to provide sufficient room for rodding.

#### **INSTALLATION OF MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.--**

**Water hammer arrestor.--**Water hammer arrestor shall be installed so that they are vertical and accessible for replacement.

**Flushing completed systems.--**All completed systems shall be flushed and blown out.

**Chlorination.--**The Contractor shall flush and chlorinate all domestic water piping and fixtures.

Calcium hypochlorite granules or tablets, if used, shall not be applied in the dry form, but shall first be dissolved into a solution before application.

The Contractor shall take adequate precautions in handling chlorine so as not to endanger workmen or damage materials. All pipes and fittings shall be completely filled with water containing a minimum of 50 ppm available chlorine. Each outlet in the system shall be opened and water run to waste until a strong chlorine test is obtained. The line shall then be closed and the chlorine solution allowed to remain in the system for a minimum of 24 hours so that the line shall contain no less than 25 ppm chlorine throughout. After the retention period, the system shall be drained, flushed and refilled with fresh water.

### **FIELD QUALITY CONTROL.--**

**Testing.--**The Contractor shall test piping at completion of roughing in, before backfilling, and at other times as directed by the Engineer.

The system shall be tested as a single unit, or in sections as approved by the Engineer. The Contractor shall furnish necessary materials, test pumps, instruments and labor and notify the Engineer at least 3 working days in advance of testing. After testing, the Contractor shall repair all leaks and retest to determine that leaks have been stopped. Surplus water shall be disposed of after testing as directed by the Engineer.

The Contractor shall take precautions to prevent joints from drawing while pipes and appurtenances are being tested. The Contractor shall repair damage to pipes and appurtenances or to other structures resulting from or caused by tests.

**General tests.--**All piping shall be tested after assembly and prior to backfill, pipe wrapping, connecting fixtures, wrapping joints and covering the pipe. Systems shall show no loss in pressure or visible leaks.

The Contractor shall test systems according to the following schedule for a period of not less than 4 hours:

Test Schedule		
Piping System	Test Pressure	Test Media
Sanitary sewer and vent	250 mm head	Water
Water	860 kPa	Water

During testing of water systems, valves shall be closed and pipeline filled with water. Provisions shall be made for release of air.

Sanitary sewers shall be cleared of obstructions before testing for leakage. The pipe shall be proved clear of obstructions by pulling an appropriate size inflatable plug through the pipe. The plug shall be moved slowly through the pipe with a tag line. The Contractor shall remove or repair any obstructions or irregularities.

## **12-15.03 MECHANICAL INSULATION**

### **PART 1.- GENERAL**

#### **SUMMARY.--**

**Scope.--**This work shall consist of furnishing and installing mechanical insulation in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Piping insulation shall be installed on all domestic hot water piping.

Condensate drain lines shall be insulated with alternative pipe insulation.

P-trap, hot water supply pipes and angle valves for lavatories and sinks, except in janitor closets or similar enclosed spaces, shall be insulated.

#### **QUALITY ASSURANCE.--**

**Codes and standards.--**Mechanical insulation shall conform to California State Energy Commission regulations and, where applicable, shall meet American Society of Testing and Materials (ASTM) standards.

All materials shall bear the label of the Underwriters Laboratory (UL) or other approved testing laboratory indicating that the materials proposed for use conform to the required fire hazard ratings.

Pipe safety insulation shall conform to Section 1504(b) of Title 24, Part 5, California Plumbing Code.

## **PART 2.- PRODUCTS**

### **MATERIAL.--**

**General.--**All pipe insulation and wrapping material, including adhesives and jackets, located within buildings shall be certified to have a composite flame spread rating of not more than 25 and smoke development rating of not more than 450 when tested in accordance with ASTM Designation: E 84.

Duct insulation and wrapping material, including adhesives and jackets, located within buildings shall be certified to have a composite flame spread of not more than 25 and smoke development rating of not more than 50 when tested in accordance with ASTM Designation: E 84.

### **Domestic water insulation.--**

Piping insulation shall be glass fiber molded pipe insulation with factory applied jacket suitable for service temperatures up to 175°C. Covering jacket shall have pressure sealing lap adhesive joints. Pipe insulation shall have a minimum thermal resistance of  $R-0.5 \text{ K}\cdot\text{m}^2/\text{W}$ . Insulation and jackets shall be Owens-Corning, Fiberglass 25 with ASJ/SSL All Service Jacket; Manville, Micro-Lok 650ML with AP-T All Purpose Jacket; or equal.

### **Piping insulation cement.--**

Insulation cement shall be Fenco, All Purpose Cement; Manville, JM375; or equal.

### **Alternative pipe insulation.--**

Alternative pipe insulation shall be a condensate-proof material such as polyurethane or neoprene in a flexible tubular form. Insulation shall have a service temperature range between -40°C and 93°C and a minimum thermal resistance of  $R-0.5 \text{ K}\cdot\text{m}^2/\text{W}$ .

### **Pipe safety insulation.--**

Pipe safety insulation for P-traps, hot water supply pipes and angle valves shall be molded closed cell vinyl or closed cell foam with exterior vinyl surface. Pipe safety insulation shall be configured to protect against contact. Pipe safety insulation shall be Truebro Inc., Handi Lav-guard; Plumberex Specialty Products, Handy Shield; or equal.

### **Duct liner.--**

Duct liner shall be 25 mm minimum thickness. Material and coatings shall be fire resistive and shall be approved by the State Fire Marshal. Liner shall be Gustin-Bacon, Ultra-Liner duct insulation; Owens-Corning Fiberglas, Type CE; Gustin-Bacon, coated insulation Board No. 90-A; Owens-Corning Fiberglas 0.7 kg density coated flexible duct liner; Johns-Manville, MicroBar, or 0.7 kg density coated Microlite; Pittsburgh Plate Glass, Superfine 0.7 kg density coated interior duct insulation; or equal.

## **PART 3.- EXECUTION**

### **INSTALLATION.--**

**General.--**Insulation materials shall be neatly installed with smooth and even surfaces, jackets drawn tight and smoothly cemented down.

Insulation material shall not be installed until all pipes or surfaces to be covered are tested for leaks, cleaned and dried, and foreign materials, such as rust, have been removed.

**Piping insulation.--**Piping insulation shall be in accordance with the following, except that unions, unless integral with valves, and flexible connections shall not be insulated.

- a. Extend insulation continuous through pipe hangers and pipe sleeves. At hangers where pipe is supported, provide an insulated protection shield.
- b. Jacket flap shall be sealed down with factory applied self-sealing lap. Seams shall be lapped not less than 40 mm. Jacket shall be secured with aluminum bands installed at 300 mm centers.

Alternate pipe insulation, where used, shall be installed on piping before connections are made or the insulation may be slit lengthwise, applied to pipe and sealed with adhesive.

**Pipe safety insulation.**--Pipe safety insulation shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.

## **12-15.04 PLUMBING FIXTURES**

### **PART 1.- GENERAL**

#### **SUMMARY.--**

**Scope.**--This work shall consist of furnishing and installing plumbing fixtures in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

### **PART 2.- PRODUCTS**

**General.**--Plumbing fixtures shall meet the following requirements:

#### **Multi-Use Building:**

#### **Water closet (disabled accessible, 6 liters per flush, floor mounted with tank).—**

Disabled accessible water closet shall be 6 liters per flush maximum, vitreous china, siphonable jet, 410 mm to 445 mm high elongated bowl, close coupled tank, floor mounted, with solid plastic open front elongated seat with check hinges. Water closet shall meet or exceed American Disabilities Act guidelines and ANSI Standards: A117.1 and A112.19.2. Closet and accessories shall be of the following types or equal:

	American Standard	Crane	Universal Rundle
Closet	"Cadet 17 EL1.6/PA" 2168.100 or 4086.800	"Hymont" 3-154E or 3-152 with 3-655	"Atlas 1.5" UR 4078-341 or UR 4078-342
Seat	Church 5321.070	Olsonite 95	Benke 527

#### **Comfort Station:**

#### **Water closet (13 liters per flush).--**

Water closet shall be wall hung, back supply, blowout type with integral elongated seat and a steel security frame; and shall be one-piece construction using 14-gage, Type 304, stainless steel with integral, fully enclosed trap. Flush valve shall be a concealed behind wall, diaphragm type, sensor operated flushometer with manual push button override; and come with stainless steel, wall cover plate.

#### **Toilet seat.--**

Toilet seat shall be Church, 5321.070; Olsonite, 95; Kohler, "Lustra" K-4670-C; or equal.

**Urinal**

Urinal shall be back mounted with a steel security frame, back supply, wall hung, blowout type; and shall be one-piece construction using 14-gauge, Type 304, stainless steel with integral, fully enclosed trap. Flush valve shall be a concealed behind wall, diaphragm type, sensor operated flushometer with manual push button override; and come with stainless steel, wall cover plate.

**Multi-Use Building:****Lavatory (wall-mounted).--**

Lavatory shall be vitreous china, with back, integral perforated grid drain, drilled for 102 mm centers, size 508 mm x 457 mm, with single extra long lever mixing faucet and chair carrier with concealed arms. Lavatory shall be equipped with temperature controls to limit the hot water supply to 43°C. Lavatory shall be equipped with a flow limiting device that limits the flow rate of hot water to no more than 2 liters per minute. Lavatory and accessories shall be of the following types or equal:

	Eljer	Crane	Kohler
Lavatory	"Lucerne" 0355.012	"Norwich" 1-194-V	"Greenwich" K-2032
Drain	--	C-1065-G or Moen 52659	K-7715
Supplies	Brass Craft FR1711C	C-1151 or Moen 52664	K-7605
Faucet	2385.130	Moen 8400	K-15592-5
Trap	32 mm chromium plated brass exposed bent tube adjustable 1.37 mm (17-gage) minimum thickness.		
Carrier	Concealed wall mounted carrier with leveling screws and locking devices; Zurn, J.R. Smith, Josam, Wade, Jonespec, or equal.		

**Comfort Station:****Lavatory.--**

Lavatory shall be back mounted with a steel security frame and shall be one-piece construction using 14-gage, Type 304, stainless steel with enclosed, stainless steel, 38 mm elbow waste. Faucet shall be infrared sensor activated.

**Service sink.--**

Service sink shall be acid resisting enameled cast iron, plain undrilled back, stainless steel or chrome plated sheet brass rim guard on three sides, stainless steel strainer, size approximately 560 mm x 460 mm, with 75 mm floor stand trap with integral cleanout, of the following types, or equal:

	American Standard	Eljer	Kohler
Service sink	"Lakewell" 7692.023	242-0150	"Bannon" K-6718
Strainer	8301.061	-----	-----
Trap	7798.176	804-1060 w/strainer	K-6673 w/strainer
Faucet	Bucket hook, vacuum breaker, integral stops, top brace, long spout with hose threads:		
	8344.111 or 8343.105	749-1200	K8907

## **Multi-Use Building and Comfort Station**

### **Water heater (electric).--**

Water heater shall be minimum capacity as shown on plans, designed for minimum 860 kPa, interlocking (non-simultaneous) or single element, glass lined, and equipped with magnesium anodes, cold water drop tube, high temperature energy shut-off device, valved drain, high density R-1.4 K• m<sup>2</sup>/W minimum foam insulation and finished with a steel jacket with baked enamel finish. Water heater shall meet the requirements of the California Energy Commission.

Water heater shall be equipped with an ASME labeled, tank mounted, pressure and temperature relief valve sized for maximum input.

## **PART 3.- EXECUTION**

### **INSTALLATION.--**

**General.--**All finish for exposed metal on any fixture, including wall flanges, bolts, nuts and washer, shall be polished chrome plated.

Fixtures shall be sealed to wall or floor with silicone caulk bead.

Wall mounted fixtures shall be installed on concealed chair carriers designed to support weight of fixture from the floor, made for the specific fixture to be supported and for the particular installation conditions.

Stainless steel fixtures shall be installed as specified by the manufacturer using a security frame and steel anchor rods secured on the chase side of the wall.

All fixtures shall be provided with accessible metal stop valves.

### **FIXTURE MOUNTING HEIGHTS.--**

**General.--**Unless otherwise noted, fixtures shall be mounted at the heights shown on the plans.

**Service sink.--**Service sink double faucet shall be mounted on wall above sink back with spout outlet face 400 mm above service sink rim.

**Water heater.--**Water heater shall be installed with seismic restraints, inlet ball valve and insulating connections, and 20 mm pressure and temperature relief drain pipe.

### **FIELD QUALITY CONTROL.--**

**Testing.--**The Contractor shall test piping in accordance with the requirements specified elsewhere in these special provisions.

All installed fixtures shall be tested for proper operation after all plumbing work has been completed.

## **12-15.05 HEATING, VENTILATING AND AIR CONDITIONING EQUIPMENT AND SYSTEMS**

### **PART 1.- GENERAL**

**Scope.--**This work shall consist of furnishing, installing and testing heating, ventilating and air conditioning (HVAC) equipment and systems in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

The performance rating and electric service of the HVAC equipment shall be as shown on the plans.

**Temperature controls.--**Thermostats, relays, timer switches, and other sensor type control devices required for this work shall be furnished and installed by the supplier of the heating, ventilating and air conditioning equipment. All temperature control wiring shall be furnished and installed in accordance with the requirements specified in Section 12-16, "Electrical," of these special provisions.

**Codes and standards.--**Equipment and systems shall conform to California State Energy Commission Regulations and, where applicable, shall be American Refrigeration Institute (ARI), American Gas Association (AGA), Sheet Metal and Air Conditioning Contractors National Association, Inc. (SMACNA), and Air Movement and Control Association (AMCA) approved for performance ratings and application shown on the plans.

Any appliance for which there is a California standard established in the Appliance Efficiency Standards may be installed only if the manufacturer has certified to the Commission, as specified in those regulations, that the appliance complies with the applicable standards for that appliance. Space conditioning equipment may be installed only if the manufacturer has certified that the equipment meets or exceeds all applicable efficiency requirements listed in the Energy Efficiency Standards.

### **PART 2.- PRODUCTS**

#### **HEATING AND COOLING UNITS.--**

##### **Heat pump (ductless).--**

Heat pump shall be a split system heat pump consisting of an outdoor unit and an indoor unit. The outdoor unit shall consist of a fully hermetically sealed compressor; a coil constructed of aluminum plate fins mechanically bonded to copper tubing; a direct-drive, propeller-type fan discharging horizontally; and all controls, tubing and appurtenances required for a complete operating system. The indoor unit shall consist of a fan coil, an expansion control device, a centrifugal, direct-drive, blower type fan, auxiliary electric heat strips, and a thermostat. In addition, the indoor unit shall come with a plug or local disconnect and a condensate pump; and shall accommodate a limited amount of ductwork capable of supplying fresh air and providing adjacent room cooling and heating. The fresh air duct shall include an in-line, power ventilation accessory and a readily accessible, cleanable, vent filter installed as shown on the plans. The ductwork shall be insulated as specified elsewhere in these provisions. The system shall provide heating or cooling as required by the thermostat. Units shall be Carrier, Bryant, Sanyo, or equal.

##### **Power ventilation accessory.—**

A power ventilation accessory shall be provided with the heat pump, indoor unit, and fan coil unit. The accessory shall be provided with a speed regulator and a local on-off switch with fuses. The fan speed shall be regulated to bring in up to 20 percent fresh air of the total airflow.

##### **FANS.--**

##### **Heater/vent.--**

Heater/vent combination shall be ceiling mounted, recessed type unit with metal housing, grille and backdraft damper. Ducting size shall be as required by the manufacturer. Use with two-function switch.

#### **AUXILIARY HVAC COMPONENTS.--**

Unless specified herein, all components shall be sized and have the characteristics as shown on the plans.

##### **Duct supports.--**

Duct supports shall be hot-dip galvanized steel.



**Flexible ductwork.--**

Flexible ductwork shall be UL 181, Class 1 air duct rated and shall meet the requirements of NFPA 90-A. Duct shall have steel helix wire, flexible insulation, minimum thermal resistance of  $R-0.7$  ( $m^2 \cdot K/W$ ), and flame resistant vapor barrier. Inner and outer surfaces shall be non-metallic. Outer surface shall be Copolymer or Mylar, factory applied.

**Ceiling diffuser (for gypsum board ceilings).--**

Ceiling diffuser for gypsum board ceilings shall be rectangular or square type. Diffuser shall be steel with oven baked-on enamel bone white dull finish or extruded aluminum, equipped with a removable core and a standard flanged frame with sponge rubber or felt gasket. Diffuser shall have individually adjustable curved blades, counter-sunk screw holes, shall be surface mounted, with face velocity less than 3.05 m/s; Titus, 250; Air Mate, 400-O; Hart and Cooley, A40; or equal.

**Refrigerant and condensate drain piping.--**

Refrigerant and condensate drain piping shall be rigid, Type L copper tubing with brazed solder fittings. The suction line shall be insulated, with vapor barrier and shall be weatherproofed for exterior installation. Condensate drain piping shall be insulated as specified elsewhere in these provisions. Factory sealed tubing shall not be used.

**PART 3.- EXECUTION****INSTALLATION.--**

**Ventilators.--**Exhaust ducts connected to exhaust fans shall be routed as directly as possible and shall terminate in a weatherproof cap. Duct sizes shall be as recommended by the manufacturer.

**Condensate drains.--**Heat pumps shall be provided with condensate drain trap and piping. Air gap shall be installed where required by code. Interior condensate drain piping shall be insulated as specified elsewhere in these provisions.

**Mounting heights.--**Thermostats and time switches shall be installed as shown on the plans.

**Air outlets.--**Blocking shall be provided on all sides of air outlets between ceiling or wall joists. Collars shall be supplied for all outlets and shall be taped and sealed in place.

**Vents.--**Vents shall be securely fastened to the building construction, shall be provided with a collar at all ceiling penetrations and shall terminate with a weather cap fabricated of the same material.

**Ducts and vents.--**Ductwork within the building shall be installed to clear lighting fixtures, doors, windows and other obstructions. Ductwork shall keep openings and passageways clear whether shown on plans or not.

Ductwork shall be installed and braced according to the latest edition of the SMACNA "HVAC Duct Construction Standards."

Where ducts pass through walls, floors or ceilings, galvanized sheet metal or steel angle collars shall be installed around the ducts.

Duct sections shall be connected by beaded sleeve-type couplings using joint sealer as recommended by the duct manufacturer. Duct sections shall be mechanically fastened with pop rivets or sheet metal screws and sealed with mastic or insulated, reinforced silver tape.

All standing seams and transverse joints of supply, and exhaust ducts; and seams around plenums, fan and coil housings shall be sealed with sealant and taped.

**FIELD QUALITY CONTROL.--**

**Pre-test requirements.--**Before starting or operating systems, equipment shall be cleaned and checked for proper installation, lubrication and servicing.

The Contractor shall replace or revise any equipment, systems or work found deficient during tests.

All automatic operating devices which are pertinent to the adjustment of the aforementioned air systems shall be set and adjusted to deliver the required quantities of air and at temperatures specified by the Engineer. All control work shall be done in collaboration with the control manufacturer's representative.

**Project completion tests.**--The Engineer shall be notified at least 3 working days in advance of starting project completion tests.

Upon completion of mechanical work and pre-test requirements, or at such time prior to completion as determined by the Engineer, the Contractor shall operate and test installed mechanical systems for at least 3 consecutive 8-hour days to demonstrate satisfactory overall operation.

## **SECTION 12-16. ELECTRICAL**

### **12-16.01 ELECTRICAL WORK**

#### **PART 1.- GENERAL**

##### **SUMMARY.--**

**Scope.**--This work shall consist of performing electrical work in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Electrical work shall include furnishing all labor, materials, equipment and services required to construct and install the complete electrical system shown on the plans and the work of installing electrical connections for the thermostats, motors, and controls specified elsewhere in these special provisions.

System layouts are generally diagrammatic and location of equipment is approximate. Exact routing of conduits and other facilities and location of equipment is to be governed by structural conditions and other obstructions, and shall be coordinated with the work of other trades. Equipment requiring maintenance and inspection shall be located where it is readily accessible for the performance of such maintenance and inspection.

**Related work.**--Earthwork, foundations, sheet metal, painting, mechanical and such other work incidental to and necessary for the proper installation and operation of the electrical work shall be done in accordance with the requirements specified for similar work elsewhere in these special provisions.

##### **CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS.--**

**Operation and maintenance manuals.**--Prior to the completion of the contract, 3 identified copies of the operation and maintenance instructions with parts lists for the equipment specified herein shall be delivered to the Engineer at the jobsite. The instructions and parts lists shall be in a bound manual form and shall be complete and adequate for the equipment installed. Inadequate or incomplete material will be returned. The Contractor shall resubmit adequate and complete manuals at no expense to the State.

##### **QUALITY ASSURANCE.--**

**Codes and standards.**--All work performed and materials installed shall be in accordance with the National Electrical Code; the California Building Standards Code, Title 24, Part 3, "California Electrical Code," and the California Code of Regulations, Title 8, Chapter 4, "Electrical Safety Orders," and all local ordinances.

**Warranties and guarantees.**--Manufacturer's warranties and guarantees for materials or equipment used in the work shall be delivered to the Engineer at the jobsite prior to acceptance of the contract.

##### **TESTING.--**

After the electrical system installation work has been completed, the electrical system shall be tested in the presence of the Engineer to demonstrate that the electrical system functions properly. The Contractor shall make necessary repairs, replacements, adjustments and retests at his expense.

## **12-16.02 BASIC MATERIALS AND METHODS**

### **PART 1.- GENERAL**

#### **SUMMARY.--**

**Scope.--**This work shall consist of furnishing and installing conduits, conductors, fittings, and wiring devices in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

Conduits, conductors, fittings, and wiring devices shall include those accessories and appurtenances, not mentioned, that are required for the proper installation and operation of the electrical system.

**Related work.--**Roof penetrations shall be flashed and sealed watertight conforming to the requirements specified under "Sheet Metal Flashing" in Section 12-7, "Thermal and Moisture Protection," of these special provisions.

Where conduits pass through fire rated wall, floor or ceiling assemblies, the penetrations shall be protected in accordance with the requirements specified under "Through-Penetration Firestopping" in Section 12-7, "Thermal and Moisture Protection," of these special provisions.

#### **SUBMITTALS.--**

**Product data.--**A list of materials and equipment to be installed, manufacturer's descriptive data, and such other data as may be requested by the Engineer shall be submitted for approval.

Manufacturer's descriptive data shall include complete description, performance data and installation instructions for the materials and equipment specified herein. Control and wiring diagrams, rough-in dimensions for recessed junction and pull boxes, and component layout shall be included where applicable. All control and power conductors on the shop drawings shall be identified with wire numbers.

### **PART 2.- PRODUCTS**

#### **CONDUITS AND FITTINGS.--**

##### **Rigid steel conduit and fittings.--**

Rigid steel conduit shall be threaded, full weight rigid steel, hot-dip galvanized inside and outside with steel or malleable iron fittings. Fittings shall be threaded unless otherwise specified or shown on the plans.

Split or three-piece couplings shall be electroplated, malleable cast iron couplings.

Insulated grounding bushings shall be threaded malleable cast iron body with plastic insulated throat and steel, lay-in ground lug with compression screw.

Insulated metallic bushings shall be threaded malleable cast iron body with plastic insulated throat.

##### **Electrical metallic tubing (EMT) and fittings.--**

Electrical metallic tubing shall be formed of cold rolled strip steel, electrical resistance welded continuously along the longitudinal seam with zinc coating outside and enamel or lacquer coating inside.

Couplings shall be electroplated, rain and concrete tight, gland compression type, steel body couplings with malleable iron nuts.

Connectors shall be electroplated, rain and concrete tight, gland compression type, steel body connectors with male hub, malleable iron nut and insulated plastic throat.

##### **Liquid tight flexible metallic conduit and fittings.--**

Liquid tight flexible metallic conduit shall be fabricated in continuous length from galvanized sheet steel, spirally wound and formed to provide an interlocking design with an extruded polyvinyl chloride cover.

Fittings shall be electroplated, malleable cast iron body, with cap nut, grounding ferrule, and connector body with insulated throat.

#### **Rigid non-metallic conduit and fittings.--**

Rigid non-metallic conduit shall be Schedule 40, high impact, nonconducting, self-extinguishing polyvinyl chloride (PVC) rigid non-metallic conduit for direct underground burial.

Couplings shall be PVC, socket type or thread on one end and socket type on the other end as required for the particular application.

Terminal adapters for adapting PVC conduit to boxes, threaded fittings, or metallic conduit system shall be PVC adapters with threads on one end and socket type on the other end.

#### **CABLES AND CONDUCTORS.--**

##### **Telephone cables.--**

Telephone cable shall be Category 5, 4-pair, No. 24 AWG, unshielded twisted pair, low loss, extended frequency communication cable and shall conform to EIA/TIA 568 Commercial Building Wiring Standards. Application standards supported should include, but not limited to IEEE 802.3, 10BASE-T and IEEE 802.5 (4 or 16 Mbps). In addition, cables shall be capable of supporting evolving high-end applications such as 10BASE-T and 155 Mbps ATM systems.

##### **Conductors.--**

Conductors shall be stranded copper wire.

Conductor insulation types unless otherwise shown or specified, shall be as follows:

1. Conductors across hinges of control panel enclosures shall be Type MTW.
2. Conductors shall be type XHHW in wet and outdoor locations.
3. Conductors shall be type THHN in dry locations.

##### **Wire connections and devices.--**

Wire connections and devices shall be pressure or compression type, except that connectors for No. 10 AWG and smaller conductors in dry locations may be preinsulated spring-pressure type.

#### **ELECTRICAL BOXES.--**

##### **Outlet, device and junction boxes.--**

Unless otherwise shown or specified, boxes shall be galvanized steel boxes with knock-outs and shall be the size and configuration best suited to the application indicated on the plans. Minimum size of outlet, receptacle, switch or junction boxes shall be 100 mm square by 40 mm deep, except that switch boxes for the installation of single switches and outlet boxes for flush-mounted light fixtures shall be 50 mm by 75 mm by 40 mm deep.

Multiple switches shall be installed in standard gang boxes, unless otherwise specified or shown on the plans.

Cast metal boxes shall be cast iron boxes with threaded hubs and shall be of the size and configuration best suited to the application shown on the plans.

Flush-mounted boxes shall have stainless steel covers, one mm thick. Cover screws shall be metal with finish to match cover finish.

Unless otherwise shown or specified, surface-mounted boxes shall have galvanized steel covers with metal screws.

Weatherproof junction boxes shall have cast metal covers with gaskets.

Weatherproof switch and receptacle boxes shall have gasketed covers with gasketed hinged flaps to cover switches and receptacles.

**Underground pull boxes.--**

Pull boxes shall be high-density reinforced concrete box with ultraviolet inhibitor polyethylene etched face anchored in concrete and fiberglass cover with hold down bolts. The polyethylene and fiberglass material shall be fire resistant and show no appreciable change in physical properties with exposure to the weather. No. 3 1/2 pull box shall be Brooks Products, No. 3 1/2; Christy Concrete Products, N9; or equal. No. 5 pull box shall be Brooks Products No. 5; Christy Concrete Products, N30; or equal.

**RECEPTACLES AND SWITCHES.--**

**Ground fault circuit interrupter receptacles, (GFCI).--**

Ground fault circuit interrupter receptacles shall be NEMA Type 5-20R, feed-through type, ivory color, 3-wire, 20-ampere, 125-volt AC, grounding type, specification grade, duplex receptacle with ground fault interruption. Receptacle shall detect and trip at current leakage of 5 milliamperes and shall have front mounted test and reset buttons.

**Duplex receptacles.--**

Duplex receptacles shall be NEMA Type 5-20R, 3-wire, 20-ampere, 125-volt AC, safety grounding, ivory color, specification grade receptacle suitable for wiring with stranded conductors.

**Management information system (MIS) receptacles.--**

Management information system (MIS) receptacles shall be NEMA Type 5-20R, 3-wire, 20-ampere, 125-volt AC, isolated grounding, orange color, specification grade receptacle suitable for wiring with stranded conductors.

**Snap switches.--**

Snap switches shall be 20-ampere, 120/277-volt AC, quiet type, specification grade, ivory color switch with silver cadmium alloy contacts. Switch shall be suitable for wiring with stranded conductors.

**MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS.--**

**Warning Tape.--**

Warning tape shall be 100 mm wide and contain the printed warning "CAUTION ELECTRICAL CONDUIT" in bold 19 mm black letters at 760 mm intervals on bright orange or yellow background. The printed warning shall be non-erasable when submerged under water and resistant to insects, acids, alkali, and other corrosive elements in the soil. The tape shall have a tensile strength of not less than 70 kg per 100 mm wide strip and shall have a minimum elongation of 700 percent before breaking.

**Pull ropes.--**

Pull ropes shall be nylon or polypropylene with a minimum tensile strength of 225 kg.

**Watertight conduit plugs.--**

Watertight conduit plugs shall be a hollow or solid stem expansion plugs complete with inner and outer white polypropylene compression plates and red thermoplastic rubber seal. Seal material shall be non-stick type rubber resistant to oils, salt, and alkaline substances normally available at the construction sites.

**Anchorage devices.--**

Anchorage devices shall be corrosion resistant, toggle bolts, wood screws, bolts, machine screws, studs, expansion shields, and expansion anchors and inserts.

**Electrical supporting devices.--**

Electrical supporting devices shall be one-hole conduit clamps with clamp backs, hot-dipped galvanized, malleable cast iron.

Construction channel shall be 41 mm x 41 mm, 2.66 mm (12-gage) galvanized steel channel with 13 mm diameter bolt holes, 40 mm on center in the base of the channel.

#### **Telephone outlet boxes.--**

Telephone outlet boxes shall be 102 mm square boxes and plates with modular type telephone outlet. Boxes on stud walls shall have plaster ring.

Plates for flush mounting outlets in finished room shall be Type 430 stainless steel, 1 mm thick with satin finish.

### **PART 3.- EXECUTION**

#### **INSTALLATION.--**

**Conduit, general.--**Rigid steel conduit shall be used unless otherwise shown on the plans or specified in these special provisions.

Electrical metallic tubing may be used in furred spaces and for exposed work indoors above the switch height.

Unless otherwise specified or shown on the plans, flexible metal conduit shall be used to connect suspended lighting fixtures, motors, HVAC equipment, and other equipment subject to vibration in dry locations.

Unless otherwise specified or shown on the plans, liquid-tight flexible metal conduit shall be used to connect motors, HVAC equipment, and other equipment subject to vibration in wet locations.

Rigid non-metallic conduit shall be used at the locations shown on the plans for direct underground burial outside the building foundation.

**Conduit installation.--**Conduit trade sizes are shown on the plans. No deviation from the conduit size shown on the plans will be permitted without written permission from the Engineer.

Conduit shall be concealed unless otherwise shown on the plans.

Conduits shall be tightly covered and well protected during construction using metallic bushings and bushing "pennies" to seal open ends.

Rigid non-metallic conduit bends of 30 degrees or greater shall be factory-made long radius sweeps. Bends less than 30 degrees shall be made using an approved heat box.

A pull rope shall be installed in all empty conduits. At least one meter of pull rope shall be doubled back into the conduit at each termination.

Locations of conduit runs shall be planned in advance of the installation and coordinated with the ductwork, plumbing, ceiling and wall construction in the same areas and shall not unnecessarily cross other conduits or pipe, nor prevent removal of ceiling tiles or panels, nor block access to mechanical or electrical equipment.

Where practical, conduits shall be installed in groups in parallel, vertical or horizontal runs and at elevations that avoid unnecessary offsets.

Exposed conduit shall be installed parallel and at right angles to the building lines.

Conduits shall not be placed closer than 300 mm from a parallel hot water or steam pipe or 75 mm from such lines crossing perpendicular to the runs.

All raceway systems shall be secured to the building structures using specified fasteners, clamps and hangers.

Single conduit runs shall be supported by using one hole pipe clamps. Where run horizontally on walls in damp or wet locations, conduit shall be installed with "clamp backs" to space conduit off the surface.

Multiple conduit runs shall be supported with construction channel secured to the building structure. Conduits shall be fastened to construction channel with channel compatible pipe clamps.

Raceways of different types shall be joined using approved couplings or transition fittings.

Expansion couplings shall be installed where conduit crosses a building separation or expansion joint.

All floor and wall penetrations shall be sealed water-tight.

Existing underground conduit to be incorporated into a new system shall be cleaned with a mandrel or cylindrical wire brush and blown out with compressed air.

**Conduit terminations.--**Rigid steel conduits shall be securely fastened to cabinets, boxes and gutters using 2 lock nuts and specified insulating metallic bushing. Electrical metallic tubing shall be securely fastened to cabinets, boxes and gutters using specified connectors. Conduit terminations at exposed weatherproof enclosures and cast outlet boxes shall be made watertight using specified hubs.

Grounding bushings with bonding jumpers shall be installed on all type of conduits terminating at concentric knockouts and on all conduits containing service conductors, grounding electrode conductor, and conductors feeding separate buildings.

Rigid non-metallic conduits shall be terminated inside the underground pull boxes with an approved conduit bushings or fittings. All conduits shall enter the pull box at an angle of 45 degrees or more.

All future conduits terminated in underground pull boxes or exposed indoor and outdoor shall be provided with watertight conduit plugs.

**Warning Tape.--**Warning tape shall be placed over each conduit in a trench. Each warning tape shall be centered over the conduit and shall be placed over the 150 mm layer of sand covering the conduit as described elsewhere in these special provisions.

**Conductor and cable installation.--**Conductors shall not be installed in conduit until all work of any nature that may cause injury is completed. Care shall be taken in pulling conductors that insulation is not damaged. An approved non-petroleum base and insulating type pulling compound shall be used as needed.

Splices and joints shall be insulated with insulation equivalent to that of the conductor.

Provide 155 mm of slack at each outlet and device connection. If the outlet or device is not at the end of a run of wire, connection shall be made with correctly colored pigtails tapped to the runs with splices as specified herein.

Branch circuit conductors in panelboards and load centers shall be neatly trained along a path from the breaker terminals to their exit point. The conductors shall have ample length to transverse the path without strain, but shall not be so long as to require coiling, doubling back, or cramming. The path shall transverse the panelboard gutter spaces without entering a gutter containing service conductors and, unless otherwise shown on the plans, without entering the gutter space of any panelboard feeder.

All pressure type connectors and lugs shall be re-tightened after the initial set.

Splices in underground pull boxes and similar locations shall be made watertight.

Junction boxes in furred or accessible ceiling spaces shall be identified with felt-tip pen denoting the circuits contained in the box.

**Conductor identification.--**The neutral and equipment grounding conductors shall be identified as follows:

Neutral conductor shall have a white or natural gray insulation except those conductors No. 4 and larger may be identified by distinctive white marker such as paint or white tape at each termination.

Equipment grounding conductor shall be bare or insulated. If insulated, equipment grounding conductors shall have green or green with one or more yellow stripes insulation over its entire length except that conductors No. 4 and larger may be permanently identified by distinctive green markers such as paint or green tape over its entire exposed insulation.

Feeder and branch circuit ungrounded conductors shall be color coded by continuously colored insulation, except conductors No. 6 AWG or larger may be color coded by colored tape at each connection and where accessible. Ungrounded conductor color-coding shall be as follows:

SYSTEM	COLOR CODE
120/240V-Single phase	Black, blue
120/208V-Three phase	Black, red, blue
277/480V-Three phase	Brown, orange, yellow

Where more than one branch circuit enters or leaves a conduit, panel, gutter, underground pull box or junction box, each conductor shall be identified by its panelboard and circuit number. All control conductors including control conductors of manufacturer supplied and field wired control devices shall be identified at each termination with the wire numbers shown on the plans, approved working drawings, and as directed by the Engineer where deemed necessary. Identification shall be made with one of the following:

1. Adhesive backed paper or cloth wrap-around markers with clear, heat shrinkable tubing sealed over either type of marker.
2. Self-laminating wrap around type, printable, transparent, permanent heat bonding type thermoplastic film markers.
3. Pre-printed, white, heat-shrinkable tubing.

Each terminal block shall have a molded marking strip attached with screws. The identifying numbers of the terminating conductors, as shown on the plans or on the submittal drawings, shall be engraved in the marking strip.

**Outlet, device and junction box installation.--**Where one or more threaded steel conduits are required to connect to an outlet, device, or junction box, the box shall be a cast metal box with threaded hubs. Unless otherwise shown on the plans or specified in these special provisions, all other boxes shall be sheet steel boxes. Weatherproof outlet, device and junction boxes shall have cast metal covers with gaskets. Unless otherwise shown on the plans or specified in these special provisions, all other boxes shall have standard galvanized covers.

All boxes shall finish flush with building walls, ceiling and floors except where exposed work is called for.

Raised device covers (plaster rings) shall be installed on all boxes concealed in concrete, masonry or stud walls.

No unused openings shall be left in any box. Knockout seals shall be installed as required to close openings.

Outlet, device, and junction boxes shall be installed at the locations and elevations shown on the plans or specified herein. Adjustments to locations may be made as required by structural conditions and to suit coordination requirements of other trades.

Boxes in stud walls and partitions shall not be mounted back to back. Through-wall boxes shall not be used.

Boxes installed in metal stud walls shall be equipped with brackets designed for attaching directly to the studs or shall be mounted on heavy gauge galvanized steel, snap-in box supports.

Fixture outlet boxes installed in suspended ceilings of gypsum board or lath and plaster construction shall be mounted on 1.52 mm (16-gage) metal channel bars attached to main ceiling runners.

Fixture outlet boxes for pendant-mounted fixtures installed in suspended ceilings supporting acoustical tiles or panels shall be supported directly from the structures above.

**Underground pull box installation.--**Electrical pull box covers or lids shall be marked "ELECTRICAL." Telephone service pull box covers or lids shall have plain, unmarked covers.

The bottom of pull boxes shall be bedded in 155 mm of clean, crushed rock or gravel and shall be grouted with 40 mm thick grout prior to installation of conductors. Grout shall be sloped to a 25 mm PVC pipe drain hole. Conduit shall be sealed in place with grout.

Top of pull boxes shall be flush with surrounding grade or top of curb. In unpaved areas where pull box is not immediately adjacent to and protected by a concrete foundation, pole or other protective construction, the top of pull box shall be set at plus 30 mm above surrounding grade. Pull boxes shown on the plans in the vicinity of curbs shall be placed adjacent to the back of curb. Pull boxes shown on the plans adjacent to lighting standards shall be placed on the side of foundation facing away from traffic.

**Anchorages.--**Hangers, brackets, conduit straps, supports, and electrical equipment shall be rigidly and securely fastened to surfaces by means of toggle bolts on hollow masonry; expansion shields and machine screws, or expansion anchors and studs or standard preset inserts on concrete or solid masonry; machine screws or bolts on metal surfaces; and wood or lag screws on wood construction.

Anchorage devices shall be installed in accordance with the anchorage manufacturer's recommendations.

**Mounting heights.--**Electrical system components shall be mounted at the following mounting heights, unless otherwise shown on the plans. The mounting height dimensions shall be measured above the finished floor to the bottom of the device or component.

Thermostats	1.1 m maximum, office areas 1.25 m maximum, hallways
Wall switches	1.0 m maximum
Convenience outlets	510 mm minimum, office areas 1.25 m minimum, all other areas
Electric water cooler outlet	As recommended by the water cooler manufacturer.
Telephone and radio outlets	510 mm minimum



## **12-16.03 ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT**

### **PART 1.- GENERAL**

#### **SUMMARY.--**

**Scope.--**This work shall consist of furnishing and installing panelboards, starters, disconnect switches, transformers, and related accessories in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

**Related work.--**Anchorage devices shall be as specified under "Basic Materials and Methods" elsewhere in this Section 12-16.

#### **SUBMITTALS.--**

**Product data.--**A list of materials and equipment to be installed, manufacturer's descriptive data, and such other data as may be requested by the Engineer shall be submitted for approval.

Manufacturer's descriptive data shall include complete description, performance data and installation instructions for the materials and equipment specified herein. Control and wiring diagrams, rough-in dimensions, and component layout shall be included where applicable. All control and power conductors on the shop drawings shall be identified with wire numbers.

### **PART 2.- PRODUCTS**

#### **PANELBOARDS.--**

##### **Panelboard M.--**

Panelboard M shall be indoor type, bottom feed, surface-mounted, factory assembled, 3-phase, 4-wire, 120/208-volt, AC panelboard at least 508 mm wide with 100-ampere main circuit breaker, insulated groundable neutral, hinged door and molded case branch circuit breakers as shown on the plans. Panel shall be Square D Company, NQOD; General Electric, Type AL; or equal.

#### **SWITCHES.--**

##### **Heat pump outdoor unit disconnect switch.--**

Heat pump outdoor unit switch shall be 2-pole, 240-volt, AC, 30-ampere, fused, general duty safety switch in a NEMA-3R enclosure. The fuses shall be sized to suit the heat pump outdoor unit furnished.

##### **Heat pump indoor unit disconnect switch.--**

Heat pump indoor unit disconnect switch shall be 3-pole, 240-volt, AC, 30-ampere, fused, general duty safety switch in a NEMA-1 enclosure. The fuses shall be sized to suit the heat pump indoor unit furnished.

##### **Building disconnect, BD.--**

Building disconnect shall be 3-pole, 600-volt, AC, 100-ampere frame, 60-ampere trip molded case circuit breaker in a NEMA Type 1 enclosure. Disconnect shall be listed as suitable to be used as a service equipment.

#### **TRANSFORMER.--**

##### **Transformer, T1.--**

Transformer, T1, shall be indoor, dry type, floor mounted, 3-phase, 480-volt primary, 120/208-volt secondary, 30-kVA transformer with NEMA Type 1 enclosure. Transformer shall have two 2 1/2 percent full capacity taps above and four 2 1/2 percent full capacity taps below normal primary voltage.

## **MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS.--**

### **Voltage Regulator.--**

Voltage regulator shall be a floor mounted 3-phase, 15 kVA, 480-volt input, 480-volt output, 60-Hz multi-shielded, copper wound automatic voltage regulator in a NEMA Type 1 enclosure. Output voltage regulation shall be within +/- 4 percent of the rated output voltage with the input voltage range from + 10 percent to - 26 percent of the rated input voltage. Operating temperature range shall be from 0°C to 40°C. Regulator shall be UL listed.

### **Motor saver.--**

Motor saver shall be an electronic pump protector. Motor saver shall measure the power consumed by the existing well pump and shall shut off the pump whenever the measured power differs from the normal running value to protect the pump from running dry or overloading. Also, the motor saver shall protect the pump from current unbalance, single phasing, reverse phasing and rapid cycling. The motor saver shall be furnished with 3 built-in current transformers to suit the existing 10-horsepower, 460-volt, 3-phase submersible well pump. The motor saver shall have one normally open and one normally closed contacts rated at 480 VA at 240-volt, AC. Motor saver shall be UL listed.

### **Nameplates.--**

Nameplates shall be laminated phenolic plastic with white core and black front and back. Nameplate inscription shall be in capitals letters etched through the outer layer of the nameplate material.

### **Plywood backing panels.--**

Plywood backing panels for mounting electrical or telephone equipment shall be 19 mm, APA plywood panels, C-D PLUGGED and touch-sanded, Exposure 1.

### **Paint.--**

Plywood backing panels shall receive the following paint system: one prime coat, alkyd, interior wood primer and 2 finish coats, acrylic, interior enamel, semi-gloss.

### **Telephone panel.--**

Telephone panel in the Multi-use Building shall be a surface mounted cabinet at least 300 mm wide x 200 mm high x 100 mm deep NEMA Type 1 panel with hinged door. Panel shall conform to telephone utility company standards. Panel shall be complete with a 19 mm thick plywood backboard with ground lugs.

## **PART 3.- EXECUTION**

### **INSTALLATION.--**

**Plywood backing board.--**Plywood backing board shall be securely fastened to walls or other vertical framing.

Surface to be coated shall be cleaned of all dirt, excess materials, of filler by hand cleaning.

Coatings shall be applied in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. Each coat shall be applied to a uniform finish, free of skips, brush marks, laps or other imperfections.

**Existing panelboards.--**Provide new circuit breakers, where required to match existing type unless otherwise shown on the plans. Provide mounting hardware, bus straps, and related materials for proper circuit breaker installation. Provide new panelboard identification nameplate with designation as shown for each panelboard. Remove existing nameplates where applicable. Provide new typewritten circuit directory reflecting changes made under the Contract.

**Panelboard installation.--**Set cabinets plumb and symmetrical with building lines. Train interior wiring as specified under "Conductor Installation" in "Basic Materials and Methods" of these special provisions. Touch-up paint any marks, blemishes, or other finish damage suffered during installation. Replace cabinets, doors or trim exhibiting dents, bends, warps or poor fit which may impede ready access, security or integrity.

Mounting height shall be 1.4 meters to the highest circuit breaker handle, measured above the finished floor.

Where "Space" is indicated on the plans, branch connectors, mounting brackets, and other hardware shall be furnished and installed for future breaker.

A typewritten directory under transparent protective cover shall be provided and set in metal frame inside each cabinet door. Directory panel designation for each circuit breaker shall include complete information concerning equipment controlled, including room number or area designated on the plans.

**Transformer installation.**--Connect primary to minimum value taps during construction period and prior to initial building start-up. Make voltage readings and adjust tap connections to nominal voltage during final construction review and prior to building occupancy. Install conduit connections which will prevent transmission of the transformer vibrations to the conduit system. Transformers shall be bolted to floor when floor mounted and bolted to wall with support brackets when wall mounted. Pad mounted transformers (unit substation) shall be installed as shown on the plans.

**Equipment identification.**--Equipment shall be identified with nameplates fastened with self-tapping, cadmium-plated screws or nickel-plated bolts.

Nameplate inscriptions shall read as follows:

Item	Letter height, mm	Inscription
BD	7	BUILDING DISCONNECT
Panel M		PANEL M, 120/208 V, 3-phase, 4-wire
LS1, LS2		LTS

## 12-16.04 LIGHTING

**GENERAL.**--This work shall consist of furnishing, installing and connecting all lighting equipment in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

**SUBMITTALS.**--Manufacturer's descriptive information, photometric curves, catalog cuts, and installation instructions shall be submitted for approval.

### PRODUCTS.--

#### Lighting fixture lamps.--

Lighting fixture lamps shall be type and size as shown on the plans. Lamps shall be General Electric, Phillips, Sylvania, or equal. Fluorescent lamps, unless otherwise noted, shall be 4100K tri-phosphor with a CRI of 70 or greater.

#### Ballasts.--

All fixtures shall be equipped with high power factor ballasts suitable for the line voltage and for the type, size and number of lamps required by the fixture. Fluorescent ballasts shall be UL Listed, Class P and ETL Certified ballasts with sound rating A. Fluorescent ballasts shall be high-frequency electronic ballasts with power factor greater than 0.95, nominal ballast factor of 0.88 unless specified otherwise, total harmonic distortion less than 20 percent, crest factor less than or equal to 1.7, complying with ANSI C 62.41 Category A for surge protection, and FCC Part 18 for interference. Dimming ballasts shall be high frequency ballasts as specified above and shall be capable of dimming the light output from 100 percent to 20 percent of the rated light output.

#### Lighting fixtures.--

Lighting fixtures shall be as shown on the plans and as specified herein. Outdoor luminaires shall be listed and labeled "Fixture Suitable For Wet Locations."

#### F1.--

Ceiling-mounted fluorescent fixture with two 32-watt T8 lamp, vandal-resistant and UL listed for wet locations. Ballast shall be rated for 0°C or less. Housing shall have white, baked enamel finish over 16-gauge cold-rolled steel. Fixture shall have internally frosted polycarbonate diffuser secured with stainless steel tamperproof screws. Two screwdrivers for the tamperproof screws shall be furnished and delivered to the Engineer. Overall depth of the fixture shall not exceed 120 mm.

**F2.--**

Ceiling-mounted fluorescent fixture with two 32-watt T8 lamps, electronic ballast and one-piece, clear acrylic, wrap-around diffuser with sonic-welded, injection molded luminous ends. Overall width of the fixture shall not be less than 280 mm.

**F3.--**

Similar to F2 except F3 shall have four 32-watt T8 lamps.

**F4.--**

Recessed, compact, wall wash, downlight, fluorescent fixture with two 13-watt TT lamp, open reflector with vented die-cast aluminum lampholder housing. Fixture shall have horizontally mounted two-pin, positive latch thermoplastic sockets.

**F5.--**

Outdoor wall-mounted fluorescent fixture with two 13-watt TT lamps, polycarbonate refractor and UL listed for wet locations.

**F6.--**

Surface-mounted, heavy duty, industrial, fluorescent fixture with two 32-watt T8 lamps and baked enamel ribbed reflector, complete with end plates.

**II.--**

Surface-mounted PAR 38 flood lamp complete with porcelain socket and cast ferrous metal box.

**MH1.--**

Outdoor, wall mounted, 70-watt, 120-volt metal halide luminaire with integral ballast. The luminaire shall be vandal-resistant with clear prismatic polycarbonate lens. Housing shall be constructed from 16-gauge steel. Diffuser shall be secured by tamper-resistant screw. Two screwdrivers for the tamperproof screws shall be furnished and delivered to the Engineer. Overall depth of the fixture shall not exceed 2300 mm. Luminaire shall be UL listed for wet locations.

**Restroom lights switches, LS1 and LS2.--**

Restroom lights switches shall be 120-volt, 20-ampere, AC, specification grade snap switches.

**EXECUTION.--**

**LIGHTING FIXTURES.--**Lighting fixtures shall be mounted securely in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. Mounting methods shall be suitable for the particular type of ceiling or support at each location.

The Contractor shall provide all supports, hangers, spacers, channels, fasteners and other hardware necessary to support the fixtures.

Fixtures shall be set at the mounting heights shown on the plans, except heights shown shall be adjusted to meet conditions.

**BALLASTS.--**All fluorescent fixtures shall be equipped with high power factor ballasts suitable for the line voltage and for the type, size and number of lamps required by fixture. The Contractor has the option to install low voltage dimming control provided that the Contractor submit plans and specifications with appropriate revisions for the low voltage dimming control to the Engineers for approval prior to installation.

All ballasts used in unheated areas inside the building shall be -20°C ballasts or less.

## 12-16.05 SEWAGE PUMP CONTROL STATION

### PART 1.- GENERAL

#### SUMMARY.--

**Scope.--**This work shall consist of furnishing and installing sewage pump station control equipment in accordance with the details shown on the plans and these special provisions.

**Related work.--**Thermal and moisture protection for submersible pump motor shall conform to the requirements under "Sewage Pump Station Equipment" in Section 12-11 "Equipment," of these special provisions.

**Training.--**Training of State personnel in programming, connection, operation, trouble shooting, and maintenance of the programmable logic controller shall be provided. The training period shall be for a minimum of 8 hours and shall be conducted for not more than 6 State personnel at the job site. The trainer shall be an authorized representative of the Programmable Logic Controller, PLC, manufacturer and shall have complete knowledge of PLC installation and operation and shall be qualified as a trainer.

All trainees shall be supplied with books, manuals, programmer or personal computer, software, and such other training material, guides and equipment, not mentioned, but required for a complete and thorough training course. Training shall include hands-on experience in programming techniques and operation.

**Manufacturer's technical support.--**The manufacturer of the programmable logic controller shall provide technical assistance and guidance in the operation, maintenance and trouble shooting of operational problems for the PLC system for one year following the acceptance of the contract. The technical support shall be provided at no additional cost to the State.

Technical support shall be provided at the facility site by an authorized representative of the PLC manufacturer and by a toll free telephone service to the manufacturer.

#### SUBMITTALS.--

**Product data.--**A list of materials and equipment to be installed, manufacturer's descriptive data, and such other data as may be requested by the Engineer shall be submitted for approval.

Manufacturer's descriptive data shall include complete description, performance data and installation instructions for the materials and equipment specified herein. Control and wiring diagrams, rough-in dimensions, and component layout shall be included where applicable. All control and power conductors on the working drawings shall be identified with wire numbers.

### PART 2.- PRODUCTS

#### Sewage pump control panel, SPC.--

Sewage pump control panel shall be single exterior hinged door dust-tight NEMA Type 4 enclosure containing a fixed interior electrical mounting panel and hinged interior deadfront panel. The enclosure shall be made of 1.90 mm (14-gage) steel minimum with all seams continuously welded. The door shall be maintained closed with door clamps. Security shall be provided by a hasp and staple for padlocking.

The enclosure shall be factory prewired in conformance with NEMA Class IIC wiring. All wires entering or leaving the enclosure shall terminate on terminal blocks. Control wiring shall be 7 strand No. 14 MTW except for hinge wiring, which shall be 19 strand No. 14 MTW. Wires shall be neatly trained and bundled, and wiring troughs shall be provided in the enclosure as necessary. Wiring shall be arranged so that any piece of apparatus may be removed without disconnecting any wiring except the leads to that piece of apparatus.

A wiring diagram encased between two heat-fused laminated plastic sheets shall be provided with brass mounting eyelets and attached to the inside of the enclosure.

#### Sewage pump main breaker, SMB.--

Sewage pump main breaker shall be 3-pole, 480-volt, AC, molded case circuit breaker with 100-ampere frame, 30-ampere trip, and interrupting capacity of 14000 amperes (symmetrical) at 480 volts.

**Starter, ST1 and ST2.--**

Starters shall be NEMA Size 0, NEMA rated, 3-pole, 480-volt, contactor with 120-volt coil, and non-adjustable overload relay. Overload relay shall be resettable by an externally operable pushbutton on the hinged interior deadfront panel. Overload relay shall have three thermal overload elements and shall trip between 100 and 125 percent of full load motor current, as quoted on the nameplate by the motor manufacturer. Starter shall be NEMA rated.

**Control transformer, CT1.--**

Control transformer, CT1, shall be double-wound, dry-type 2.0 kVA, 60 Hz, transformer with 480-volt primary and 120-volt secondary.

**Fuse, F1.--**

Fuse F1 shall be 480-volt, dual-element ceramic tube fuse and 2-pole barrier type fuse base.

The Contractor shall provide 2 additional fuses for each type of fuse provided.

**Pump disconnects, PD1 and PD2.--**

Pump disconnects shall be 3-pole, 480-volt, AC, 100-ampere frame, 15-ampere trip, molded case circuit breaker. The interrupting capacity of the breaker shall be 14 000 amperes (symmetrical) at 480 volts.

**Control transformer disconnect, CTD**

Control transformer disconnect, CTD, shall be similar to pump disconnect except shall be a 2-pole circuit breaker.

**Control disconnect, CD.--**

Control disconnect, CD, shall be single-pole, 120-volt, 15-ampere trip, molded case circuit breaker.

**Control relays, CR1 through CR7.--**

Control relay shall be 120-volt, AC, general purpose relay with 3-pole, double-throw, 10-ampere, 120-volt, AC, contacts. Relay shall be enclosed in clear plastic with 11-pin tube type plug base. Sockets for relay shall be barrier type, 11-contact relay socket with 10-ampere contacts and screw terminals.

**Time meters, TM1 and TM2.--**

Time meters shall be 120-volt, 60 Hz running time meter with 0 to 99,999.9 hours range without a reset.

**Seal failure relays, SFR1 and SFR2.--**

Seal failure relays shall be 120-volt, 60 Hz, transformer and relay combination. Relay shall have a red pilot light for seal failure indication, and green pilot light and pushbutton for seal continuity test. Relays shall be the type recommended by the pump manufacturer.

**Terminal block, TB.--**

Terminal block, TB, shall be 30-ampere, 600-volt, molded plastic with two or more mounting holes and two or more terminals in each cast block. The molded plastic shall have a high resistance to heat, moisture, mechanical shock, and electric potential and shall have a smooth even finish. Each block shall have a molded marking strip attached with screws. Terminal blocks shall have tubular, high pressure clamp connectors.

**Alarm reset, AR.--**

Alarm reset shall be heavy duty oil-tight pushbutton with one normally closed contact. The contact shall have an inductive pilot duty rating of 60 amperes (make), 6 amperes (break) and 10 amperes (continuous) at 120 volts and 35 percent power factor.

**Test switches, TSW and TSW2.--**

Test switches, TSW1 and TSW2 , shall be the same as AR, except that the contact shall be normally open.

**Purge switch.--**

Purge switch shall be the same as test switch.

**Selector switches, SS1 and SS2.--**

Selector switches shall be rotary action single-pole, 2-position, 10-ampere, 120-volt switch. Switch contacts shall have an inductive pilot duty rating of 60 amperes (make), 6 amperes (break), and 10 amperes (continuous) at 120 volts and 35 percent power factor. Selector switch shall have legend plate marked "HAND-AUTO".

**Current Switches, CS1 and CS2.--**

Current switches shall be self-powered, solid-state, AC, current sensing switch. Switch shall have a single-pole, normally open contact rated one-ampere at 240 volts, AC. Current sensing level shall be selectable between a low range of one to 6 amperes and a high range of 6 to 12 amperes. Switch shall have a thru-hole of 14 mm diameter for sensing the AC current.

**Alarm light, AL.--**

Alarm light shall be fluorescent, weatherproof light fixture for use with threaded rigid conduit. Light fixture shall have guard and red globe approximately 222 mm in length. Lamp shall be 7-watt, 120-volt standard service fluorescent lamp, complete with ballast and screw-on type base.

**Pilot Lights, PL1 and PL2.--**

Pilot lights shall be panel-mounted 120-volt light emitting diode (LED) type lamps with colored plastic lens and screw cap.

**Programmable Logic Controller, PLC.--**

The programmable logic controller shall include a power supply and a central processing unit (CPU) that operates at 120 volts, 60 Hz AC line voltage.

The programming device shall be furnished for the PLC. The programming device shall be a minimum 75 MHz Pentium, an IBM compatible laptop computer with the following type of software: DOS, Windows 3.11 or current version operating system, ladder logic programming, communications, word processing and spreadsheet programs that are compatible with the supervisory control and data acquisition (SCADA) system in a Windows environment. The laptop computer shall be furnished with all the necessary interfacing devices and cables to connect to the PLC for programming. Laptop computer shall have a 264 mm active matrix color display (VGA compatibility minimum), serial, and parallel and VGA ports, external or built in 28.8 baud modem, 89 mm floppy drive, a minimum of 80 meg hard drive, 4 meg of RAM and PCMCIA card slot. Lap-top shall be Toshiba, IBM or AST.

The controller shall be capable of operating in the following environmental conditions:

1. Operating temperature: Between 0°C and 60°C.
2. Humidity: 15 to 95 percent non-condensing.
3. Vibration: 57 to 150 Hz, const. accel. 2 g
4. Shock: 15 g, semisinusoidal 11 ms
5. Noise immunity: 1,500 volts, NEMA showering arc.

The PLC shall be programmable with a ladder diagram consisting of relay symbols and function block. The program shall be stored in a non-volatile memory without the need for battery back-up. The PLC shall be equipped with a computer link module that shall allow the PLC to communicate with a personal computer for programming and monitoring. The PLC shall function as a remote terminal unit (RTU) capable of communicating with a remote host computer for a SCADA system. Communication mode shall be either through a dial up telephone line, or through a radio modem. RTU protocols shall be a common industry standard such as Modbus, GE series 90 or Genius network. PLC shall incorporate password security protection against unauthorized caller from changing the operation of the PLC. PLC shall be capable of initiating communication with a host computer or a telephone pager upon sensing any alarm conditions. Communication with the host computer shall report all alarms and status

changes since the last communication upon establishing communication with the host. Should the host computer fail to acknowledge the alarms within a programmable time limit, the PLC shall call a telephone pager and send an ASCII code identifying the pump plant location. Configuration for phone number to call, baud rate (9600 to 28800), password, communication protocol, safety roadside rest area ID, shall be accomplished with a lap top computer. Software for configuration shall have a pull down menu and user friendly interface to enable simple setup by the user without using programming code or statement. The PLC shall be furnished with 28.8 K baud modem.

Polling and receiving alarms from the RTU shall be accomplished by using the lap top computer specified above, running on DOS and Windows 3.11. The status of the RTU shall be displayed in spreadsheet format, importing the data from the communication software and utilizing Windows DDE to upgrade the spreadsheet. Communication shall be by dial up phone lines.

PLC shall be capable of being manually tested using the bypass test switch and the potentiometer. When the bypass test switch is held down by the operator, the potentiometer shall become the controller input signal, simulating the output of the reactive air level monitor. The operator shall be able to test the output of the PLC by varying the potentiometer and observe the turn on, and turn off points of the pumps, high water alarm and low level alarm through the LED display.

#### **Input and output modules.--**

The input and output (I/O) modules shall be the digital and analog type as shown on the plans. The I/O modules shall be capable of being plugged into the expansion chassis in any slot. Each module shall have a keyed plug in the terminal strip for each type of module for ease of replacement of the module without having to disturb the wiring connection. Each terminal strip shall have a marking strip under a clear plastic cover inscribed with the wire identification. Each I/O module shall have LED indicators to show when each input or output is turned on. Each I/O module shall operate at the voltage level of the connected devices and shall be optically isolated to the PLC. Analog output shall have the current or voltage level output required by the connected equipment. The output module shall have a proper fuse protection.

#### **Reactive Air Level Monitor.--**

Reactive air level monitor shall consist of an air compressor, a 3-way solenoid valve, pressure transducer, compression bell, and sensing tube. The reactive air level monitor shall operate based on the output of the pressure transducer which is connected to the trap air column. The air column pressure changes in accordance with the water level. The compression bell, which is submerged in the water, shall provide sufficient air volume to maintain the desired accuracy. The reactive air level monitor shall operate over a range of 0 to 10.6 meter of water with an accuracy of  $\pm 3$  mm, for an ambient condition ranging from 0 to 93°C, and shall provide a 4 to 20 mA output to the PLC for determining the water level. The reactive air level monitor shall operate based on the output of the pressure transducer which is connected to the trapped air column. The air column pressure changes in accordance with the water level. The compression bell, shall be submerged in the water and shall provide sufficient air volume to maintain the desired accuracy. The reactive air level monitor shall operate over a range of 0 to 10.6 meter of water with an accuracy of  $\pm 3$  mm, for an ambient condition ranging from 0 to 93°C, and shall provide a 4 to 20 mA output to the PLC for determining the water level. The air compressor shall operate at 120-Volt AC and constructed of aluminum piston with teflon-sleeved cylinder for long service life. Compressor shall have a capacity of 0.65 L/s at 0.34 MPa and capable of performing a purge cycle against a 1.70 MPa head. A 3-way solenoid valve operating at 120-Volt AC shall isolate the pressure transducer during the purge cycle of the air column. The PLC shall be programmed to purge the air column every 8 hours for 10 second durations.

#### **Liquid level indicator display.--**

Liquid level indicator display shall be panel-mounted 9-32 volt DC powered, 13 mm (LED) display capable of displaying from 0 to 20 meters of water, corresponding to an input of 0 -10 Volt DC input from the PLC. LED display shall have a NEMA 4 splash -proof lens cover.

#### **FABRICATION.--**

Component mounting.--The following electrical components shall be mounted on the fixed interior electrical mounting panel of the Sewage Pump Control Panel: Sewage pump main breaker, SMB; circuit breakers, CTD and CD; Starters, ST1 and ST2; Control transformer, CT; Pump disconnects, PD1 and PD2; Control relay, CR 1 through CR 7; Seal failure relays, SFR1 and SFR2; Air compressor, AC; Pressure transducer; Programmable Logic Controller, PLC; Power supply; Ground Bus and Terminal block,. Spacers shall be installed with all breakers (SMB, PD1, PD2, CTD and CD) so that they are



externally operable with the hinged interior deadfront panel in the closed position. The interior deadfront panel shall not be opened unless the sewage pump main breaker, SMB, is in the "off" position.

The following electrical components shall be mounted on the hinged interior deadfront panel of the Sewage Pump Control Panel: Time meters, TM1 and TM2; Selector switches, SS1 and SS2; Pilot lights, PL1 and PL2; Alarm Reset, AR; Test Switches, TSW1 and TSW2; Potentiometer; Purge Switch; Liquid Level Indicator (Digital); and GFCI receptacle.

The following equipment shall be mounted on top of the Sewage Pump Control Panel cabinet: Alarm light, AL.

### **PART 3.- EXECUTION**

#### **INSTALLATION.--**

**General.**—The sewage pump control station shall be installed on an existing concrete pad and oriented to match existing.

All bolts and fasteners shall be galvanized.

#### **OPERATION.--**

**Automatic operation.--**Automatic operation of the sewage pumps shall be controlled by the reactive air level monitor and PLC. The reactive air level monitor measures the liquid storage level and converts it to a 4-20 milliampere signal which is then scaled to provide the depth of the liquid in the sump. From this information, the PLC outputs of a 0-10 volt DC signal to the liquid level indicator and determines which pump to turn on. The lead pump shall start when the liquid level rises to elevation for "lead pump ON". The lag pump shall start when the liquid level rises to elevation for "lag pump ON". Both pumps shall run until the liquid level lowers to "both pumps off" elevation and at this elevation both pumps shall stop. The high liquid level alarm circuits shall be actuated when the liquid level rises to elevation for "High water alarm" elevation. The low liquid level alarm circuit shall be actuated when the liquid level lowers to "low level elevation" and prevent the pumps from starting.

### **SECTION 13. (BLANK)**

## SECTION 14 FEDERAL REQUIREMENTS FOR FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS

**GENERAL.**—The work herein proposed will be financed in whole or in part with Federal funds, and therefore all of the statutes, rules and regulations promulgated by the Federal Government and applicable to work financed in whole or in part with Federal funds will apply to such work. The "Required Contract Provisions, Federal-Aid Construction Contracts, "Form FHWA 1273, are included in this Section 14. Whenever in said required contract provisions references are made to "SHA contracting officer", "SHA resident engineer", or "authorized representative of the SHA", such references shall be construed to mean "Engineer" as defined in Section 1-1.18 of the Standard Specifications.

**PERFORMANCE OF PREVIOUS CONTRACT.**—In addition to the provisions in Section II, "Nondiscrimination," and Section VII, "Subletting or Assigning the Contract," of the required contract provisions, the Contractor shall comply with the following:

The bidder shall execute the CERTIFICATION WITH REGARD TO THE PERFORMANCE OF PREVIOUS CONTRACTS OR SUBCONTRACTS SUBJECT TO THE EQUAL OPPORTUNITY CLAUSE AND THE FILING OF REQUIRED REPORTS located in the proposal. No request for subletting or assigning any portion of the contract in excess of \$10,000 will be considered under the provisions of Section VII of the required contract provisions unless such request is accompanied by the CERTIFICATION referred to above, executed by the proposed subcontractor.

**NON-COLLUSION PROVISION.**—The provisions in this section are applicable to all contracts except contracts for Federal Aid Secondary projects.

Title 23, United States Code, Section 112, requires as a condition precedent to approval by the Federal Highway Administrator of the contract for this work that each bidder file a sworn statement executed by, or on behalf of, the person, firm, association, or corporation to whom such contract is to be awarded, certifying that such person, firm, association, or corporation has not, either directly or indirectly, entered into any agreement, participated in any collusion, or otherwise taken any action in restraint of free competitive bidding in connection with the submitted bid. A form to make the non-collusion affidavit statement required by Section 112 as a certification under penalty of perjury rather than as a sworn statement as permitted by 28, USC, Sec. 1746, is included in the proposal.

**PARTICIPATION BY MINORITY BUSINESS ENTERPRISES IN SUBCONTRACTING.**—Part 23, Title 49, Code of Federal Regulations applies to this Federal-aid project. Pertinent sections of said Code are incorporated in part or in its entirety within other sections of these special provisions.

### Schedule B—Information for Determining Joint Venture Eligibility

(This form need not be filled in if all joint venture firms are minority owned.)

1. Name of joint venture \_\_\_\_\_
2. Address of joint venture \_\_\_\_\_
3. Phone number of joint venture \_\_\_\_\_
4. Identify the firms which comprise the joint venture. (The MBE partner must complete Schedule A.) \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
  - a. Describe the role of the MBE firm in the joint venture. \_\_\_\_\_
  - b. Describe very briefly the experience and business qualifications of each non-MBE joint venturer: \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
5. Nature of the joint venture's business \_\_\_\_\_
6. Provide a copy of the joint venture agreement.
7. What is the claimed percentage of MBE ownership? \_\_\_\_\_
8. Ownership of joint venture: (This need not be filled in if described in the joint venture agreement, provided by question 6.).
  - a. Profit and loss sharing.
  - b. Capital contributions, including equipment.
  - c. Other applicable ownership interests.

9. Control of and participation in this contract. Identify by name, race, sex, and "firm" those individuals (and their titles) who are responsible for day-to-day management and policy decision making, including, but not limited to, those with prime responsibility for:

a. Financial decisions \_\_\_\_\_

b. Management decisions, such as:

(1) Estimating \_\_\_\_\_

(2). Marketing and sales \_\_\_\_\_

(3). Hiring and firing of management personnel \_\_\_\_\_

(4) Purchasing of major items or supplies \_\_\_\_\_

c. Supervision of field operations \_\_\_\_\_

Note.—If, after filing this Schedule B and before the completion of the joint venture's work on the contract covered by this regulation, there is any significant change in the information submitted, the joint venture must inform the grantee, either directly or through the prime contractor if the joint venture is a subcontractor.

#### **Affidavit**

"The undersigned swear that the foregoing statements are correct and include all material information necessary to identify and explain the terms and operation of our joint venture and the intended participation by each joint venturer in the undertaking. Further, the undersigned covenant and agree to provide to grantee current, complete and accurate information regarding actual joint venture work and the payment therefor and any proposed changes in any of the joint venture arrangements and to permit the audit and examination of the books, records and files of the joint venture, or those of each joint venturer relevant to the joint venture, by authorized representatives of the grantee or the Federal funding agency. Any material misrepresentation will be grounds for terminating any contract which may be awarded and for initiating action under Federal or State laws concerning false statements."

_____ Name of Firm	_____ Name of Firm
_____ Signature	_____ Signature
_____ Name	_____ Name
_____ Title	_____ Title
_____ Date	_____ Date

Date \_\_\_\_\_

State of \_\_\_\_\_

County of \_\_\_\_\_

On this \_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 19 \_\_, before me appeared (Name) \_\_\_\_\_, to me personally known, who, being duly sworn, did execute the foregoing affidavit, and did state that he or she was properly authorized by (Name of firm) \_\_\_\_\_ to execute the affidavit and did so as his or her free act and deed.

Notary Public \_\_\_\_\_

Commission expires \_\_\_\_\_

[Seal]

Date \_\_\_\_\_

State of \_\_\_\_\_

County of \_\_\_\_\_

On this \_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 19 \_\_, before me appeared (Name) \_\_\_\_\_ to me personally known, who, being duly sworn, did execute the foregoing affidavit, and did state that he or she was properly authorized by (Name of firm) \_\_\_\_\_ to execute the affidavit and did so as his or her free act and deed.

Notary Public \_\_\_\_\_

Commission expires \_\_\_\_\_

[Seal]

**REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS  
FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS**

**I. GENERAL**

1. These contract provisions shall apply to all work performed on the contract by the contractor's own organization and with the assistance of workers under the contractor's immediate superintendence and to all work performed on the contract by piecework, station work, or by subcontract.
2. Except as otherwise provided for in each section, the contractor shall insert in each subcontract all of the stipulations contained in these Required Contract Provisions, and further require their inclusion in any lower tier subcontract or purchase order that may in turn be made. The Required Contract Provisions shall not be incorporated by reference in any case. The prime contractor shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with these Required Contract Provisions.
3. A breach of any of the stipulations contained in these Required Contract Provisions shall be sufficient grounds for termination of the contract.
4. A breach of the following clauses of the Required Contract Provisions may also be grounds for debarment as provided in 29 CFR 5.12:

Section I, paragraph 2;

Section IV, paragraphs 1, 2, 3, 4, and 7;

Section V, paragraphs 1 and 2a through 2g.

5. Disputes arising out of the labor standards provisions of Section IV (except paragraph 5) and Section V of these Required Contract Provisions shall not be subject to the general disputes clause of this contract. Such disputes shall be resolved in accordance with the procedures of the U.S. Department of Labor (DOL) as set forth in 29 CFR 5, 6, and 7. Disputes within the meaning of this clause include disputes between the contractor (or any of its subcontractors) and the contracting agency, the DOL, or the contractor's employees or their representatives.
6. **Selection of Labor:** During the performance of this contract, the contractor shall not:
  - a. discriminate against labor from any other State, possession, or territory of the United States (except for employment preference for Appalachian contracts, when applicable, as specified in Attachment A), or
  - b. employ convict labor for any purpose within the limits of the project unless it is labor performed by convicts who are on parole, supervised release, or probation.

**II. NONDISCRIMINATION**

(Applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts of \$10,000 or more.)

1. **Equal Employment Opportunity:** Equal employment opportunity (EEO) requirements not to discriminate and to take affirmative action to assure equal opportunity as set forth under laws, executive orders, rules, regulations (28 CFR 35, 29 CFR 1630, and 41 CFR 60) and orders of the Secretary of Labor as modified by the provisions prescribed herein, and imposed pursuant to 23 U.S.C. 140 shall constitute the EEO and specific affirmative action standards for the contractor's project activities under this contract. The Equal Opportunity Construction Contract Specifications set forth under 41 CFR 60-4.3 and the provisions of the American Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq.) set forth under 28 CFR 35 and 29 CFR 1630 are incorporated by reference in this contract. In the execution of this contract, the contractor agrees to comply with the following minimum specific requirement activities of EEO:
  - a. The contractor will work with the State highway agency (SHA) and the Federal Government in carrying out EEO obligations and in their review of his/her activities under the contract.
  - b. The contractor will accept as his operating policy the following statement:

"It is the policy of this Company to assure that applicants are employed, and that employees are treated during employment, without regard to their race, religion, sex, color, national origin, age or disability. Such action shall

include: employment, upgrading, demotion, or transfer; recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoff or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and selection for training, including apprenticeship, preapprenticeship, and/or on-the-job training."

2. **EEO Officer:** The contractor will designate and make known to the SHA contracting officers an EEO Officer who will have the responsibility for and must be capable of effectively administering and promoting an active contractor program of EEO and who must be assigned adequate authority and responsibility to do so.
3. **Dissemination of Policy:** All members of the contractor's staff who are authorized to hire, supervise, promote, and discharge employees, or who recommend such action, or who are substantially involved in such action, will be made fully cognizant of, and will implement, the contractor's EEO policy and contractual responsibilities to provide EEO in each grade and classification of employment. To ensure that the above agreement will be met, the following actions will be taken as a minimum:
  - a. Periodic meetings of supervisory and personnel office employees will be conducted before the start of work and then not less often than once every six months, at which time the contractor's EEO policy and its implementation will be reviewed and explained. The meetings will be conducted by the EEO Officer.
  - b. All new supervisory or personnel office employees will be given a thorough indoctrination by the EEO Officer, covering all major aspects of the contractor's EEO obligations within thirty days following their reporting for duty with the contractor.
  - c. All personnel who are engaged in direct recruitment for the project will be instructed by the EEO Officer in the contractor's procedures for locating and hiring minority group employees.
  - d. Notices and posters setting forth the contractor's EEO policy will be placed in areas readily accessible to employees, applicants for employment and potential employees.
  - e. The contractor's EEO policy and the procedures to implement such policy will be brought to the attention of employees by means of meetings, employee handbooks, or other appropriate means.
4. **Recruitment:** When advertising for employees, the contractor will include in all advertisements for employees the notation: "An Equal Opportunity Employer." All such advertisements will be placed in publications having a large circulation among minority groups in the area from which the project work force would normally be derived.
  - a. The contractor will, unless precluded by a valid bargaining agreement, conduct systematic and direct recruitment through public and private employee referral sources likely to yield qualified minority group applicants. To meet this requirement, the contractor will identify sources of potential minority group employees, and establish with such identified sources procedures whereby minority group applicants may be referred to the contractor for employment consideration.
  - b. In the event the contractor has a valid bargaining agreement providing for exclusive hiring hall referrals, he is expected to observe the provisions of that agreement to the extent that the system permits the contractor's compliance with EEO contract provisions. (The DOL has held that where implementation of such agreements have the effect of discriminating against minorities or women, or obligates the contractor to do the same, such implementation violates Executive Order 11246, as amended.)
  - c. The contractor will encourage his present employees to refer minority group applicants for employment. Information and procedures with regard to referring minority group applicants will be discussed with employees.
5. **Personnel Actions:** Wages, working conditions, and employee benefits shall be established and administered, and personnel actions of every type, including hiring, upgrading, promotion, transfer, demotion, layoff, and termination, shall be taken without regard to race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability. The following procedures shall be followed:
  - a. The contractor will conduct periodic inspections of project sites to insure that working conditions and employee facilities do not indicate discriminatory treatment of project site personnel.

- b. The contractor will periodically evaluate the spread of wages paid within each classification to determine any evidence of discriminatory wage practices.
  - c. The contractor will periodically review selected personnel actions in depth to determine whether there is evidence of discrimination. Where evidence is found, the contractor will promptly take corrective action. If the review indicates that the discrimination may extend beyond the actions reviewed, such corrective action shall include all affected persons.
  - d. The contractor will promptly investigate all complaints of alleged discrimination made to the contractor in connection with his obligations under this contract, will attempt to resolve such complaints, and will take appropriate corrective action within a reasonable time. If the investigation indicates that the discrimination may affect persons other than the complainant, such corrective action shall include such other persons. Upon completion of each investigation, the contractor will inform every complainant of all of his avenues of appeal.
6. Training and Promotion:
- a. The contractor will assist in locating, qualifying, and increasing the skills of minority group and women employees, and applicants for employment.
  - b. Consistent with the contractor's work force requirements and as permissible under Federal and State regulations, the contractor shall make full use of training programs, i.e., apprenticeship, and on-the-job training programs for the geographical area of contract performance. Where feasible, 25 percent of apprentices or trainees in each occupation shall be in their first year of apprenticeship or training. In the event a special provision for training is provided under this contract, this subparagraph will be superseded as indicated in the special provision.
  - c. The contractor will advise employees and applicants for employment of available training programs and entrance requirements for each.
  - d. The contractor will periodically review the training and promotion potential of minority group and women employees and will encourage eligible employees to apply for such training and promotion.
7. **Unions:** If the contractor relies in whole or in part upon unions as a source of employees, the contractor will use his/her best efforts to obtain the cooperation of such unions to increase opportunities for minority groups and women within the unions, and to effect referrals by such unions of minority and female employees. Actions by the contractor either directly or through a contractor's association acting as agent will include the procedures set forth below:
- a. The contractor will use best efforts to develop, in cooperation with the unions, joint training programs aimed toward qualifying more minority group members and women for membership in the unions and increasing the skills of minority group employees and women so that they may qualify for higher paying employment.
  - b. The contractor will use best efforts to incorporate an EEO clause into each union agreement to the end that such union will be contractually bound to refer applicants without regard to their race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability.
  - c. The contractor is to obtain information as to the referral practices and policies of the labor union except that to the extent such information is within the exclusive possession of the labor union and such labor union refuses to furnish such information to the contractor, the contractor shall so certify to the SHA and shall set forth what efforts have been made to obtain such information.
  - d. In the event the union is unable to provide the contractor with a reasonable flow of minority and women referrals within the time limit set forth in the collective bargaining agreement, the contractor will, through independent recruitment efforts, fill the employment vacancies without regard to race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability; making full efforts to obtain qualified and/or qualifiable minority group persons and women. (The DOL has held that it shall be no excuse that the union with which the contractor has a collective bargaining agreement providing for exclusive referral failed to refer minority employees.) In the event the union referral practice prevents the contractor from meeting the obligations pursuant to Executive Order 11246, as amended, and these special provisions, such contractor shall immediately notify the SHA.

8. **Selection of Subcontractors, Procurement of Materials and Leasing of Equipment:** The contractor shall not discriminate on the grounds of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability in the selection and retention of subcontractors, including procurement of materials and leases of equipment.
- a. The contractor shall notify all potential subcontractors and suppliers of his/her EEO obligations under this contract.
  - b. Disadvantaged business enterprises (DBE), as defined in 49 CFR 23, shall have equal opportunity to compete for and perform subcontracts which the contractor enters into pursuant to this contract. The contractor will use his best efforts to solicit bids from and to utilize DBE subcontractors or subcontractors with meaningful minority group and female representation among their employees. Contractors shall obtain lists of DBE construction firms from SHA personnel.
  - c. The contractor will use his best efforts to ensure subcontractor compliance with their EEO obligations.
9. **Records and Reports:** The contractor shall keep such records as necessary to document compliance with the EEO requirements. Such records shall be retained for a period of three years following completion of the contract work and shall be available at reasonable times and places for inspection by authorized representatives of the SHA and the FHWA.
- a. The records kept by the contractor shall document the following:
    - (1) The number of minority and non-minority group members and women employed in each work classification on the project;
    - (2) The progress and efforts being made in cooperation with unions, when applicable, to increase employment opportunities for minorities and women;
    - (3) The progress and efforts being made in locating, hiring, training, qualifying, and upgrading minority and female employees; and
    - (4) The progress and efforts being made in securing the services of DBE subcontractors or subcontractors with meaningful minority and female representation among their employees.
  - b. The contractors will submit an annual report to the SHA each July for the duration of the project, indicating the number of minority, women, and non-minority group employees currently engaged in each work classification required by the contract work. This information is to be reported on Form FHWA-1391. If on-the-job training is being required by special provision, the contractor will be required to collect and report training data.

### III. NONSEGREGATED FACILITIES

(Applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts of \$10,000 or more.)

- a. By submission of this bid, the execution of this contract or subcontract, or the consummation of this material supply agreement or purchase order, as appropriate, the bidder, Federal-aid construction contractor, subcontractor, material supplier, or vendor, as appropriate, certifies that the firm does not maintain or provide for its employees any segregated facilities at any of its establishments, and that the firm does not permit its employees to perform their services at any location, under its control, where segregated facilities are maintained. The firm agrees that a breach of this certification is a violation of the EEO provisions of this contract. The firm further certifies that no employee will be denied access to adequate facilities on the basis of sex or disability.
- b. As used in this certification, the term "segregated facilities" means any waiting rooms, work areas, restrooms and washrooms, restaurants and other eating areas, time clocks, locker rooms, and other storage or dressing areas, parking lots, drinking fountains, recreation or entertainment areas, transportation, and housing facilities provided for employees which are segregated by explicit directive, or are, in fact, segregated on the basis of race, color, religion, national origin, age or disability, because of habit, local custom, or otherwise. The only exception will be for the disabled when the demands for accessibility override (e.g. disabled parking).



- c. The contractor agrees that it has obtained or will obtain identical certification from proposed subcontractors or material suppliers prior to award of subcontracts or consummation of material supply agreements of \$10,000 or more and that it will retain such certifications in its files.

#### **IV. PAYMENT OF PREDETERMINED MINIMUM WAGE**

(Applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts exceeding \$2,000 and to all related subcontracts, except for projects located on roadways classified as local roads or rural minor collectors, which are exempt.)

##### **1. General:**

- a. All mechanics and laborers employed or working upon the site of the work will be paid unconditionally and not less often than once a week and without subsequent deduction or rebate on any account [except such payroll deductions as are permitted by regulations (29 CFR 3)] issued by the Secretary of Labor under the Copeland Act (40 U.S.C. 276c) the full amounts of wages and bona fide fringe benefits (or cash equivalents thereof) due at time of payment. The payment shall be computed at wage rates not less than those contained in the wage determination of the Secretary of Labor (hereinafter "the wage determination") which is attached hereto and made a part hereof, regardless of any contractual relationship which may be alleged to exist between the contractor or its subcontractors and such laborers and mechanics. The wage determination (including any additional classifications and wage rates conformed under paragraph 2 of this Section IV and the DOL poster (WH-1321) or Form FHWA-1495) shall be posted at all times by the contractor and its subcontractors at the site of the work in a prominent and accessible place where it can be easily seen by the workers. For the purpose of this Section, contributions made or costs reasonably anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits under Section 1(b)(2) of the Davis-Bacon Act (40 U.S.C. 276a) on behalf of laborers or mechanics are considered wages paid to such laborers or mechanics, subject to the provisions of Section IV, paragraph 3b, hereof. Also, for the purpose of this Section, regular contributions made or costs incurred for more than a weekly period (but not less often than quarterly) under plans, funds, or programs, which cover the particular weekly period, are deemed to be constructively made or incurred during such weekly period. Such laborers and mechanics shall be paid the appropriate wage rate and fringe benefits on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed, without regard to skill, except as provided in paragraphs 4 and 5 of this Section IV.
- b. Laborers or mechanics performing work in more than one classification may be compensated at the rate specified for each classification for the time actually worked therein, provided, that the employer's payroll records accurately set forth the time spent in each classification in which work is performed.
- c. All rulings and interpretations of the Davis-Bacon Act and related acts contained in 29 CFR 1, 3, and 5 are herein incorporated by reference in this contract.

##### **2. Classification:**

- a. The SHA contracting officer shall require that any class of laborers or mechanics employed under the contract, which is not listed in the wage determination, shall be classified in conformance with the wage determination.
- b. The contracting officer shall approve an additional classification, wage rate and fringe benefits only when the following criteria have been met:
  - (1) the work to be performed by the additional classification requested is not performed by a classification in the wage determination;
  - (2) the additional classification is utilized in the area by the construction industry;
  - (3) the proposed wage rate, including any bona fide fringe benefits, bears a reasonable relationship to the wage rates contained in the wage determination; and
  - (4) with respect to helpers, when such a classification prevails in the area in which the work is performed.
- c. If the contractor or subcontractors, as appropriate, the laborers and mechanics (if known) to be employed in the additional classification or their representatives, and the contracting officer agree on the classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits where appropriate), a report of the action taken shall be sent by the contracting officer to the DOL, Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division, Employment Standards Administration, Washington, D.C. 20210. The Wage and Hour Administrator, or an authorized

representative, will approve, modify, or disapprove every additional classification action within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.

- d. In the event the contractor or subcontractors, as appropriate, the laborers or mechanics to be employed in the additional classification or their representatives, and the contracting officer do not agree on the proposed classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits, where appropriate), the contracting officer shall refer the questions, including the views of all interested parties and the recommendation of the contracting officer, to the Wage and Hour Administrator for determination. Said Administrator, or an authorized representative, will issue a determination within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary
- e. The wage rate (including fringe benefits where appropriate) determined pursuant to paragraph 2c or 2d of this Section IV shall be paid to all workers performing work in the additional classification from the first day on which work is performed in the classification.

### **3. Payment of Fringe Benefits:**

- a. Whenever the minimum wage rate prescribed in the contract for a class of laborers or mechanics includes a fringe benefit which is not expressed as an hourly rate, the contractor or subcontractors, as appropriate, shall either pay the benefit as stated in the wage determination or shall pay another bona fide fringe benefit or an hourly case equivalent thereof.
- b. If the contractor or subcontractor, as appropriate, does not make payments to a trustee or other third person, he/she may consider as a part of the wages of any laborer or mechanic the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing bona fide fringe benefits under a plan or program, provided, that the Secretary of Labor has found, upon the written request of the contractor, that the applicable standards of the Davis-Bacon Act have been met. The Secretary of Labor may require the contractor to set aside in a separate account assets for the meeting of obligations under the plan or program.

### **4. Apprentices and Trainees (Programs of the U.S. DOL) and Helpers:**

- a. Apprentices:
  - (1) Apprentices will be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work they performed when they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a bona fide apprenticeship program registered with the DOL, Employment and Training Administration, Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training, or with a State apprenticeship agency recognized by the Bureau, or if a person is employed in his/her first 90 days of probationary employment as an apprentice in such an apprenticeship program, who is not individually registered in the program, but who has been certified by the Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training or a State apprenticeship agency (where appropriate) to be eligible for probationary employment as an apprentice.
  - (2) The allowable ratio of apprentices to journeyman-level employees on the job site in any craft classification shall not be greater than the ratio permitted to the contractor as to the entire work force under the registered program. Any employee listed on a payroll at an apprentice wage rate, who is not registered or otherwise employed as stated above, shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate listed in the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any apprentice performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed. Where a contractor or subcontractor is performing construction on a project in a locality other than that in which its program is registered, the ratios and wage rates (expressed in percentages of the journeyman-level hourly rate) specified in the contractor's or subcontractor's registered program shall be observed.
  - (3) Every apprentice must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the registered program for the apprentice's level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeyman-level hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Apprentices shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the apprenticeship program. If the apprenticeship program does not specify fringe benefits, apprentices must be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination for the applicable classification. If the Administrator for the Wage and Hour Division determines that a different

practice prevails for the applicable apprentice classification, fringes shall be paid in accordance with that determination.

- (4) In the event the Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training, or a State apprenticeship agency recognized by the Bureau, withdraws approval of an apprenticeship program, the contractor or subcontractor will no longer be permitted to utilize apprentices at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the comparable work performed by regular employees until an acceptable program is approved.

b. Trainees:

- (1) Except as provided in 29 CFR 5.16, trainees will not be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work performed unless they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a program which has received prior approval, evidenced by formal certification by the DOL, Employment and Training Administration.
- (2) The ratio of trainees to journeyman-level employees on the job site shall not be greater than permitted under the plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration. Any employee listed on the payroll at a trainee rate who is not registered and participating in a training plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any trainee performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed.
- (3) Every trainee must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the approved program for his/her level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeyman-level hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Trainees shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the trainee program. If the trainee program does not mention fringe benefits, trainees shall be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination unless the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division determines that there is an apprenticeship program associated with the corresponding journeyman-level wage rate on the wage determination which provides for less than full fringe benefits for apprentices, in which case such trainees shall receive the same fringe benefits as apprentices.
- (4) In the event the Employment and Training Administration withdraws approval of a training program, the contractor or subcontractor will no longer be permitted to utilize trainees at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

c. Helpers:

Helpers will be permitted to work on a project if the helper classification is specified and defined on the applicable wage determination or is approved pursuant to the conformance procedure set forth in Section IV.2. Any worker listed on a payroll at a helper wage rate, who is not a helper under an approved definition, shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed.

**5. Apprentices and Trainees (Programs of the U.S. DOT):**

Apprentices and trainees working under apprenticeship and skill training programs which have been certified by the Secretary of Transportation as promoting EEO in connection with Federal-aid highway construction programs are not subject to the requirements of paragraph 4 of this Section IV. The straight time hourly wage rates for apprentices and trainees under such programs will be established by the particular programs. The ratio of apprentices and trainees to journeymen shall not be greater than permitted by the terms of the particular program.

**6. Withholding:**

The SHA shall upon its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the DOL withhold, or cause to be withheld, from the contractor or subcontractor under this contract or any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other Federally-assisted contract subject to Davis-Bacon prevailing wage requirements which is held by the same prime contractor, as much of the accrued payments or advances as may be considered necessary to pay laborers and mechanics, including apprentices, trainees, and helpers, employed by the contractor or any subcontractor the full amount of wages required by the contract. In the event of failure to pay any laborer or mechanic, including any apprentice, trainee, or helper, employed or working on the site of the work, all or

part of the wages required by the contract, the SHA contracting officer may, after written notice to the contractor, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds until such violations have ceased.

**7. Overtime Requirements:**

No contractor or subcontractor contracting for any part of the contract work which may require or involve the employment of laborers, mechanics, watchmen, or guards (including apprentices, trainees, and helpers described in paragraphs 4 and 5 above) shall require or permit any laborer, mechanic, watchman, or guard in any workweek in which he/she is employed on such work, to work in excess of 40 hours in such workweek unless such laborer, mechanic, watchman, or guard receives compensation at a rate not less than one-and-one-half times his/her basic rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of 40 hours in such workweek.

**8. Violation:**

**Liability for Unpaid Wages; Liquidated Damages:** In the event of any violation of the clause set forth in paragraph 7 above, the contractor and any subcontractor responsible thereof shall be liable to the affected employee for his/her unpaid wages. In addition, such contractor and subcontractor shall be liable to the United States (in the case of work done under contract for the District of Columbia or a territory, to such District or to such territory) for liquidated damages. Such liquidated damages shall be computed with respect to each individual laborer, mechanic, watchman, or guard employed in violation of the clause set forth in paragraph 7, in the sum of \$10 for each calendar day on which such employee was required or permitted to work in excess of the standard work week of 40 hours without payment of the overtime wages required by the clause set forth in paragraph 7.

**9. Withholding for Unpaid Wages and Liquidated Damages:**

The SHA shall upon its own action or upon written request of any authorized representative of the DOL withhold, or cause to be withheld, from any monies payable on account of work performed by the contractor or subcontractor under any such contract or any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other Federally-assisted contract subject to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act, which is held by the same prime contractor, such sums as may be determined to be necessary to satisfy any liabilities of such contractor or subcontractor for unpaid wages and liquidated damages as provided in the clause set forth in paragraph 8 above.

## **V. STATEMENTS AND PAYROLLS**

(Applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts exceeding \$2,000 and to all related subcontracts, except for projects located on roadways classified as local roads or rural collectors, which are exempt.)

**1. Compliance with Copeland Regulations (29 CFR 3):**

The contractor shall comply with the Copeland Regulations of the Secretary of Labor which are herein incorporated by reference.

**2. Payrolls and Payroll Records:**

- a. Payrolls and basic records relating thereto shall be maintained by the contractor and each subcontractor during the course of the work and preserved for a period of 3 years from the date of completion of the contract for all laborers, mechanics, apprentices, trainees, watchmen, helpers, and guards working at the site of the work.
- b. The payroll records shall contain the name, social security number, and address of each such employee; his or her correct classification; hourly rates of wages paid (including rates of contributions or costs anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits or cash equivalent thereof of the types described in Section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis Bacon Act); daily and weekly number of hours worked; deductions made; and actual wages paid. In addition, for Appalachian contracts, the payroll records shall contain a notation indicating whether the employee does, or does not, normally reside in the labor area as defined in Attachment A, paragraph 1. Whenever the Secretary of Labor, pursuant to Section IV, paragraph 3b, has found that the wages of any laborer or mechanic include the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing benefits under a plan or program described in Section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis Bacon Act, the contractor and each subcontractor shall maintain records which show that the commitment to provide such benefits is enforceable, that the plan or program is financially responsible, that the plan or program has been communicated in writing to the laborers or mechanics affected, and show the cost anticipated or the actual cost incurred in providing benefits. Contractors or subcontractors employing

apprentices or trainees under approved programs shall maintain written evidence of the registration of apprentices and trainees, and ratios and wage rates prescribed in the applicable programs.

- c. Each contractor and subcontractor shall furnish, each week in which any contract work is performed, to the SHA resident engineer a payroll of wages paid each of its employees (including apprentices, trainees, and helpers, described in Section IV, paragraphs 4 and 5, and watchmen and guards engaged on work during the preceding weekly payroll period). The payroll submitted shall set out accurately and completely all of the information required to be maintained under paragraph 2b of this Section V. This information may be submitted in any form desired. Optional Form WH-347 is available for this purpose and may be purchased from the Superintendent of Documents (Federal stock number 029-005-0014-1), U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402. The prime contractor is responsible for the submission of copies of payrolls by all subcontractors.
- d. Each payroll submitted shall be accompanied by a "Statement of Compliance," signed by the contractor or subcontractor or his/her agent who pays or supervises the payment of the persons employed under the contract and shall certify the following:
  - (1) that the payroll for the payroll period contains the information required to be maintained under paragraph 2b of this Section V and that such information is correct and complete;
  - (2) that such laborer or mechanic (including each helper, apprentice, and trainee) employed on the contract during the payroll period has been paid the full weekly wages earned, without rebate, either directly or indirectly, and that no deductions have been made either directly or indirectly from the full wages earned, other than permissible deductions as set forth in the Regulations, 29 CFR 3;
  - (3) that each laborer or mechanic has been paid not less than the applicable wage rate and fringe benefits or cash equivalent for the classification of work performed, as specified in the applicable wage determination incorporated into the contract.
- e. The weekly submission of a properly executed certification set forth on the reverse side of Optional Form WH-347 shall satisfy the requirement for submission of the "Statement of Compliance" required by paragraph 2d of this Section V.
- f. The falsification of any of the above certifications may subject the contractor to civil or criminal prosecution under 18 U.S.C. 1001 and 31 U.S.C. 231.
- g. The contractor or subcontractor shall make the records required under paragraph 2b of this Section V available for inspection, copying, or transcription by authorized representatives of the SHA, the FHWA, or the DOL, and shall permit such representatives to interview employees during working hours on the job. If the contractor or subcontractor fails to submit the required records or to make them available, the SHA, the FHWA, the DOL, or all may, after written notice to the contractor, sponsor, applicant, or owner, take such actions as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds. Furthermore, failure to submit the required records upon request or to make such records available may be grounds for debarment action pursuant to 29 CFR 5.12.

## **VI. RECORD OF MATERIALS, SUPPLIES, AND LABOR**

- 1. On all Federal-aid contracts on the National Highway System, except those which provide solely for the installation of protective devices at railroad grade crossings, those which are constructed on a force account or direct labor basis, highway beautification contracts, and contracts for which the total final construction cost for roadway and bridge is less than \$1,000,000 (23 CFR 635) the contractor shall:
  - a. Become familiar with the list of specific materials and supplies contained in Form FHWA-47, "Statement of Materials and Labor Used by Contractor of Highway Construction Involving Federal Funds," prior to the commencement of work under this contract.
  - b. Maintain a record of the total cost of all materials and supplies purchased for and incorporated in the work, and also of the quantities of those specific materials and supplies listed on Form FHWA-47, and in the units shown on Form FHWA-47.

- c. Furnish, upon the completion of the contract, to the SHA resident engineer on Form FHWA-47 together with the data required in paragraph 1b relative to materials and supplies, a final labor summary of all contract work indicating the total hours worked and the total amount earned.
2. At the prime contractor's option, either a single report covering all contract work or separate reports for the contractor and for each subcontract shall be submitted.

#### **VII. SUBLETTING OR ASSIGNING THE CONTRACT**

1. The contractor shall perform with its own organization contract work amounting to not less than 30 percent (or a greater percentage if specified elsewhere in the contract) of the total original contract price, excluding any specialty items designated by the State. Specialty items may be performed by subcontract and the amount of any such specialty items performed may be deducted from the total original contract price before computing the amount of work required to be performed by the contractor's own organization (23 CFR 635).
  - a. "Its own organization" shall be construed to include only workers employed and paid directly by the prime contractor and equipment owned or rented by the prime contractor, with or without operators. Such term does not include employees or equipment of a subcontractor, assignee, or agent of the prime contractor.
  - b. "Specialty Items" shall be construed to be limited to work that requires highly specialized knowledge, abilities, or equipment not ordinarily available in the type of contracting organizations qualified and expected to bid on the contract as a whole and in general are to be limited to minor components of the overall contract.
2. The contract amount upon which the requirements set forth in paragraph 1 of Section VII is computed includes the cost of material and manufactured products which are to be purchased or produced by the contractor under the contract provisions.
3. The contractor shall furnish (a) a competent superintendent or supervisor who is employed by the firm, has full authority to direct performance of the work in accordance with the contract requirements, and is in charge of all construction operations (regardless of who performs the work) and (b) such other of its own organizational resources (supervision, management, and engineering services) as the SHA contracting officer determines is necessary to assure the performance of the contract.
4. No portion of the contract shall be sublet, assigned or otherwise disposed of except with the written consent of the SHA contracting officer, or authorized representative, and such consent when given shall not be construed to relieve the contractor of any responsibility for the fulfillment of the contract. Written consent will be given only after the SHA has assured that each subcontract is evidenced in writing and that it contains all pertinent provisions and requirements of the prime contract.

#### **VIII. SAFETY: ACCIDENT PREVENTION**

1. In the performance of this contract the contractor shall comply with all applicable Federal, State, and local laws governing safety, health, and sanitation (23 CFR 635). The contractor shall provide all safeguards, safety devices and protective equipment and take any other needed actions as it determines, or as the SHA contracting officer may determine, to be reasonably necessary to protect the life and health of employees on the job and the safety of the public and to protect property in connection with the performance of the work covered by the contract.
2. It is a condition of this contract, and shall be made a condition of each subcontract, which the contractor enters into pursuant to this contract, that the contractor and any subcontractor shall not permit any employee, in performance of the contract, to work in surroundings or under conditions which are unsanitary, hazardous or dangerous to his/her health or safety, as determined under construction safety and health standards (29 CFR 1926) promulgated by the Secretary of Labor, in accordance with Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. 333).
3. Pursuant to 29 CFR 1926.3, it is a condition of this contract that the Secretary of Labor or authorized representative thereof, shall have right of entry to any site of contract performance to inspect or investigate the matter of compliance with the construction safety and health standards and to carry out the duties of the Secretary under Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. 333).

## **IX. FALSE STATEMENTS CONCERNING HIGHWAY PROJECTS**

In order to assure high quality and durable construction in conformity with approved plans and specifications and a high degree of reliability on statements and representations made by engineers, contractors, suppliers, and workers on Federal-aid highway projects, it is essential that all persons concerned with the project perform their functions as carefully, thoroughly, and honestly as possible. Willful falsification, distortion, or misrepresentation with respect to any facts related to the project is a violation of Federal law. To prevent any misunderstanding regarding the seriousness of these and similar acts, the following notice shall be posted on each Federal-aid highway project (23 CFR 635) in one or more places where it is readily available to all persons concerned with the project:

### **Notice To All Personnel Engaged On Federal-Aid Highway Projects**

18 U.S.C. 1020 READS AS FOLLOWS:

"Whoever being an officer, agent, or employee of the United States, or any State or Territory, or whoever, whether a person, association, firm, or corporation, knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, or false report as to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of the material used or to be used, or the quantity or quality of the work performed or to be performed, or the cost thereof in connection with the submission of plans, maps, specifications, contracts, or costs of construction on any highway or related project submitted for approval to the Secretary of Transportation; or

Whoever knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, false report or false claim with respect to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of any work performed or to be performed, or materials furnished or to be furnished, in connection with the construction of any highway or related project approved by the Secretary of Transportation; or

Whoever knowingly makes any false statement or false representation as to material fact in any statement, certificate, or report submitted pursuant to provisions of the Federal-aid Roads Act approved July 1, 1916, (39 Stat. 355), as amended and supplemented;

Shall be fined not more than \$10,000 or imprisoned not more than 5 years or both."

## **X. IMPLEMENTATION OF CLEAN AIR ACT AND FEDERAL WATER POLLUTION CONTROL ACT**

(Applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts of \$100,000 or more.)

By submission of this bid or the execution of this contract, or subcontract, as appropriate, the bidder, Federal-aid construction contractor, or subcontractor, as appropriate, will be deemed to have stipulated as follows:

1. That any facility that is or will be utilized in the performance of this contract, unless such contract is exempt under the Clean Air Act, as amended (42 U.S.C. 1857 et seq., as amended by Pub.L. 91-604), and under the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as amended (33 U.S.C. 1251 et seq., as amended by Pub.L. 92-500), Executive Order 11738, and regulations in implementation thereof (40 CFR 15) is not listed, on the date of contract award, on the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) List of Violating Facilities pursuant to 40 CFR 15.20.
2. That the firm agrees to comply and remain in compliance with all the requirements of Section 114 of the Clean Air Act and Section 308 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act and all regulations and guidelines listed thereunder.
3. That the firm shall promptly notify the SHA of the receipt of any communication from the Director, Office of Federal Activities, EPA, indicating that a facility that is or will be utilized for the contract is under consideration to be listed on the EPA List of Violating Facilities.
4. That the firm agrees to include or cause to be included the requirements of paragraph 1 through 4 of this Section X in every nonexempt subcontract, and further agrees to take such action as the government may direct as a means of enforcing such requirements.

## **XI. CERTIFICATION REGARDING DEBARMENT, SUSPENSION, INELIGIBILITY AND VOLUNTARY EXCLUSION**

### **1. Instructions for Certification - Primary Covered Transactions:**

(Applicable to all Federal-aid contracts - 49 CFR 29)

- a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective primary participant is providing the certification set out below.
- b. The inability of a person to provide the certification set out below will not necessarily result in denial of participation in this covered transaction. The prospective participant shall submit an explanation of why it cannot provide the certification set out below. The certification or explanation will be considered in connection with the department or agency's determination whether to enter into this transaction. However, failure of the prospective primary participant to furnish a certification or an explanation shall disqualify such a person from participation in this transaction.
- c. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when the department or agency determined to enter into this transaction. If it is later determined that the prospective primary participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency may terminate this transaction for cause of default.
- d. The prospective primary participant shall provide immediate written notice to the department or agency to whom this proposal is submitted if any time the prospective primary participant learns that its certification was erroneous when submitted or has become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.
- e. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible," "lower tier covered transaction," "participant," "person," "primary covered transaction," "principal," "proposal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, have the meanings set out in the Definitions and Coverage sections of rules implementing Executive Order 12549. You may contact the department or agency to which this proposal is submitted for assistance in obtaining a copy of those regulations.
- f. The prospective primary participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency entering into this transaction.
- g. The prospective primary participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include the clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transaction," provided by the department or agency entering into this covered transaction, without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions.
- h. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant may decide the method and frequency by which it determines the eligibility of its principals. Each participant may, but is not required to, check the nonprocurement portion of the "Lists of Parties Excluded From Federal Procurement or Nonprocurement Programs" (Nonprocurement List) which is compiled by the General Services Administration.
- i. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.
- j. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph f of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency may terminate this transaction for cause or default.

**Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion — Primary Covered Transactions**

1. The prospective primary participant certifies to the best of its knowledge and belief, that it and its principals:



- a. Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from covered transactions by any Federal department or agency;
  - b. Have not within a 3-year period preceding this proposal been convicted of or had a civil judgement rendered against them for commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, State or local) transaction or contract under a public transaction; violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, or receiving stolen property;
  - c. Are not presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity (Federal, State or local) with commission of any of the offenses enumerated in paragraph 1b of this certification; and
  - d. Have not within a 3-year period preceding this application/proposal had one or more public transactions (Federal, State or local) terminated for cause or default.
2. Where the prospective primary participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant shall attach an explanation to this proposal.

## **2. Instructions for Certification - Lower Tier Covered Transactions:**

(Applicable to all subcontracts, purchase orders and other lower tier transactions of \$25,000 or more - 49 CFR 29)

- a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective lower tier is providing the certification set out below.
- b. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was entered into. If it is later determined that the prospective lower tier participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.
- c. The prospective lower tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the person to which this proposal is submitted if at any time the prospective lower tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.
- d. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible," "primary covered transaction," "participant," "person," "principal," "proposal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, have the meanings set out in the Definitions and Coverage sections of rules implementing Executive Order 12549. You may contact the person to which this proposal is submitted for assistance in obtaining a copy of those regulations.
- e. The prospective lower tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency with which this transaction originated.
- f. The prospective lower tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include this clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transaction," without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions.
- g. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant may decide the method and frequency by which it determines the eligibility of its principals. Each participant may, but is not required to, check the Nonprocurement List.
- h. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of participant is

not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.

- i. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph e of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.

#### **Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion — Lower Tier Covered Transactions**

1. The prospective lower tier participant certifies, by submission of this proposal, that neither it nor its principals is presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction by any Federal department or agency.
2. Where the prospective lower tier participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant shall attach an explanation to this proposal.

#### **XII. CERTIFICATION REGARDING USE OF CONTRACT FUNDS FOR LOBBYING**

(Applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts which exceed \$100,000 - 49 CFR 20)

1. The prospective participant certifies, by signing and submitting this bid or proposal, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, that:
  - a. No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of the undersigned, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.
  - b. If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement, the undersigned shall complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying," in accordance with its instructions.
2. This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into. Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by 31 U.S.C. 1352. Any person who fails to file the required certification shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each such failure.
3. The prospective participant also agrees by submitting his or her bid or proposal that he or she shall require that the language of this certification be included in all lower tier subcontracts, which exceed \$100,000 and that all such recipients shall certify and disclose accordingly.

## FEDERAL-AID FEMALE AND MINORITY GOALS

In accordance with Section II, "Nondiscrimination," of "Required Contract Provisions Federal-aid Construction Contracts" the following are the goals for female utilization:

Goal for Women (applies nationwide).....(percent)	6.9
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The following are goals for minority utilization:

### CALIFORNIA ECONOMIC AREA

		<b>Goal (Percent)</b>
<b>174</b>	<b>Redding, CA:</b>	
	Non-SMSA Counties	6.8
	CA Lassen; CA Modoc; CA Plumas; CA Shasta; CA Siskiyou; CA Tehama.	
<b>175</b>	<b>Eureka, CA</b>	
	Non-SMSA Counties	6.6
	CA Del Norte; CA Humboldt; CA Trinity.	
<b>176</b>	<b>San Francisco-Oakland-San Jose, CA:</b>	
	SMSA Counties:	
	7120 Salinas-Seaside-Monterey, CA	28.9
	CA Monterey.	
	7360 San Francisco-Oakland	25.6
	CA Alameda; CA Contra Costa; CA Marin; CA San Francisco; CA San Mateo.	
	7400 San Jose, CA	19.6
	CA Santa Clara.	
	7485 Santa Cruz, CA.	14.9
	CA Santa Cruz.	
	7500 Santa Rosa, CA	9.1
	CA Sonoma.	
	8720 Vallejo-Fairfield- Napa, CA	17.1
	CA Napa; CA Solano	
	Non-SMSA Counties	23.2
	CA Lake; CA Mendocino; CA San Benito	
<b>177</b>	<b>Sacramento, CA:</b>	
	SMSA Counties:	
	6920 Sacramento, CA	16.1
	CA Placer; CA Sacramento; CA Yolo.	
	Non-SMSA Counties	14.3
	CA Butte; CA Colusa; CA El Dorado; CA Glenn; CA Nevada; CA Sierra; CA Sutter; CA Yuba.	
<b>178</b>	<b>Stockton-Modesto, CA:</b>	
	SMSA Counties:	
	5170 Modesto, CA	12.3
	CA Stanislaus.	
	8120 Stockton, CA	24.3
	CA San Joaquin.	
	Non-SMSA Counties	19.8
	CA Alpine; CA Amador; CA Calaveras; CA Mariposa; CA Merced; CA Tuolumne.	

		<b>Goal (Percent)</b>
<b>179</b>	<b>Fresno-Bakersfield, CA</b>	
	SMSA Counties:	
	0680 Bakersfield, CA	19.1
	CA Kern.	
	2840 Fresno, CA	26.1
	CA Fresno.	
	Non-SMSA Counties	23.6
	CA Kings; CA Madera; CA Tulare.	
<b>180</b>	<b>Los Angeles, CA:</b>	
	SMSA Counties:	
	0360 Anaheim-Santa Ana-Garden Grove, CA	11.9
	CA Orange.	
	4480 Los Angeles-Long Beach, CA	28.3
	CA Los Angeles.	
	6000 Oxnard-Simi Valley-Ventura, CA	21.5
	CA Ventura.	
	6780 Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario, CA.	19.0
	CA Riverside; CA San Bernardino.	
	7480 Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc, CA	19.7
	CA Santa Barbara.	
	Non-SMSA Counties	24.6
	CA Inyo; CA Mono; CA San Luis Obispo.	
<b>181</b>	<b>San Diego, CA:</b>	
	SMSA Counties	
	7320 San Diego, CA.	16.9
	CA San Diego.	
	Non-SMSA Counties	18.2
	CA Imperial.	

In addition to the reporting requirements set forth elsewhere in this contract the Contractor and subcontractors holding subcontracts, not including material suppliers, of \$10,000 or more, shall submit for every month of July during which work is performed, employment data as contained under Form FHWA PR-1391 (Appendix C to 23 CFR, Part 230), and in accordance with the instructions included thereon.